Safety Data Sheet

Document group:	42-2345-9	**Version number:**	1.00
Issue Date:	26/10/2025	**Supersedes date:**	Initial issue.

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the GHS guidelines & India Hazardous substances (Classification, Labeling & Packaging) Draft Rules 2011.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ Perfect-It™ Random Orbital Polish, 34133, 34134, 34135

Product Identification Numbers
60-4551-1433-4

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Automotive.

1.3. Supplier's details

Address:	3M India Limited, plot-48-51, Electronic city, Hosur road, Bangalore-560100
Telephone:	080-45543000, contact Product EHS team
E Mail:	productehs.in@mmm.com
Website:	http://solutions.3mindia.co.in

1.4. Emergency telephone number
080-45543000 (Contact hours: 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Under MSIHC Rules, information is noted below on flammability, acute toxicity and explosivity relevant to this product. In line with international standards, information on other hazard classes and associated precautionary statements relevant to this product are included as well.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 3.

2.2. Label elements
Signal Word
Warning

Symbols
Not applicable

Pictograms
Not applicable

HAZARD STATEMENTS:
H316 Causes mild skin irritation.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
General:
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Response:
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3. Other hazards
Aspiration does not apply - viscosity Aspiration hazard classification does not apply due to the kinematic viscosity of the product. Aspiration classification does not apply due to the viscosity of the product.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Wt
Water	7732-18-5	40 - 70
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	10 - 30
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	5 - 15
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	1 - 5
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	1 - 5
Glycerol	56-81-5	1 - 5
Oleic Acid, Ethoxylated	Trade Secret	1 - 5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	1 - 5

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact
Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact
Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable Extinguishing media
Material will not burn. Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Irritant vapours or gases.	During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use PPE - Exposure Assessment Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Avoid breathing of dust created by cutting, sanding, grinding or machining. Keep out of reach of children. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
No special storage requirements.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
No engineering controls required.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of the following material(s) may be used: Nitrile rubber.

Respiratory protection
None required.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Purple
Odor	Moderate Solvent
Odour threshold	*No data available.*
pH	8.1 - 9.5
Melting point/Freezing point: NA	*No data available.*

Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	*No data available.*
Flash point	No flash point
Evaporation rate	*No data available.*
Flammability	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No data available.*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No data available.*
Vapour pressure	*No data available.*
Relative Vapor Density	*No data available.*
Relative density	1.05 - 1.1 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Water solubility	*No data available.*
Solubility- non-water	*No data available.*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	*No data available.*
Autoignition temperature	*No data available.*
Decomposition temperature	*No data available.*
Kinematic Viscosity	*No data available.*
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	14 % weight [*Test Method:*calculated per CARB title 2]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	190 g/l [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	40 - 70 % weight
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	363 g/l [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	*Not applicable.*

Particle Characteristics	*Not applicable.*

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Not determined

10.5 Incompatible materials
Not determined

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	**Condition**
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be

relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation
Dust from cutting, grinding, sanding or machining may cause irritation of the respiratory system: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, nose and throat pain.

Skin contact
Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact
Dust created by cutting, grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion
Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 4.6 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Dermal	Not available	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.1 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 20,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value

Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	similar compounds	Mild irritant
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	similar compounds	No significant irritation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Not available	Mild irritant
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Sensitization:

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	similar compounds	Not classified
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Guinea pig	Not classified
Glycerol	Guinea pig	Not classified
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Guinea pig	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Aluminium oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Glycerol	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 6,666 mg/kg/day	3 generation
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 6,666 mg/kg/day	3 generation
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Inhalation	central nervous system depression | respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Not available	NOAEL NA	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Not available	NOAEL NA	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6 mg/l	13 weeks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.5 mg/l	13 weeks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6 mg/l	13 weeks
Distillates (petroleum),	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks

hydrotreated light					1,000 mg/kg/day	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	hematopoietic system | eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	liver | immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Glycerol	Inhalation	respiratory system | heart | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerol	Ingestion	endocrine system | hematopoietic system | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	heart | endocrine system | gastrointestinal tract | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | hematopoietic system | liver | immune system | nervous system | kidney and/or bladder | respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,132 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Aspiration hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	Aspiration hazard
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic hazard:
Not acutely toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

Chronic aquatic hazard:
Not chronically toxic to aquatic life by GHS criteria.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Nbr	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result

Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>1,000 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEL	1,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,955 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL50	58.84 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Zebra Fish	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL10	19.05 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	10 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Diatom	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL50	2.2 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Grass Shrimp	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LC50	3.5 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL50	140 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Inland Silverside	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LL50	3.2 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Rainbow trout	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LL50	6.2 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EL50	38 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL10	10 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Activated sludge	Analogous Compound	3 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil	8042-47-5	Green algae	Analogous	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l

(petroleum)			Compound			
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	>100 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not available-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	69 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	63 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	61 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	ISO 14593 Inorg C Headspace
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Analogous Compound Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	57.5 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-1.75	similar to OECD 107
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Modeled Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	5	Catalogic™
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Modeled Bioconcentration		Log Kow	5.61	Episuite™
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.4. Mobility in soil
Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other Adverse effects
No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Prior to disposal, consult all applicable authorities and regulations to insure proper classification. Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty and clean product containers may be disposed as non-hazardous waste. Consult your specific regulations and service providers to determine available options and requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Not hazardous for transportation.

Air Transport (IATA)Regulations

UN No Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name Not applicable
Hazard Classs/Division Not applicable
Subsidiary Risk Not applicable
Packing Group: Not applicable

Marine Transport (IMDG)
UN No Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name Not applicable
Hazard Classs/Division Not applicable
Subsidiary Risk Not applicable
Packing Group: Not applicable
Environmental Hazards: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status
Contact 3M for more information. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Applicable Environmental, Health and Safety Regulations
The Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989

The following ingredients are listed as hazardous on Part II of Schedule I of the India Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) rules
None.

The following ingredients are classified as hazardous based on the criteria listed under Part I of Schedule I of the India Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) rules:
The product is classified as Non-hazardous as per MSIHC Rules,1989.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 1 **Flammability:** 0 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar

emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Revision information:
No revision information

DISCLAIMER: The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this SDS or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own evaluation to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into India, you are responsible to comply with all applicable regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration/notification.

3M India SDSs are available at http://solutions.3mindia.co.in