

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Hi-Strength Spray Adhesive 90 (aerosol)

Product Identification Numbers

62-4942-4950-1

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Aerosol adhesive. Recommended for industrial and professional use. Hi-Strength aerosol adhesive

For Industrial or Professional use only

1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M New Zealand Ltd, 94 Apollo Drive, Rosedale 0632, Auckland

Telephone: (09) 477 4040

E Mail: innovation@nz.mmm.com

Website: 3m.co.nz

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hr Medical Emergency, National Poisons Centre, 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996 and the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheet for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Aerosol: Category 1 Eye irritation: Category 2

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure: Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

2.2. Label elements SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Symbols:

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |





HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H371 May cause damage to organs: cardiovascular system.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264 Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280K Wear protective gloves and respiratory protection.

Response

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

Storage

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50oC.

Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container via an approved hazardous waste disposal contractor.

2.3. Other hazards

Aspiration classification does not apply as this product is sold in sealed, self-pressurized containers with nozzles designed to prevent formation of a stream during usage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents can be harmful or fatal. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	30 - 60
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	10 - 30
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	7 - 13
Dipentene-Styrene Copolymer	64536-06-7	5 - 10
Nonvolatile components	Trade Secret	1 - 10
Pentane	109-66-0	1 - 5
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	1 - 5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 0.2

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eve contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

A product risk assessment is recommended to determine if eye wash facilities may be required when using this product in the workplace.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects based on the CLP classification include:

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance Condition Aldehvdes. During combustion. Hydrocarbons. During combustion. During combustion. Formaldehyde During combustion. Methane. During combustion. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. During combustion. Hydrogen Fluoride During combustion. Irritant vapours or gases. During combustion. During combustion. Ketones.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

5.4. Hazchem code: 2YE

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Close cylinder. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Refer to Section 15 - Controls for more information

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of thermal decomposition products. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Certified handler

Not required

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcinogen, Ototoxicant
Toluene	108-88-3	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):75 mg/m3(20 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):377 mg/m3(100 ppm)	Ototoxicant, SKIN
Pentane	109-66-0	ACGIH	TWA:1000 ppm	
Pentane	109-66-0	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):1770 mg/m3(600 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):2210 mg/m3(750 ppm)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):350 mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):1050 mg/m3(300 ppm)	
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	AIHA	TWA:1880 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 766 mg/m3 (400 ppm); STEL(15 minutes): 958 mg/m3 (500 ppm)	
1,1-Difluoroethane	75-37-6	AIHA	TWA:2700 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):606 mg/m3(200 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):757 mg/m3(250 ppm)	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines New Zealand WES: New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards.

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit ppm: parts per million

CEIL: Ceiling

mg/m³: milligrams per cubic metre

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety glasses with side shields.

Indirect vented goggles.

Refer AS/NZS 1336 - Recommended practices for occupational eye protection and for performance specifications AS/NZS 1337, Parts 1 - 6 - Personal eye-protection.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator.

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator.

Organic vapor cartridges may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer AS/NZS 1715 - Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment and AS/NZS 1716 - Respiratory protective devices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Gas.	
Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol	
Colour	Colourless	
Odour	Fruity Odour, Mild Solvent	
Odour threshold	No data available.	
pH	No data available.	
Melting point/Freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	Not applicable.	
Flash point	-41.1 °C [Test Method: Tagliabue closed cup]	
Evaporation rate	1.9 [Ref Std:ETHER=1]	
Flammability	Flammable Aerosol: Category 1.	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.	

Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.	
Vapour pressure	[Details: Compressed gas]Not applicable.	
Relative Vapour Density	2.97 [<i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]	
Density	0.726 g/ml	
Relative density	0.726 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]	
Water solubility	Nil	
Solubility- non-water	No data available.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.	
Autoignition temperature	No data available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.	
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable.	
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	No data available.	
Percent volatile	No data available.	
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	<=55 % [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]	
Molecular weight	No data available.	

Particle Characteristics	Not applicable.
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

Refer to Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eve contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 164,000 ppm
Methyl Acetate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Methyl Acetate	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 49 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Pentane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
Pentane	Inhalation- Vapor (4	Rat	LC50 > 18 mg/l

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	hours)		
Pentane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 437,000 ppm
	Gas (4		
	hours)		
Nonvolatile components	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Nonvolatile components	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Acetate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Pentane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Nonvolatile components	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Acetate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Pentane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant

Sensitisation:

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Acetate	Human	Not classified
Pentane	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Toluene	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Dimethyl Ether	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Dimethyl Ether	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methyl Acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Methyl Acetate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Pentane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Pentane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

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1,1-Difluoroethane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
1,1-Difluoroethane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 40,000 ppm	during organogenesis
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
Pentane	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Pentane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 30 mg/l	during organogenesis
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 50,000 ppm	during organogenesis
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 10,000 ppm	30 minutes
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 100,000 ppm	5 minutes
Methyl Acetate	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Acetate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	

Methyl Acetate	Inhalation	blindness	Not classified		NOAEL Not	
					available	
Methyl Acetate	Ingestion	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or		NOAEL Not	
		system depression	dizziness		available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Human	NOAEL Not	
		system depression	dizziness	and	available	
				animal		
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the	Human	NOAEL Not	
			data are not sufficient for	and	available	
			classification	animal		
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Professio	NOAEL Not	
•		system depression	dizziness	nal	available	
		, ,		judgeme		
				nt		
Pentane	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Multiple	NOAEL Not	not available
		system depression	dizziness	animal	available	
		-J		species		
Pentane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the	Not	NOAEL Not	not available
1 011111110	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	respiratory mination	data are not sufficient for	available	available	not a variable
			classification			
Pentane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL Not	not available
Tentane	Illianation	caratae sensitization	1 tot classifica	Dog	available	not a variable
Pentane	Ingestion	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Professio	NOAEL Not	not available
Tentane	mgestion	system depression	dizziness	nal	available	not a variable
		system depression	dizziness	judgeme	uvunuone	
				nt		
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning
-,				and	available	and/or abuse
				animal		
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Human	NOAEL	
1,1 211140100114110	11111111111111111	system depression	dizziness	and	100,000 ppm	
		system depression	dizziness	animal	100,000 ppiii	
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the	Not	NOAEL Not	not available
1,1 Billadioculario	Illianation	respiratory irritation	data are not sufficient for	available	available	not a variable
			classification	u vanaore	uvunuone	
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Human	NOAEL Not	
	Illianation	system depression	dizziness		available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the	Human	NOAEL Not	
1 Oluelle	imatation	103piratory firstation	data are not sufficient for	Tunian	available	
			classification		available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL	3 hours
TOTACHE	imatation	minute system	1101 0103311100	Mouse	0.004 mg/l	J Hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning
TOTUCIE	ingestion	system depression	dizziness	Hullian	available	and/or abuse
		system depression	uizziiicss	1	avallaule	and/or abuse

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20,000 ppm	30 weeks
Methyl Acetate	Thalation respiratory system Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	28 days	
Methyl Acetate	Inhalation	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver immune system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.1 mg/l	28 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks

Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 24	14 weeks
Сустопекано	Imuution	system	Tvot classifica	Wiouse	mg/l	11 Weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
Pentane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Pentane	Inhalation	heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system liver immune system muscles nervous system eyes kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/l	13 weeks
Pentane	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
1,1-Difluoroethane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Toluene	Inhalation	auditory system nervous system eyes olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
Toluene	Inhalation	heart liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
Pentane	Aspiration hazard

Toluene Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxic to the aquatic environment.

Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 2

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Bacteria	Experimental	N/A	EC10	>1,600 mg/l
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Guppy	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>4,100 mg/l
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>4,400 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	>120 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	1,026.7 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	250 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	120 mg/l
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	EC50	6,000 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	IC50	97 mg/l
Dipentene- Styrene Copolymer	64536-06-7	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonvolatile components	Trade Secret	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,1- Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Bacteria	Analogous Compound	6 hours	EC50	>472.57 mg/l
1,1- Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Rainbow trout	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LC50	291.31 mg/l
1,1- Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EC50	634.41 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	10.7 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.26 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	2.7 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	2.04 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Grass Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	9.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Leopard frog	Experimental	9 days	LC50	0.39 mg/l

Toluene	108-88-3	Pink Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	6.41 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.78 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	40 days	NOEC	1.39 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	10 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	NOEC	0.74 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Activated sludge	Experimental	12 hours	IC50	292 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	29 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	84 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Redworm	Experimental	28 days	LC50	>150 mg per kg of bodyweight
Toluene	108-88-3	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	<26 mg/kg (Dry Weight)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Experimental	28 days	BOD	5 %BOD/ThO	OECD 301D - Closed
		Biodegradation	-		D	bottle test
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Experimental		Photolytic half-	12.4 days (t	
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Experimental	28 days	BOD	70 %BOD/ThO	OECD 301D - Closed
		Biodegradation			D	bottle test
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Experimental	6 days	Dissolv.	>95 % removal	OECD 302B Zahn-
		Aquatic		Organic	of DOC	Wellens/EVPA
		Inherent		Carbon Deplet		
		Biodegrad.				
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Experimental		Photolytic half-	94 days (t 1/2)	
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Experimental		Hydrolytic	44 days (t 1/2)	
		Hydrolysis		half-life		
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental	28 days	BOD	77 %BOD/ThO	
		Biodegradation			D	Manometric
						respirometry
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental		Photolytic half-	4.3 days (t 1/2)	
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Dipentene-	64536-06-7	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Styrene		availbl-				
Copolymer		insufficient				
Nonvolatile	Trade Secret	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
components		availbl-				
		insufficient				
1,1-	75-37-6	Analogous	28 days	BOD	3 %BOD/ThO	OECD 301D - Closed
Difluoroethane		Compound			D	bottle test
		Biodegradation				
1,1-	75-37-6	Modeled			916 days (t 1/2)	Episuite TM
Difluoroethane		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Pentane	109-66-0	Experimental	28 days	BOD	87 %BOD/ThO	
		Biodegradation			D	Manometric
						respirometry
Pentane	109-66-0	Experimental		Photolytic half-		
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental	20 days	BOD		APHA Std Meth
		Biodegradation			D	Water/Wastewater

Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental	Photolytic half-	5.2 days (t 1/2)	
		Photolysis	life (in air)		

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	0.18	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulatio n factor	129	OECD305- Bioconcentration
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	3.44	
Dipentene- Styrene Copolymer	64536-06-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nonvolatile components	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,1- Difluoroethane	75-37-6	Modeled Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	1.13	Episuite TM
Pentane	109-66-0	Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Bioaccumulatio n factor	26	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental BCF - Other	72 hours	Bioaccumulatio n factor	90	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	2.73	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. The facility should be equipped to handle gaseous waste. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes

unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

Disposal of the aerosol dispenser (that may or may not contain any residual substance), may be lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through public or commercial waste collection services.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods - Road/Rail Transport

UN No.: UN1950

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS

Class/Division: 2.1
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.

Special Instructions: Limited quantity may apply

Hazchem Code: 2YE

IERG: 49

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: UN1950

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

Class/Division: 2.1 Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport

UN No.: UN1950

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS

Class/Division: 2.1
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

Special Instructions:Limited quantity may apply

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

HSNO Approval number HSR002515

Group standard name Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020 HSNO Hazard classification Refer to Section 2: Hazard identification

NZ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Status

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are in compliance with NZIoC listing requirements.

Controls in accordance with The Health and Safety at Work Act 2015, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017 and the HSNO Act 1996, Hazardous Substances (Hazardous Property Controls) Notice 2017

Certified handler Not required

Location Compliance Certificate 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Hazardous atmosphere zone 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)

Fire extinguishers One required for 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)

Emergency response plan 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)

Secondary containment Not required Tracking Not required

Warning signage 3,000 L (aggregate water capacity)

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Complete document review.

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Key to abbreviations and acronyms

GHS refers to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised edition of 2017 **HSNO** means Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

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