

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the GHS guidelines & India Hazardous substances (Classification, Labeling & Packaging) Draft Rules 2011.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Perfect-ItTM Random Orbital Compound, 34130, 34131, 34132

Product Identification Numbers

60-4551-1436-7 60-4551-1436-7

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive.

1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M India Limited, plot-48-51, Electronic city, Hosur road, Bangalore-560100

Telephone: 080-45543000, contact Product EHS team

E Mail: productehs.in@mmm.com
Website: http://solutions.3mindia.co.in

1.4. Emergency telephone number

080-45543000 (Contact hours: 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Under MSIHC Rules, information is noted below on flammability, acute toxicity and explosivity relevant to this product. In line with international standards, information on other hazard classes and associated precautionary statements relevant to this product are included as well.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 3.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3. Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3.

2.2. Label elements

Signal Word

Warning

Symbols

Exclamation mark |

Pictograms



HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Response:

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

Aspiration does not apply - viscosity Aspiration hazard classification does not apply due to the kinematic viscosity of the product. Aspiration classification does not apply due to the viscosity of the product.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Wt
Water	7732-18-5	45 - 70
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	64742-48-9	10 - 30
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	1344-28-1	7 - 13
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	3 - 7
Glycerin	56-81-5	1 - 5
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	1 - 5
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	1 - 5
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	0.5 - 1.5

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eve contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable Extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use PPE - Exposure Assessment Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible.

Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the

substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of nitrile rubber are recommended. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	White
Odor	Moderate Acidic
Odour threshold	No data available.
pH	8.2 - 8.7
Melting point/Freezing point: NA	No data available.
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	No data available.
Flash point	No flash point
Evaporation rate	No data available.
Flammability	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.
Vapour pressure	No data available.
Relative Vapor Density	No data available.
Density	1 kg/l
Relative density	1.01 [Ref Std:WATER=1]
Water solubility	No data available.
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Kinematic Viscosity	No data available.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	17 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]
Percent volatile	No data available.
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	515 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	Not applicable.

Particle Characteristics	Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

3M[™] Perfect-It[™] Random Orbital Compound, 34130, 34131, 34132

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Not determined

10.5 Incompatible materials

Not determined

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Dust from cutting, grinding, sanding or machining may cause irritation of the respiratory system: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Dust created by cutting, grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or

the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Dermal	similar compoun ds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation- Vapor	Professio nal judgeme nt	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	similar compoun ds	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerin	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Plant Oil	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000
Plant Oil	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 9,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Irritant
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Glycerin	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Plant Oil	Human	Minimal irritation
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Glycerin	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Plant Oil	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Triethanolamine	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Sensitization:

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Glycerin	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Plant Oil	Human	Not classified
Triethanolamine	Human	Not classified

Respiratory SensitisationFor the components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Plant Oil	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Plant Oil	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Triethanolamine	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Glycerin	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Triethanolamine	Dermal	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation

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Glycerin	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL	2 generation
				2,000	
				mg/kg/day	
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL	2 generation
		_		2,000	
				mg/kg/day	
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL	2 generation
				2,000	
				mg/kg/day	
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL	during
		_		1,125	organogenesis
				mg/kg/day	

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 2.6 mg/l	13 weeks
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Inhalation	heart liver endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles nervous system eyes respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10.4 mg/l	13 weeks
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles nervous system eyes respiratory system vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Aluminum Oxide (non- fibrous)	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
White mineral oil	Ingestion	hematopoietic	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 days

(petroleum)		system			1,381 mg/kg/day	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	liver immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Glycerin	Inhalation	respiratory system heart liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerin	Ingestion	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Plant Oil	Ingestion	heart hematopoietic system liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,800 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Plant Oil	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 13,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Triethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Triethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	24 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	Aspiration hazard
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 3: Harmful to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Nbr	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Hydrotreated	64742-48-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Heavy Naphtha						

(Petroleum)						
Hydrotreated	64742-48-9	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>1,000 mg/l
Heavy Naphtha						1,000 11.00
(Petroleum)						
Hydrotreated	64742-48-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Heavy Naphtha						
(Petroleum)						
Hydrotreated	64742-48-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEL	>1,000 mg/l
Heavy Naphtha						
(Petroleum)						
Hydrotreated	64742-48-9	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEL	<1 mg/l
Heavy Naphtha						
(Petroleum) Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	N/A	E	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
(non-fibrous)	1344-28-1	IN/A	Experimental	96 nours	LC30	>100 mg/1
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
(non-fibrous)	1344-26-1	Officen aigac	Experimental	72 Hours	ECSO	- 100 mg/1
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
(non-fibrous)	1311 20 1	, vater freu	Experimental	10 Hours	Less	100 mg/1
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	>100 mg/l
(non-fibrous)			1			
Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	1 mg/l
Petroleum						
Distillates						
Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	2 mg/l
Petroleum						
Distillates						
Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	1.4 mg/l
Petroleum						
Distillates	64742-47-8	C1	E-timet-d	72 hours	NOEL	1/1
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum	64/42-4/-8	Green algae	Estimated	/2 nours	NOEL	1 mg/l
Distillates						
Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	0.48 mg/l
Petroleum	01712 17 0	, vater freu	Estimated	21 days	ITOLL	0. 10 mg/1
Distillates						
Glycerin	56-81-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,000 mg/l
Glycerin	56-81-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,955 mg/l
Glycerin	56-81-5	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	Zebra Fish	Analogous	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
			Compound			
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	Bacteria	Analogous	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
			Compound			
White mineral oil	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous	48 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
(petroleum)			Compound			
White mineral oil	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
(petroleum)	00.40.45.5	ļ	1	72.1	NORY	100 7
White mineral oil	8042-47-5	Green algae	Analogous	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l
(petroleum)	0042 47 5	XXI 4 CI	Compound	21 1	NOET	. 100 //
White mineral oil	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	>100 mg/l
(petroleum) Triethanolamine	102-71-6	A ativated aluda -	Experimental Experimental	2 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
Triethanolamine Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Activated sludge Fathead minnow	Experimental	3 hours 96 hours	LC50	11,800 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	512 mg/l
Triethanolamine		Water flea	 	+	EC50	609.98 mg/l
Triethanolamine	102-71-6 102-71-6	Green algae	Experimental Experimental	48 hours 72 hours	ErC10	26 mg/l
		+	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	-
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Water flea	плиренинения	21 days	INUEC	16 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Hydrotreated	64742-48-9	Experimental	28 days	BOD	31.3 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric

Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)		Biodegradation				respirometry
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	1344-28-1	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerin	56-81-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	63 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	Analogous Compound Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	64 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental Biodegradation	19 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	96 %removal of DOC	similar to OECD 301E

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Hydrotreated Heavy Naphtha (Petroleum)	64742-48-9	Estimated Bioconcentration		Log Kow	>4	
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	1344-28-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerin	56-81-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-1.75	similar to OECD 107
Plant Oil	Trade Secret	Modeled Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	7	Catalogic™
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	Experimental BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<3.9	similar to OECD 305

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other Adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Not hazardous for transportation.

Air Transport (IATA)Regulations

UN No Not applicable

Proper Shipping Name Not applicable Hazard Classs/Division Not applicable

Subsidiary Risk Not applicable **Packing Group:** Not applicable

Marine Transport (IMDG)

UN No Not applicable

Proper Shipping Name Not applicable Hazard Classs/Division Not applicable Subsidiary Risk Not applicable Packing Group: Not applicable

Environmental Hazards: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Applicable Environmental, Health and Safety Regulations

The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989

The following ingredients are listed as hazardous on Part II of Schedule I of the India Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) rules

None.

The following ingredients are classified as hazardous based on the criteria listed under Part I of Schedule I of the India Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) rules:

The product is classified as Non-hazardous as per MSIHC Rules, 1989.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Revision information:

No revision information

DISCLAIMER: The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this SDS or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own evaluation to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into India, you are responsible to

3M™ Perfect-It™ Random Orbital Compound, 34130, 34131, 3413	2MTM Dowfoot LtTM Dondom Oubital Company 34120 34121 3413
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comply with all applicable regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration/notification.

3M India SDSs are available at http://solutions.3mindia.co.in