



Safety Data Sheet

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Document group:	44-5370-0	Version number:	2.01
Issue Date:	2026/07/14	Supersedes Date:	2026/05/12

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Acrylic Adhesive DP8910NS, Black, Kit

Product Identification Numbers

62-2875-1446-7 62-2875-3631-2

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Structural adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

Company: 3M Canada Company
Division: Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division
Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

Telephone: (800) 364-3577
E Mail:

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone: 1-800-3M HELPS / 1800 364 3577

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet (SDS) or Article Information Sheet (AIS) for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component documents from this cover page. The document numbers for components of this product are:

44-5365-0, 44-5367-6

Transport in accordance with applicable regulations.

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use and application of a product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3M Canada SDSs are available at www.3M.ca



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Document group:	44-5365-0	Version number:	2.01
Issue Date:	2026/04/23	Supersedes Date:	2025/08/21

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Acrylic Adhesive DP8910NS, Black, Part B

Product Identification Numbers

UU-0133-3259-6

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Intended Use

Structural adhesive

Restrictions on use

Not applicable

1.3. Supplier's details

Company:	3M Canada Company
Division:	Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division
Address:	1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1
Telephone:	(800) 364-3577
Website:	www.3M.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone: 1-800-3M HELPS / 1800 364 3577

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 3.

Acute Toxicity (dermal): Category 4.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1B.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1A.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Category 1

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Corrosion | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause chemical gastrointestinal burns.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: sensory organs.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe vapours. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and face protection.

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

32% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

32% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

56% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt	Common Name
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	7 - 30 Trade Secret *	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester
Proprietary polymer	Trade Secret	14 - 27	Not Applicable
Methacrylic acid	79-41-4	0.9 - 23	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-
Fillers	12001-26-2	0.9 - 20	Mica-group Minerals
Isobornyl Methacrylate	7534-94-3	0.9 - 20	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl ester, exo-
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymers	9003-18-3	<= 15	2-Propenenitrile, polymer with 1,3-butadiene
Lauryl Methacrylate	142-90-5	< 11	No Data Available
Fillers-II	Trade Secret	<= 10	Not Applicable
Polyethylene	9002-88-4	<= 10	Ethene, homopolymer
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	868-77-9	0.9 - 8.2	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester
Acrylic Copolymer	Trade Secret	<= 5	Not Applicable
Myristyl Methacrylate	2549-53-3	< 5	No Data Available
Phosphate methacrylate	1627542-04-4	<= 5	No Data Available
Hexadecyl Methacrylate	2495-27-4	<= 1.5	No Data Available
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1 - < 1	Carbon black
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	< 0.5	4-Methoxyphenol
Copper Naphthenates	1338-02-9	< 0.5	No Data Available
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	68610-51-5	< 0.5	Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction products with dicyclopentadiene and isobutylene
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	26741-53-7	< 0.5	No Data Available
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	106-91-2	< 0.1	No Data Available
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	< 0.1	1,4-Benzenediol

Proprietary polymer is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

Acrylic Copolymer is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

Fillers-II is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

Carbon black is inextricably bound in this product. Exposure to carbon black is not expected during product use

*The concentration (exact or range) of this component has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to the respiratory tract (coughing, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain). Skin burns (localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, and tissue destruction). Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision). Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

None Determined

5.3. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**Substance**

Carbon monoxide
Carbon dioxide
Hydrogen Chloride
Oxides of Nitrogen

Condition

During Combustion
During Combustion
During Combustion
During Combustion

5.4. Special protection actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from amines. Store locked up.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	106-91-2	ACGIH	TWA:0.01 ppm	SKIN; Dermal sensitizer
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	106-91-2	AIHA	TWA:2.91 mg/m3(0.5 ppm)	SKIN; Dermal sensitizer
Fillers	12001-26-2	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):0.1 mg/m3	
Hydroquinone	123-31-9	ACGIH	TWA:1 mg/m3	Dermal Sensitizer
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3 mg/m3	
Copper, dusts and mists, as Cu	1338-02-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Cu, fume):0.2 mg/m3;TWA(as Cu dust or mist):1 mg/m3	
4-Methoxyphenol	150-76-5	ACGIH	TWA:5 mg/m3	
Methacrylic acid	79-41-4	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm;STEL:100 ppm	Dermal Sensitizer
Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) not otherwise specified, inhalable particles	9002-88-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable particulates):10 mg/m3	

Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) not otherwise specified, respirable particles	9002-88-4	ACGIH	TWA(respirable particles):3 mg/m3	
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ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Colour	Black

Odour	Strong Acrylic
Odour threshold	<i>No Data Available</i>
pH	<i>Not Applicable</i>
Melting point/Freezing point	<i>Not Applicable</i>
Boiling point	No boiling point
Flash Point	≥ 47.8 °C [<i>Test Method: Closed Cup</i>]
Evaporation rate	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammability	Flammable Liquid: Category 3.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammable Limits(UEL)	<i>No Data Available</i>
Vapour Pressure	<i>No Data Available</i>
Relative Vapour Density	<i>No Data Available</i>
Density	1.066 g/ml
Relative density	1.066 [<i>Ref Std: WATER=1</i>]
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	<i>No Data Available</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	<i>No Data Available</i>
Autoignition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Decomposition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Kinematic Viscosity	69,811 mm ² /sec
Volatile Organic Compounds	715 g/l [<i>Details: EU VOC Content</i>]
Percent volatile	<i>No Data Available</i>
VOC Less H₂O & Exempt Solvents	20 g/l [<i>Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1</i>] [<i>Details: when used as intended with Part A</i>]
Molecular weight	<i>Not Applicable</i>

Particle Characteristics	<i>Not Applicable</i>
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat
Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Amines
Strong acids
Strong bases
Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

May be harmful if inhaled. Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Harmful in contact with skin. Corrosive (Skin Burns): Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed. Gastrointestinal Corrosion: Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain; nausea; vomiting; and diarrhea; blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

Additional Health Effects:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Olfactory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odours and/or complete loss of smell.

Carcinogenicity:

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>Class Description</u>	<u>Regulation</u>
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Glycidyl methacrylate	106-91-2	Grp. 2A: Probable human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

<u>Name</u>	<u>Route</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Value</u>
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >1,000 - =2,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >20 - =50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000 mg/kg
Methyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Acrylic Adhesive DP8910NS, Black, Part B

Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 29.8 mg/l
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 7,900 mg/kg
Methacrylic acid	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 500 mg/kg
Methacrylic acid	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 7.1 mg/l
Methacrylic acid	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,320 mg/kg
Fillers	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Fillers	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,100 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymers	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymers	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 30,000 mg/kg
Lauryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Lauryl Methacrylate	Dermal	similar compound ds	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Fillers-II	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Fillers-II	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
Fillers-II	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Polyethylene	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,564 mg/kg
Phosphate methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Phosphate methacrylate	Dermal	similar health hazards	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Myristyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Myristyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hexadecyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Hexadecyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
Copper Naphthenates	Dermal	similar compound ds	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Copper Naphthenates	Ingestion	similar compound ds	LD50 > 300, < 2,000 mg/kg
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
4-Methoxyphenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,630 mg/kg
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 480 mg/kg
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 597 mg/kg
Hydroquinone	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 4,800 mg/kg
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 302 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Irritant

Methacrylic acid	Rabbit	Corrosive
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymers	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Lauryl Methacrylate	similar compounds	Minimal irritation
Fillers-II	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polyethylene	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Phosphate methacrylate	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Myristyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Hexadecyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Copper Naphthenates	Rabbit	No significant irritation
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
4-Methoxyphenol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Rabbit	Corrosive
Hydroquinone	Human and animal	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Methacrylic acid	Rabbit	Corrosive
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymers	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Lauryl Methacrylate	similar compounds	No significant irritation
Fillers-II	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Phosphate methacrylate	Professional judgement	Corrosive
Myristyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hexadecyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Copper Naphthenates	In vitro data	No significant irritation
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Rabbit	Mild irritant
4-Methoxyphenol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Rabbit	Corrosive
Hydroquinone	Human	Corrosive

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Methacrylate	Human and animal	Sensitizing
Methacrylic acid	Guinea pig	Not classified
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Guinea pig	Not classified
Lauryl Methacrylate	Guinea pig	Not classified
Fillers-II	Human and animal	Not classified
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Human and animal	Sensitizing
Phosphate methacrylate	Professional judgment	Sensitizing
Myristyl Methacrylate	Professional judgment	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hexadecyl Methacrylate	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Copper Naphthenates	Guinea pig	Not classified
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Guinea pig	Not classified
4-Methoxyphenol	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Guinea pig	Not classified
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Human and animal	Sensitizing
Hydroquinone	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Methacrylate	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Methyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methacrylic acid	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Methacrylic acid	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Isobornyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Lauryl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Lauryl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Fillers-II	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phosphate methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Myristyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon Black	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon Black	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	In vivo	Not mutagenic
4-Methoxyphenol	In vivo	Not mutagenic
4-Methoxyphenol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	In vivo	Mutagenic
Hydroquinone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Hydroquinone	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Human and animal	Not carcinogenic
Fillers-II	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Polyethylene	Not Specified	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Carbon Black	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
4-Methoxyphenol	Dermal	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion	similar compounds	Carcinogenic
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic
Hydroquinone	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 8.3 mg/l	during organogenesis
Methacrylic acid	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1.076 mg/l	during gestation
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation

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Isobornyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Lauryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Lauryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	6 weeks
Lauryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Fillers-II	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Fillers-II	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Fillers-II	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 500 ppm in the diet	1 generation
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 500 ppm in the diet	1 generation
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	during gestation
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	during gestation
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 0.058 mg/l	during gestation
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 30 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 30 mg/kg/day	45 days
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

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Methacrylic acid	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Rat	NOAEL Not available	
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Lauryl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Phosphate methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Myristyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Professional judgement	NOAEL not available	
4-Methoxyphenol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar health hazards	NOAEL not available	
Hydroquinone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not applicable
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg	not applicable

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Methacrylate	Dermal	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	14 weeks
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 12.3 mg/l	14 weeks
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methacrylic acid	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.352 mg/l	90 days
Methacrylic acid	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 days

					1.232 mg/l	
Methacrylic acid	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.232 mg/l	90 days
Methacrylic acid	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.232 mg/l	90 days
Methacrylic acid	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.232 mg/l	90 days
Fillers	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Isobornyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Lauryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	6 weeks
Lauryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	6 weeks
Lauryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	6 weeks
Fillers-II	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Fillers-II	Inhalation	silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Carbon Black	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAY L BIS(2,4-DI-TERT- BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAY L BIS(2,4-DI-TERT- BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAY L BIS(2,4-DI-TERT- BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAY L BIS(2,4-DI-TERT- BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAY L BIS(2,4-DI-TERT- BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAY L BIS(2,4-DI-TERT- BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAY L BIS(2,4-DI-TERT- BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days

PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
PHOSPHOROUS ACID, CYCLIC NEOPENTANETETRAYL BIS(2,4-DI-TERT-BUTYLPHENYL) ESTER	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 78 mg/kg/day	90 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
4-Methoxyphenol	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	28 days
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 289 mg/kg/day	90 days
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 289 mg/kg/day	90 days
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 289 mg/kg/day	90 days
P-CRESOL, REACTION PRODUCTS WITH DICYCLOPENTADIENE AND ISOBUTYLENE	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 289 mg/kg/day	90 days
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rabbit	NOAEL 0.012 mg/l	13 days
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	45 days

GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	45 days
GLYCIDYL METHACRYLATE	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	45 days
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	40 days
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	bone marrow	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	9 weeks
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	9 weeks
Hydroquinone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	15 months
Hydroquinone	Ocular	eyes	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Global inventory status**

Contact 3M for more information.

SECTION 16: Other information

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in

significant quantities.

Health: 3 **Flammability:** 2 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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Safety Data Sheet

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Issue Date:	2026/08/25	Supersedes Date:	2026/06/16

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Acrylic Adhesive DP8910NS, Black, Part A

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Intended Use

Industrial use, Structural adhesive

Restrictions on use

Not applicable

1.3. Supplier's details

Company:	3M Canada Company
Division:	Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division
Address:	1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1
Telephone:	(800) 364-3577
Website:	www.3M.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone: 1-800-3M HELPS / 1800 364 3577

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Toxicity (oral): Category 4.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1B.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Warning

Symbols

Exclamation mark |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Avoid breathing vapours. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

12% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt	Common Name
Dibenzoate Propanol	27138-31-4	45 - 70	Propanol, oxybis-, dibenzoate
Acrylate Polymer	25101-28-4	10 - 30	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with 1,3-butadiene, butyl 2-propenoate and ethenylbenzene
Di-aryl heterocyclic compound	Trade Secret	10 - 30 Trade Secret *	Not Applicable
Organic Peroxide	13122-18-4	3 - 7 Trade Secret *	Hexaneperoxoic acid, 3,5,5-trimethyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester
DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL, MONOBENZOATE	32686-95-6	< 6.1	No Data Available
Ethanol, 2-[2-(benzoyloxy)ethoxy]-	20587-61-5	< 6.1	No Data Available

Di-aryl heterocyclic compound is a hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Refer to Section 15 for further trade secret information

*The concentration (exact or range) of this component has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

None Determined

5.3. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance

Carbon monoxide

Carbon dioxide

Condition

During Combustion

During Combustion

5.4. Special protection actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or

bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store in a dry place. Store away from amines.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No occupational exposure limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this SDS.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.),

then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Colour	Gray
Odour	Mild Hydrocarbon
Odour threshold	No Data Available
pH	Not Applicable
Melting point/Freezing point	Not Applicable
Boiling point	>=65.6 °C
Flash Point	> 93.3 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	No Data Available
Flammability	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available
Vapour Pressure	No Data Available
Relative Vapour Density	No Data Available
Density	1.03 g/ml
Relative density	1.03 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Kinematic Viscosity	18,519 mm ² /sec
Volatile Organic Compounds	60.5 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [Details: EU VOC content]
Percent volatile	< 6
VOC Less H ₂ O & Exempt Solvents	<=2.8 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [Details: when used as intended with Part B]
VOC Less H ₂ O & Exempt Solvents	60.5 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [Details: as supplied]
Molecular weight	Not Applicable

Particle Characteristics	Not Applicable
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Amines

Strong acids

Strong bases

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
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None known.	
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Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Harmful if swallowed. Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >300 - =2,000 mg/kg
Dibenzoate Propanol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Dibenzoate Propanol	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200 mg/l
Dibenzoate Propanol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,295 mg/kg
Acrylate Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylate Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Di-aryl heterocyclic compound	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 >300, <2000 mg/kg
Organic Peroxide	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Organic Peroxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.8 mg/l
Organic Peroxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 12,905 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Dibenzoate Propanol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Di-aryl heterocyclic compound	In vitro data	No significant irritation
Organic Peroxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Dibenzoate Propanol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Di-aryl heterocyclic compound	In vitro data	Severe irritant
Organic Peroxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Dibenzoate Propanol	Guinea pig	Not classified
Di-aryl heterocyclic compound	Guinea pig	Not classified
Organic Peroxide	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Dibenzoate Propanol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Di-aryl heterocyclic compound	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Dibenzoate Propanol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Dibenzoate Propanol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Dibenzoate Propanol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation

Target Organ(s)**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Di-aryl heterocyclic compound	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Dibenzoate Propanol	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Dibenzoate Propanol	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**Global inventory status**

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Trade Secret Information:

HMIRA Registry Number: 3844222
Filing date: 06-02-2026

Claim status: Claim for exemption has been granted.
Date of decision: 06-02-2026

SECTION 16: Other information

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Health: 2 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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3M Canada SDSs are available at www.3M.ca