Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (1907/2006), as amended for GB.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Perfect-It™ Gelcoat Heavy Cutting Compound, 36101, 36102, 36103

Product Identification Numbers

UU-0043-7735-2	UU-0088-9617-5	UU-0088-9618-3
7100085986	7100127375	7100127376

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Automotive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: 3M United Kingdom PLC, 3M Centre, Cain Road, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 8HT.
Telephone: +44 (0)1344 858 000
E Mail: ner-productstewardship@mmm.com
Website: www.3M.com/uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1344 858 000

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 as amended for Great Britain

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.
The aspiration hazard classification is not required due to the product's viscosity.

CLASSIFICATION:
This material is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain, on classification, labelling, and packaging of substances and mixtures.

2.2. Label elements
The retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 as amended for Great Britain
Not applicable

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

Supplemental Hazard Statements:

EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.
EUH208	Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. | reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Information required per Regulation (EU) No 528/2012, as amended for Great Britain on Biocidal Products:
Contains a biocidal product (preservative): C(M)IT/MIT (3:1).

2.3. Other hazards

None known.
This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances
Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP], as amended for GB
Water	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5 (EC-No.) 231-791-2	30 - 60	Substance not classified as hazardous
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	(EC-No.) 926-141-6	10 - 30	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066
Aluminium oxide	(CAS-No.) 1344-28-1 (EC-No.) 215-691-6	10 - 30	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	(CAS-No.) 9003-11-6	3 - 7	Substance not classified as hazardous
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	(CAS-No.) 9005-65-6	3 - 7	Substance not classified as hazardous
White mineral oil (petroleum)	(CAS-No.) 8042-47-5 (EC-No.) 232-455-8	1 - 5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Glycerol	(CAS-No.) 56-81-5 (EC-No.) 200-289-5	< 1.5	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	(CAS-No.) 2634-33-5 (EC-No.) 220-120-9	< 0.02	Acute Tox. 2, H330(LC50 = 0.21 mg/l **ATE values per GB MCL**) Acute Tox. 4, H302(LD50 = 450 mg/kg **ATE values per GB MCL**) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=1
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	(CAS-No.) 55965-84-9 (EC-No.) 911-418-6	< 0.0015	EUH071 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=100 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=100 Nota B Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 2, H310

Any entry in the Identifier(s) column that begins with the numbers 6, 7, 8, or 9 are a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance.
Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

Specific Concentration Limits

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	Specific Concentration Limits
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	(CAS-No.) 2634-33-5 (EC-No.) 220-120-9	(C >= 0.036%) Skin Sens. 1A, H317
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	(CAS-No.) 55965-84-9 (EC-No.) 911-418-6	(C >= 0.6%) Skin Corr. 1C, H314 (0.06% =< C < 0.6%) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 (C >= 0.6%) Eye Dam. 1, H318 (0.06% =< C < 0.6%) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 (C >= 0.0015%) Skin Sens. 1A, H317

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact
Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact
If exposed, flush eyes with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

If swallowed
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Hydrocarbons.	During combustion.
Carbon monoxide	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters
Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections
Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Avoid breathing of dust created by cutting, sanding, grinding or machining. For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)
See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	UK HSE	TWA(as respirable dust):4 mg/m3;TWA(as inhalable dust):10 mg/m3	
Glycerol	56-81-5	UK HSE	TWA(as mist):10 mg/m3	

UK HSE : UK Health and Safety Commission
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values
No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection
None required.

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material	Thickness (mm)	Breakthrough Time
Polymer laminate	No data available	No data available

When only incidental contact is anticipated, alternative glove material(s) may be used. If contact with the glove does occur, remove immediately and replace with a set of new gloves. For incidental contact, gloves made of the following material(s) may be used:Nitrile rubber.

Applicable Norms/Standards
Use gloves tested to EN 374

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards
Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Gel
Colour	White
Odor	Solvent
Odour threshold	*No data available.*
Melting point/freezing point	*No data available.*
Boiling point/boiling range	*No data available.*
Flammability	Not applicable.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*Not applicable.*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*Not applicable.*
Flash point	>=64 ºC [*Details:*Hydrocarbons.]
Autoignition temperature	*No data available.*
Decomposition temperature	*No data available.*
pH	8.17 - 9.37
Kinematic Viscosity	34,965 mm²/sec
Water solubility	*No data available.*
Solubility- non-water	*No data available.*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	*No data available.*
Vapour pressure	*No data available.*
Density	1.144 - 1.192 kg/l
Relative density	*No data available.*
Relative Vapour Density	*No data available.*
Particle Characteristics	*Not applicable.*

9.2. Other information

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

EU Volatile Organic Compounds	*No data available.*
Evaporation rate	*No data available.*
Percent volatile	60.3 % weight

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials
None known.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in the retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation
Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin contact
Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact
Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion
Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Dermal	Not available	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.1 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 20,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	Ingestion	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.21 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 450 mg/kg
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 87 mg/kg
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.171 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 40 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	similar compounds	Mild irritant
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	similar compounds	No significant irritation
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Rabbit	No significant irritation
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Rabbit	Corrosive

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	similar compounds	No significant irritation
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	similar compounds	No significant irritation
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Glycerol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Rabbit	Corrosive
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Rabbit	Corrosive

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	similar compounds	Not classified
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Guinea pig	Not classified
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	Guinea pig	Not classified
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Guinea pig	Not classified
Glycerol	Guinea pig	Not classified
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Guinea pig	Sensitising
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Human and animal	Sensitising

Photosensitisation

Name	Species	Value
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Human and animal	Not sensitising

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Aluminium oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	In vivo	Not mutagenic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	In vivo	Not mutagenic
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Glycerol	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 6,666 mg/kg/day	3 generation
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 6,666 mg/kg/day	3 generation
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 112 mg/kg/day	2 generation
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 112 mg/kg/day	2 generation
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 112 mg/kg/day	2 generation
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	2 generation
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10	2 generation

isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)				mg/kg/day	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Aluminium oxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6 mg/l	13 weeks
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.5 mg/l	13 weeks
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6 mg/l	13 weeks
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Ingestion	hematopoietic system | eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	Ingestion	heart | endocrine system | gastrointestinal tract | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | hematopoietic system | liver | immune system | nervous system | kidney and/or bladder | respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,132 mg/kg/day	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days

White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	liver | immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Glycerol	Inhalation	respiratory system | heart | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerol	Ingestion	endocrine system | hematopoietic system | liver | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	liver | hematopoietic system | eyes | kidney and/or bladder | respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 322 mg/kg/day	90 days
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Ingestion	heart | endocrine system | nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	28 days

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Aspiration hazard
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS #	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-	926-141-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EL50	>1,000 mg/l

alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics						
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEL	1,000 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL50	58.84 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Zebra Fish	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL10	19.05 mg/l
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	10 mg/l
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	9003-11-6	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	>100 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,000 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,955 mg/l
Glycerol	56-81-5	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	0.11 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1.6 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Sheepshead Minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	16.7 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	2.9 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.0403 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	12.8 mg/l
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Bobwhite quail	Experimental	14 days	LD50	617 mg per kg of bodyweight
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Cabbage	Experimental	14 days	EC50	200 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Redworm	Experimental	14 days	LC50	>410.6 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	EC50	>811.5 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	NOEC	0.91 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	55965-84-9	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	EC50	5.7 mg/l

[EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)						
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Copepod	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.007 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	0.0199 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	0.027 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.19 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Sheepshead Minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.3 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.099 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Diatom	Experimental	48 hours	NOEC	0.00049 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Fathead minnow	Experimental	36 days	NOEL	0.02 mg/l

reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.004 mg/l
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.004 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not availbl-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	69 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	61 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	ISO 14593 Inorg C Headspace
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	9003-11-6	Data not availbl-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	63 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental Aquatic Inherent Biodegrad.	34 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	17 %removal of DOC	OECD 302A - Modified SCAS Test
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental Biodegradation	21 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	80 %removal of DOC	OECD 303A - Simulated Aerobic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental Biodegradation		Half-life (t 1/2)	4 hours (t 1/2)	
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life	>1 years (t 1/2)	OECD 111 Hydrolysis func of pH
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Analogous Compound Biodegradation	29 days	CO2 evolution	62 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution (does not pass 10-day window)	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life (pH 7)	> 60 days (t 1/2)	

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Aluminium oxide	1344-28-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	926-141-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Modeled Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	5	Catalogic™
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Modeled Bioconcentration		Log Kow	5.61	Episuite™
Polyethylene-polypropylene glycol	9003-11-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerol	56-81-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-1.75	similar to OECD 107
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	6.62	similar to OECD 305
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	1.45	OECD 107 log Kow shke flsk mtd
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Analogous Compound BCF - Fish	28 days	Bioaccumulation factor	54	OECD305-Bioconcentration
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Analogous Compound Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.4	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated	9005-65-6	Modeled Mobility in Soil	Koc	810 l/kg	Episuite™
Glycerol	56-81-5	Modeled Mobility in Soil	Koc	<1 l/kg	Episuite™
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	Experimental Mobility in Soil	Koc	9.33 l/kg	OECD 121 Estim. of Koc by HPLC
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	Experimental Mobility in Soil	Koc	10 l/kg	OECD 106 Adsp-Desb Batch Equil

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Prior to disposal, consult all applicable authorities and regulations to insure proper classification. Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty and clean product containers may be disposed as non-hazardous waste. Consult your specific regulations and service providers to determine available options and requirements.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

EU waste code (product as sold)
110198* Other wastes containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transportation information

Not hazardous for transportation.

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
14.1 UN number	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.4 Packing group	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.5 Environmental hazards	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol 73/78 and IBC Code	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Control Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Emergency	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

Temperature			
ADR Classification Code	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
IMDG Segregation Code	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status
Contact 3M for more information.

COMAH Regulation, SI 2015/483
Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1
None

Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2

Dangerous Substances	Identifier(s)	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
		Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	50	200
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	55965-84-9	50	200

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, as amended for GB
No chemicals listed

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment
A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended for GB.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information:
Section 3: Composition/ Information of ingredients table information was modified.
Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.
Section 12: Mobility in soil information information was modified.
Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.
Section 12:Bioccumulative potential information information was modified.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

3M SDSs for Great Britain are available at www.3M.com/uk
For Northern Ireland documents, please contact your 3M representative to obtain a copy.