



## Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M Body Gard Grey - 08159 (PL9419)

#### Product Identification Numbers

UU-0087-6954-7      YP-2080-6028-2

7000116709      7100138723

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### Identified uses

Automotive.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Address:** 3M Ireland Limited, 70 SIR JOHN ROGERSON'S QUAY, D02R296 DUBLIN 2  
**Telephone:** +353 1 280 3555  
**E Mail:** ner-productstewardship@mmm.com  
**Website:** www.3M.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency medical information: 8am-10pm (seven days) contact National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9 DOV2NO, Ireland. Telephone Number: +353 (0)1 809 2166

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

##### CLASSIFICATION:

Aerosol, Category 1 - Aerosol 1; H222, H229

Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single Exposure, Category 3 - STOT SE 3; H336

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

## 2.2. Label elements

### CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

#### SIGNAL WORD

DANGER.

#### Symbols

GHS02 (Flame) | GHS07 (Exclamation mark) |

#### Pictograms



#### Ingredients:

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	EC No.	% by Wt
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	204-658-1	20 - 50

#### HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

##### Prevention:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261E	Avoid breathing vapour or spray.

##### Storage:

P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
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#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

##### Supplemental Hazard Statements:

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
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3% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity.

Contains 3% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

**EU VOC Directive (2004/42/EC) labelling:** 2004/42/EC IIB(e)(840)

639g/l

## 2.3. Other hazards

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
n-butyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 123-86-4 (EC-No.) 204-658-1 (REACH-No.) 01-2119485493-29	20 - 50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066
Non-volatiles	Trade Secret	< 15	Substance not classified as hazardous
propane	(CAS-No.) 74-98-6 (EC-No.) 200-827-9 (REACH-No.) 01-2119486944-21	< 12	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Liquified gas, H280 Nota U
butane	(CAS-No.) 106-97-8 (EC-No.) 203-448-7 (REACH-No.) 01-2119474691-32	< 10	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Liquified gas, H280 Nota C,U
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]alpha-butyl-omega-hydroxy	(CAS-No.) 9003-13-8 (EC-No.) 500-003-1	< 5	Substance not classified as hazardous
isobutane	(CAS-No.) 75-28-5 (EC-No.) 200-857-2 (REACH-No.) 01-2119485395-27	< 5	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Liquified gas, H280 Nota C,U
Talc	(CAS-No.) 14807-96-6 (EC-No.) 238-877-9	< 5	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit
Titanium dioxide	(CAS-No.) 13463-67-7 (EC-No.) 236-675-5 (REACH-No.) 01-2119489379-17	< 5	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit
Dolomite	(CAS-No.) 16389-88-1 (EC-No.) 240-440-2	< 3	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit
Magnesium carbonate	(CAS-No.) 546-93-0 (EC-No.) 208-915-9	< 3	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **Inhalation**

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

#### **Skin contact**

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eye contact**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### **If swallowed**

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important symptoms and effects based on the CLP classification include:

Dermal defatting (localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin). Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness).

#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required**

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Irritant vapours or gases.	During combustion.

#### **5.3. Advice for fire-fighters**

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
butane	106-97-8	Ireland OELs	STEL(15 minutes):1000 ppm	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Ireland OELs	TWA(8 hours):241 mg/m3(50 ppm);TWA(8 hours):50 ppm(241 mg/m3);STEL(15 minutes):723 mg/m3(150 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):150 ppm(723 mg/m3)	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Ireland OELs	TWA(Total inhalable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m3;TWA(as respirable dust)(8 hours):4 mg/m3	
Talc	14807-96-6	Ireland OELs	TWA(Total inhalable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m3;TWA(as	

Dusts non-specific	16389-88-1	Ireland OELs	respirable dust)(8 hours):0.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA(Total inhalable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ;TWA(as respirable dust)(8 hours):4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dusts non-specific	546-93-0	Ireland OELs	TWA(Total inhalable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ;TWA(as respirable dust)(8 hours):4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
isobutane	75-28-5	Ireland OELs	STEL(15 minutes):1000 ppm

Ireland OELs : Ireland. OELs  
 TWA: Time-Weighted-Average  
 STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit  
 CEIL: Ceiling

### Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

**Recommended monitoring procedures:**Information on recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from Indust. Inspect./Ministry (IE)

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:  
 Safety glasses with side shields.  
 Indirect vented goggles.

#### *Applicable Norms/Standards*

Use eye protection conforming to EN 16321

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material	Thickness (mm)	Breakthrough Time
Polymer laminate	>0.3	=>8 hours
Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).	>0.3	4-8 hours

The glove data presented are based on the substance driving dermal toxicity and the conditions present at the time of testing. Breakthrough time may be altered when the glove is subjected to use conditions that place additional stress on the glove.

#### *Applicable Norms/Standards*

Use gloves tested to EN 374

### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

### Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Specific Physical Form:	Aerosol
Colour	Grey
Odor	Spicy, Sweet Odour
Odour threshold	No data available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Boiling point/boiling range	Not applicable.
Flammability	Flammable Aerosol: Category 1.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.
Flash point	-45 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
pH	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable.
Water solubility	No data available.
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Vapour pressure	No data available.
Density	1.1 g/ml
Relative density	1.1 [Ref Std:WATER=1]
Relative Vapour Density	No data available.
Particle Characteristics	Not applicable.

### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

EU Volatile Organic Compounds

No data available.

Evaporation rate

No data available.

Percent volatile

72.08 % weight

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

Sparks and/or flames.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from internal hazard assessments.

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

**Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:**

#### Inhalation

Harmful if inhaled. Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin.

#### Eye contact

Moderate eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).



**Additional Health Effects:****Single exposure may cause target organ effects:**

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Respiratory effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish coloured skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and respiratory failure. Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

**Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:**

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests.

**Carcinogenicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

**Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Dust/Mist(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >1 - =5 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 14,112 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 1.8 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 21 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,760 mg/kg
propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Non-volatiles	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Non-volatiles	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
butane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 277,000 ppm
isobutane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 276,000 ppm
Talc	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Magnesium carbonate	Dermal	Professional judgement	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Magnesium carbonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg

Dolomite	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Dolomite	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
n-butyl acetate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
butane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
isobutane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Magnesium carbonate	In vitro data	No significant irritation
Dolomite	Professional judgement	No significant irritation

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
n-butyl acetate	Human	Mild irritant
propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
butane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
isobutane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Magnesium carbonate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Dolomite	Professional judgement	No significant irritation

### Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
n-butyl acetate	Multiple animal species	Not classified
Titanium dioxide	Human and animal	Not classified

### Respiratory Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Talc	Human	Not classified

### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
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n-butyl acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
butane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
isobutane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic

### Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Talc	Dermal	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic.
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic.

### Reproductive Toxicity

#### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 9.5 mg/l	2 generation
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 9.5 mg/l	2 generation
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 3.6 mg/l	2 generation
Talc	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesis

### Target Organ(s)

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
n-butyl acetate	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 5,000 ppm	25 minutes
butane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	
isobutane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Multiple animal	NOAEL Not available	

				species		
isobutane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
isobutane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 9.6 mg/l	13 weeks
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4.8 mg/l	13 weeks
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	heart   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   immune system   eyes   vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 9.6 mg/l	13 weeks
butane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder   blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days
isobutane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,500 ppm	13 weeks
Talc	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Repeated and prolonged exposure to large amounts of talc dust can cause lung injury	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	113 weeks
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

**Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

**Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.**

**11.2. Information on other hazards**

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

**12.1. Toxicity**

No product test data available.

Material	CAS #	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	ErC50	397 mg/l

n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	18 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	44 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEC	196 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEC	23.2 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Ciliated protozoa	Experimental	40 hours	IC50	356 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Lettuce	Experimental	14 days	EC50	>1,000 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
Non-volatiles	Trade Secret	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
propane	74-98-6	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
butane	106-97-8	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
isobutane	75-28-5	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]alpha-butyl-omega-hydroxy	9003-13-8	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Talc	14807-96-6	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	NOEC	>=1,000 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>10,000 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	5,600 mg/l
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	190 mg/l
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Western Mosquitofish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Rainbow trout	Estimated	21 days	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	Activated sludge	Estimated	3 hours	EC50	>900 mg/l
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	Fathead minnow	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	1,880 mg/l
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	LC50	486 mg/l
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	100 mg/l
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	EC10	284 mg/l

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	83 %BOD/ThO D	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	6.3 days (t 1/2)	

n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life (pH 7)	3.1 years (t 1/2)	
Non-volatiles	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	27.5 days (t 1/2)	
butane	106-97-8	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	12.3 days (t 1/2)	
isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	13.4 days (t 1/2)	
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]alpha-butyl-omega-hydroxy	9003-13-8	Modeled Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	79 %BOD/ThO D	Catalogic™
Talc	14807-96-6	Data not available or insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Data not available or insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Data not available or insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	Data not available or insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.3	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method
Non-volatiles	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.36	
butane	106-97-8	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.89	
isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.76	
Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)]alpha-butyl-omega-hydroxy	9003-13-8	Modeled Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	3	Catalogic™
Talc	14807-96-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	9.6	
Dolomite	16389-88-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Modeled Mobility in Soil	Koc	135 l/kg	Episuite™

### 12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

#### EU waste code (product as sold)

16 05 04\* Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

#### EU waste code (product container after use)

15 01 04 Metallic packaging

## SECTION 14: Transportation information

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
<b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	2.1	2.1	2.1
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	Not Environmentally Hazardous	Not applicable	Not a Marine Pollutant
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.

<b>14.7 Marine Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>Control Temperature</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>Emergency Temperature</b>	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
<b>ADR Classification Code</b>	5F	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
<b>IMDG Segregation Code</b>	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	NONE

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Carcinogenicity

##### Ingredient

Talc

##### CAS Nbr

14807-96-6

##### Classification

Grp. 2A: Probable human carc.

##### Regulation

International Agency for Research on Cancer

Titanium dioxide

13463-67-7

Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.

International Agency for Research on Cancer

#### Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information.

#### DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU

Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1

Hazard Categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS	150 (net)	500 (net)

Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2

None

#### Regulation (EU) No 649/2012

No chemicals listed

### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this mixture. Chemical safety assessments for the contained substances may have been carried out by the registrants of the substances in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.



## SECTION 16: Other information

### List of relevant H statements

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Revision information:

Section 1: Address information was modified.

Section 1: E-mail address information was modified.

Label: CLP Supplemental Hazard Statements information was modified.

Section 3: Composition/ Information of ingredients table information was modified.

Section 6: Accidental release personal information information was modified.

Section 7: Conditions safe storage information was modified.

Section 8: Occupational exposure limit table information was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.

Section 11: Carcinogenicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Reproductive Toxicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Target Organs - Repeated Table information was modified.

Section 11: Target Organs - Single Table information was modified.

Section 15: Carcinogenicity information information was modified.

Two-column table displaying the unique list of H Codes and statements (std phrases) for all components of the given material. information was modified.

**DISCLAIMER:** The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

**3M Ireland MSDSs are available at [www.3M.com](http://www.3M.com)**