# Safety Data Sheet

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## SECTION 1: Identification

**1.1. Product identifier**
Whole Car Air Re-Fresher Dubai Sands Scent G2624 [G262402]

**1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use**

**Recommended use**
Custom Compound

**1.3. Supplier's details**

| | |
|---|---|
| **MANUFACTURER:** | Meguiar's, Inc. |
| **DIVISION:** | Meguiar's |
| **ADDRESS:** | 213 Technology Dr, Irvine, CA 92618 |
| **Telephone:** | 1-800-347-5700 |

**1.4. Emergency telephone number**
CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

## SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

**2.1. Hazard classification**
Aerosol Category 1
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.
Simple Asphyxiants: Category 1.

**2.2. Label elements**

**Signal word**
Danger

**Symbols**
Flame |Exclamation mark |Health Hazard |

**Pictograms**



**Hazard Statements**
Extremely flammable aerosol.
Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

Causes serious eye irritation.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
Causes damage to organs: cardiovascular system.

**Precautionary statements**
**General:**
Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention:**
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Do not breathe spray.
Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

**Response:**
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

**Storage:**
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 122°F (50°C).

**Disposal:**
Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

**Notes to Physician:**

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

**Supplemental Information:**
Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt |
|---|---|---|
| BUTANE | 106-97-8 | 10 - 30 |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 5 - 10 Trade Secret * |
| PROPANE | 74-98-6 | 3 - 7 Trade Secret * |
| Ethyl Alcohol | 64-17-5 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | 65405-77-8 | < 0.4 |

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

**Inhalation:**
Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:**
Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:**
Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:**
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness). Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required**
Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

**5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**
Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

**Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

| Substance | Condition |
|---|---|
| Carbon monoxide | During Combustion |
| Carbon dioxide | During Combustion |

**5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and

prevent explosive rupture.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**
If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**
Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities**
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**8.1. Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|---|---|---|---|---|

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Natural gas | 106-97-8 | ACGIH | Limit value not established: | simple asphyxiant |
| Ethyl Alcohol | 64-17-5 | ACGIH | STEL:1000 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal carcin. |
| Ethyl Alcohol | 64-17-5 | OSHA | TWA:1900 mg/m3(1000 ppm) | |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | ACGIH | TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | OSHA | TWA:2400 mg/m3(1000 ppm) | |
| PROPANE | 74-98-6 | ACGIH | Limit value not established: | simple asphyxiant |
| PROPANE | 74-98-6 | OSHA | TWA:1800 mg/m3(1000 ppm) | |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

**8.2. Exposure controls**

**8.2.1. Engineering controls**
Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

**8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)**

**Eye/face protection**

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Indirect Vented Goggles

**Skin/hand protection**
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

**Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors
Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator
Organic vapor cartridges may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

| | |
|---|---|
| **Physical state** | Liquid |

| | |
|---|---|
| **Specific Physical Form:** | Aerosol |
| **Color** | Colorless |
| **Odor** | Cologne |
| **Odor threshold** | *No Data Available* |
| **pH** | *Not Applicable* |
| **Melting point** | *No Data Available* |
| **Boiling Point** | *No Data Available* |
| **Flash Point** | -20 ºC |
| **Evaporation rate** | *No Data Available* |
| **Flammability** | Flammable Aerosol: Category 1. |
| **Flammable Limits(LEL)** | *No Data Available* |
| **Flammable Limits(UEL)** | *No Data Available* |
| **Vapor Pressure** | *No Data Available* |
| **Relative Vapor Density** | *No Data Available* |
| **Density** | 0.76 g/ml |
| **Relative Density** | 0.75 - 0.79 |
| **Solubility in Water** | Slight (less than 10%) |
| **Solubility- non-water** | Slight (less than 10%) |
| **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** | *No Data Available* |
| **Autoignition temperature** | *No Data Available* |
| **Decomposition temperature** | *No Data Available* |
| **Kinematic Viscosity** | 0.65 mm2/sec |
| **VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** | 24.3 % |
| **Particle Characteristics** | *Not Applicable* |

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1. Reactivity**
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

**10.2. Chemical stability**
Stable.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**
Sparks and/or flames

**10.5. Incompatible materials**
None known.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

| **Substance** | **Condition** |
|---|---|
| None known. | |

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be**

**reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.**

**11.1. Information on Toxicological effects**

**Signs and Symptoms of Exposure**

**Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:**

**Inhalation:**
Simple Asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Skin Contact:**
Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced) in sensitive people: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

**Eye Contact:**
Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

**Ingestion:**
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Additional Health Effects:**

**Single exposure may cause target organ effects:**
Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

**Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:**
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**Additional Information:**

This product contains ethanol. Alcoholic beverages and ethanol in alcoholic beverages have been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as carcinogenic to humans. There are also data associating human consumption of alcoholic beverages with developmental toxicity and liver toxicity. Exposure to ethanol during the foreseeable use of this product is not expected to cause cancer, developmental toxicity, or liver toxicity.

**Toxicological Data**
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---|---|---|---|
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| BUTANE | Inhalation-Gas (4 | Rat | LC50 277,000 ppm |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | hours) | | |
| Acetone | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg |
| Acetone | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 76 mg/l |
| Acetone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,800 mg/kg |
| PROPANE | Inhalation-Gas (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 200,000 ppm |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 15,800 mg/kg |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 124.7 mg/l |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 17,800 mg/kg |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,000 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|---|---|
| BUTANE | Professional judgement | No significant irritation |
| Acetone | Mouse | Minimal irritation |
| PROPANE | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|---|---|
| BUTANE | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Acetone | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| PROPANE | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | similar compounds | No significant irritation |

**Skin Sensitization**

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|---|---|
| Ethyl Alcohol | Human | Not classified |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

**Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

| Name | Route | Value |
|---|---|---|
| BUTANE | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Acetone | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Acetone | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| PROPANE | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Ethyl Alcohol | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Ethyl Alcohol | In vivo | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |

### Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---|---|---|---|
| Acetone | Not Specified | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Multiple animal species | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

### Reproductive Toxicity

### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Acetone | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 5.2 mg/l | during organogenesis |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 38 mg/l | during gestation |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 5,200 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | Toxic to male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day | during gestation |

### Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| BUTANE | Inhalation | cardiac sensitization | Causes damage to organs | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| BUTANE | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| BUTANE | Inhalation | heart | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 5,000 ppm | 25 minutes |
| BUTANE | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Not classified | Rabbit | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l | 6 hours |
| Acetone | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available | |
| Acetone | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| PROPANE | Inhalation | cardiac sensitization | Causes damage to organs | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| PROPANE | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | |
| PROPANE | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human | LOAEL 9.4 mg/l | not available |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | Not classified | Human and animal | NOAEL not available | |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL not available | |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg | |

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| BUTANE | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 4,489 ppm | 90 days |
| BUTANE | Inhalation | blood | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 4,489 ppm | 90 days |
| Acetone | Dermal | eyes | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available | 3 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 3 mg/l | 6 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l | 6 days |
| Acetone | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL 119 mg/l | not available |
| Acetone | Inhalation | heart | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 45 mg/l | 8 weeks |
| Acetone | Inhalation | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 45 mg/l | 8 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | heart | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day | 14 days |
| Acetone | Ingestion | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | skin | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Acetone | Ingestion | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rabbit | LOAEL 124 mg/l | 365 days |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 25 mg/l | 14 days |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Inhalation | immune system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 25 mg/l | 14 days |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | liver | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 8,000 mg/kg/day | 4 months |
| Ethyl Alcohol | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 3,000 | 7 days |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | mg/kg/day | |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | endocrine system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | heart | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | skin | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | gastrointestinal tract | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | immune system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | eyes | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Benzoic acid, 2-hydroxy-, 3-hexenyl ester, (Z)- | Ingestion | vascular system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |

**Aspiration Hazard**
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.**

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**13.1. Disposal methods**
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

# SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

**EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**

| **Physical Hazards** |
|---|
| Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) |

| **Health Hazards** |
|---|
| Reproductive toxicity |
| Serious eye damage or eye irritation |
| Simple Asphyxiant |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) |

## 15.2. State Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

## 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact manufacturer for more information

## 15.4. International Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

**This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.**

# SECTION 16: Other information

**NFPA Hazard Classification**
**Health:** 2 **Flammability:** 4 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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|---|---|---|---|
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