



## Safety Data Sheet

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### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Machine Polish, PN 05986, 05996, 39009, 39809

#### Product Identification Numbers

ID Number                      UPC  
LB-K100-1975-4

ID Number                      UPC  
60-4550-6926-4

60-4550-6928-0

60-4550-6937-1

4000011618, 7100067907, 7100067123

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Automotive, Automotive Polish

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

**MANUFACTURER:** 3M  
**DIVISION:** Automotive Aftermarket  
**ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA  
**Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.  
Carcinogenicity: Category 2.  
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2.

#### 2.2. Label elements

**Signal word**

Warning

### Symbols

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

### Pictograms



### Hazard Statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Precautionary statements

#### General:

Keep out of reach of children.

#### Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing dust.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves.

#### Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

#### Storage:

Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

22% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Water	7732-18-5	60 - 100
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	64742-14-9	7 - 13 Trade Secret *
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	1344-28-1	5 - 10
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	< 10
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	540-97-6	< 10
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	64742-47-8	3 - 7 Trade Secret *

Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	1 - 5
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	< 1
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	<= 0.1
1,2-BENZISOTHAZOLIN-3-ONE	2634-33-5	< 0.037

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye Contact:

If exposed, flush eyes with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

#### Substance

Hydrocarbons  
Formaldehyde  
Carbon monoxide  
Carbon dioxide

#### Condition

During Combustion  
During Combustion  
During Combustion  
During Combustion

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities**

Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

<b>Ingredient</b>	<b>C.A.S. No.</b>	<b>Agency</b>	<b>Limit type</b>	<b>Additional Comments</b>
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction and vapor):1 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.,Danger of cutaneous absorption
Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds, respirable fraction	1344-28-1	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):1 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	1344-28-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	AIHA	TWA:10 ppm	
Mineral oil, excluding metal	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5	A4: Not class. as human

working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction			mg/m3	carcin
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
OIL MIST (MINERAL)	8042-47-5	OSHA	TWA(as mist):5 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

For prolonged or repeated contact, gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended (breakthrough times are >4 hours): Nitrile Rubber

Any glove recommended for prolonged/repeated contact is also suitable for short-term/splash contact.

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	Liquid
Color	Gray
Odor	Slight Solvent
Odor threshold	No Data Available
pH	7.5 - 8.5
Melting point/Freezing point	No Data Available
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	100 °C
Flash Point	>=93.3 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	No Data Available
Flammability	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available
Vapor Pressure	2,399.8 Pa
Relative Vapor Density	No Data Available
Density	0.958 - 1.006 g/ml
Relative Density	0.958 - 1.006 [Ref Std:WATER=1]
Water solubility	No Data Available
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Kinematic Viscosity	16,293 mm <sup>2</sup> /sec
Volatile Organic Compounds	14.7 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]
Percent volatile	81.6 % weight
VOC Less H <sub>2</sub> O & Exempt Solvents	453 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	No Data Available

Particle Characteristics	Not Applicable
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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1. Reactivity**

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Light

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products****Substance**

None known.

**Condition**

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

##### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

##### Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

##### Eye Contact:

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

##### Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Additional Health Effects:

##### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

##### Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

<b><u>Ingredient</u></b>	<b><u>CAS No.</u></b>	<b><u>Class Description</u></b>	<b><u>Regulation</u></b>
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

#### Additional Information:

The reaction of secondary and tertiary amines with nitrites in the acidic medium of the stomach may form nitrosamines. Some nitrosamines are considered to be carcinogenic.

#### Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Acute Toxicity

<b><u>Name</u></b>	<b><u>Route</u></b>	<b><u>Species</u></b>	<b><u>Value</u></b>
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Overall product	Inhalation-Dust/Mist(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >12.5 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 8.7 mg/l
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.72 mg/l
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.07 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Ingestion	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Diethanolamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 8,180 mg/kg
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,410 mg/kg
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.21 mg/l
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 450 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	similar compounds	Mild irritant
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	similar compounds	Mild irritant
Kaolin, calcined	Rabbit	No significant irritation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Diethanolamine	Rabbit	Irritant
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Human	Irritant



**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	similar compounds	No significant irritation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	similar compounds	No significant irritation
Kaolin, calcined	Rabbit	No significant irritation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Diethanolamine	Rabbit	Corrosive
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Rabbit	Corrosive

**Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Mouse	Not classified
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	similar compounds	Not classified
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Guinea pig	Not classified
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	similar compounds	Not classified
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Guinea pig	Not classified
Diethanolamine	Human and animal	Not classified
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Human	Sensitizing

**Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name	Route	Value
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Diethanolamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

**Carcinogenicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic

Diethanolamine	Dermal	Mouse	Carcinogenic
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## Reproductive Toxicity

### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.43 mg/l	2 generation
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.43 mg/l	2 generation
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during gestation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 128 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Diethanolamine	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 0.05 mg/l	during organogenesis
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/kg/day	1 generation
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 112 mg/kg/day	2 generation
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 112 mg/kg/day	2 generation
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 112 mg/kg/day	2 generation

## Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL not available	
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL not available	
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg	

Diethanolamine	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 200 mg/kg	not applicable
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	not applicable
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Dermal	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	28 days
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	28 days
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.42 mg/l	2 years
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.42 mg/l	2 years
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.42 mg/l	2 years
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.42 mg/l	2 years
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.42 mg/l	2 years
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	90 days
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6 mg/l	13 weeks
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.5 mg/l	13 weeks
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6 mg/l	13 weeks
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.546 mg/l	90 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.018 mg/l	90 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.546 mg/l	90 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.546 mg/l	90 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Dodecamethylcyclohexasil oxane	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6 mg/l	13 weeks
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.5 mg/l	13 weeks
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6 mg/l	13 weeks
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Kaolin, calcined	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days

Diethanolamine	Dermal	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 63 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Dermal	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 0.015 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Inhalation	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 57 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks

Diethanolamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Diethanolamine	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 240 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 322 mg/kg/day	90 days
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 322 mg/kg/day	90 days
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 322 mg/kg/day	90 days
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 322 mg/kg/day	90 days
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 322 mg/kg/day	90 days
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	28 days
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	28 days
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	28 days

### Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), ACID TREATED, LIGHT	Aspiration hazard
HYDROTREATED LIGHT PETROLEUM DISTILLATES	Aspiration hazard
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material

and/or its components.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

## SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

#### EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

##### Physical Hazards

Not Applicable.

##### Health Hazards

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
Aluminum Oxide (non-fibrous)	1344-28-1	5 - 10

### 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**SECTION 16: Other information****NFPA Hazard Classification****Health:** 2 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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