

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Scotch-WeldTM Structural Adhesive EC-1458

Product Identification Numbers

62-1458-6501-0, 62-1458-7501-9, 62-1458-8501-8, 62-1458-9501-7 7000046327, 7010309722

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division **ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA

Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 2.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1C. Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1. Carcinogenicity: Category 1A. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Corrosion | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Causes damage to organs: blood or blood-forming organs | cardiovascular system | kidney/urinary tract | nervous system | respiratory system.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: blood or blood-forming organs | cardiovascular system | kidney/urinary tract | liver | nervous system | respiratory system | sensory organs.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Do not breathe vapors.

Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, and if needed, respiratory protection (see SDS Section 8).

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

May cause chemical gastrointestinal burns. May cause an allergic respiratory reaction in sensitive people.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	30 - 60 Trade Secret *
Phenolic Polymer	9039-25-2	10 - 20
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	9003-18-3	10 - 15
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Phenol	108-95-2	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Toluene	108-88-3	<= 1.5
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
MIBK	108-10-1	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
Acetone	67-64-1	<= 0.99
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	<= 0.99
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.3

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin burns (localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, and tissue destruction). Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision). Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness). Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details. Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	<u>Condition</u>
Hydrocarbons	During Combustion
Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
MIBK	108-10-1	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm;STEL:75 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcin.
MIBK	108-10-1	OSHA	TWA:410 mg/m3(100 ppm)	
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin,Ototoxicant
Toluene	108-88-3	OSHA	TWA:200 ppm;CEIL:300 ppm	
Phenol	108-95-2	ACGIH	TWA:5 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin,Danger of
				cutaneous absorption
Phenol	108-95-2	OSHA	TWA:19 mg/m3(5 ppm)	SKIN
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	OSHA	TWA:1050 mg/m3(300 ppm)	
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm	
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	OSHA	TWA:1400 mg/m3(400 ppm)	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	ACGIH	TWA:0.1 ppm;STEL:0.3 ppm	A1: Confirmed human
				carcin.,Dermal/Respirato
				ry Sensitizer
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	OSHA	TWA:0.75 ppm;STEL:2 ppm	29 CFR 1910.1048
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal
				carcin.
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	OSHA	TWA:1900 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	
				absorption
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	OSHA	TWA:260 mg/m3(200 ppm)	
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH	TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
Acetone	67-64-1	OSHA	TWA:2400 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	ACGIH	TWA:75 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	Danger of cutaneous
				absorption

Methyl Ethyl Ketone | 78-93-3 | OSHA | TWA:590 mg/m3(200 ppm)

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Curing enclosures must be exhausted to outdoors or to a suitable emission control device. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

For prolonged or repeated contact, gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended (breakthrough times are >4 hours): Butyl Rubber, Polymer laminate

Any glove recommended for prolonged/repeated contact is also suitable for short-term/splash contact.

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for formaldehyde

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Discriped state	Timid	
Physical state	Liquid	
Color	Amber	
Odor	Aromatic Solvent	
Odor threshold	No Data Available	
рН	Not Applicable	
Melting point/Freezing point	No Data Available	
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	77.2 °C [Details: CONDITIONS: (ethyl acetate)]	
Flash Point	-3.9 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	2.7 [Ref Std:ETHER=1]	
Flammability	Flammable Liquid: Category 2.	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	1.8 % volume	
Flammable Limits(UEL)	11.5 % volume	
Vapor Pressure	9,652.5 Pa [@ 20 °C]	
Relative Vapor Density	3 [Ref Std: AIR=1]	
Density	0.93 g/ml	
Relative Density	0.93 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]	
Water solubility	Nil	
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available	
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available	
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available	
Kinematic Viscosity	3,441 mm2/sec	
Volatile Organic Compounds	<=680 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]	
Percent volatile	73 % weight	
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	<=680 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]	
Not Applicable		
	L	

Particle Characteristics	Not Applicable
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Not determined

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u> <u>Condition</u>

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Allergic Respiratory Reaction in sensitive people: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Corrosive (Skin Burns): Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction.

Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eve Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Corrosion: Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain; nausea; vomiting; and diarrhea; blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Cardiac Effects: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), changes in heart rate, damage to heart muscle, heart attack, and may be fatal.

Hematopoietic Effects: Signs/symptoms may include generalized weakness, fatigue and alterations in numbers of circulating blood cells.

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

Kidney/Bladder Effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Ocular Effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision.

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Cardiac Effects: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), changes in heart rate, damage to heart muscle, heart attack, and may be fatal.

Hematopoietic Effects: Signs/symptoms may include generalized weakness, fatigue and alterations in numbers of circulating blood cells.

Liver Effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

Olfactory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odors and/or complete loss of smell.

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

Kidney/Bladder Effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Additional Information:

This product contains ethanol. Alcoholic beverages and ethanol in alcoholic beverages have been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as carcinogenic to humans. There are also data associating human consumption of alcoholic beverages with developmental toxicity and liver toxicity. Exposure to ethanol during the foreseeable use of this product is not expected to cause cancer, developmental toxicity, or liver toxicity.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal	Species	No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-		No data available; calculated ATE > 50 mg/l
Overall product	Vapor(4 hr)		No data available, calculated ATE >30 llig/1
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Ethyl Acetate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 18,000 mg/kg
Ethyl Acetate	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 70.5 mg/l
Ethyl Acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,620 mg/kg
Phenolic Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Phenolic Polymer	Inhalation- Dust/Mist		LC50 estimated to be > 12.5 mg/l
Phenolic Polymer	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 30,000 mg/kg
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 8,050 mg/kg
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 34.5 mg/l
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,737 mg/kg
Ethyl Alcohol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,800 mg/kg
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 124.7 mg/l
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 17,800 mg/kg
Phenol	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 2 - 10 mg/l
Phenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 670 mg/kg
Phenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 340 mg/kg
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
Acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
Acetone	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
Acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Methyl Alcohol	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 50 - 300 mg/kg
Formaldehyde	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 270 mg/kg
Formaldehyde	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 470 ppm
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 800 mg/kg
MIBK	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 16,000 mg/kg
MIBK	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 11 mg/l
MIBK	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,038 mg/kg
ATE to to inite time - to		• • •	. , , , ,

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value

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Ethyl Acetate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Phenolic Polymer	Professio	No significant irritation
•	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Ethyl Alcohol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Phenol	Rat	Corrosive
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant
Acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Methyl Alcohol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Formaldehyde	official	Corrosive
•	classifica	
	tion	
MIBK	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Ethyl Acetate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Phenolic Polymer	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
ACRYLONITRILE-BUTADIENE POLYMER	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Ethyl Alcohol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Methyl Alcohol	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Formaldehyde	official	Corrosive
	classifica	
	tion	
MIBK	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Ethyl Acetate	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Ethyl Alcohol	Human	Not classified
Phenol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Toluene	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Methyl Alcohol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Formaldehyde	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	
MIBK	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value

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Formaldehyde	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Ethyl Acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Ethyl Acetate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Ethyl Alcohol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Ethyl Alcohol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phenol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phenol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methyl Alcohol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methyl Alcohol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	In vivo	Mutagenic
MIBK	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phenol	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phenol	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Acetone	Not Specified	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Formaldehyde	Not Specified	Human and animal	Carcinogenic
MIBK	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic

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Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 8.8 mg/l	during gestation
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/l	during gestation
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5,200 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 321 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 321 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Acetone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesi s
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	21 days
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Mouse	LOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	during organogenesi s
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg	not applicable
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 10 ppm	during gestation
MIBK	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 8.2 mg/l	2 generation
MIBK	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
MIBK	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 8.2 mg/l	2 generation
MIBK	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 12.3 mg/l	during organogenesi s

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Ethyl Acetate	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethyl Acetate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethyl Acetate	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	official classifica tion	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not applicable
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1,080 mg/kg	not applicable
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	LOAEL 9.4 mg/l	not available
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	Not classified	Human and animal	NOAEL not available	
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL not available	
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg	
Phenol	Dermal	hematoppoitic system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 108 mg/kg	not available
Phenol	Dermal	heart nervous system kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 107 mg/kg	24 hours
Phenol	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
Phenol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
Phenol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	not applicable
Phenol	Ingestion	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Phenol	Ingestion	endocrine system liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 224 mg/kg	not applicable
Phenol	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19	6 hours

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					mg/l	
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 hours
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 128 ppm	6 hours
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
MIBK	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	2 hours
MIBK	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
MIBK	Inhalation	vascular system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL Not available	not available
MIBK	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 900 mg/kg	not applicable

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Ethyl Acetate	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.043 mg/l	90 days
Ethyl Acetate	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.043 mg/l	90 days
Ethyl Acetate	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.043 mg/l	90 days
Ethyl Acetate	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rabbit	LOAEL 16 mg/l	40 days
Ethyl Acetate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,600 mg/kg/day	90 days
Ethyl Acetate	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,600 mg/kg/day	90 days
Ethyl Acetate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,600 mg/kg/day	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	31 weeks
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7	90 days

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		bladder			mg/l	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	7 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 173 mg/kg/day	90 days
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	LOAEL 124 mg/l	365 days
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/l	14 days
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/l	14 days
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 8,000 mg/kg/day	4 months
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg/day	7 days
Phenol	Dermal	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rabbit	LOAEL 260 mg/kg/day	18 days
Phenol	Inhalation	heart	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Guinea pig	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	41 days
Phenol	Inhalation	liver	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Guinea pig	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	41 days
Phenol	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Guinea pig	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	41 days
Phenol	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Guinea pig	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	41 days
Phenol	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	14 days
Phenol	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Phenol	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.1 mg/l	2 weeks
Phenol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 12 mg/kg/day	14 days
Phenol	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Mouse	LOAEL 1.8 mg/kg/day	28 days
Phenol	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 308 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Phenol	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 40 mg/kg/day	14 days
Phenol	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 40 mg/kg/day	14 days
Phenol	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.8 mg/kg/day	28 days
Phenol	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	14 days
Phenol	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Multiple animal	NOAEL 1,204	103 weeks

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				species	mg/kg/day	
Phenol	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails,	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL	103 weeks
*****		and/or hair		animal	1,204	
				species	mg/kg/day	
Toluene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs through	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning
		J J	prolonged or repeated exposure		available	and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning
			prolonged or repeated exposure		available	and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	eyes	Causes damage to organs through	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning
			prolonged or repeated exposure		available	and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through	Human	NOAEL Not	poisoning
			prolonged or repeated exposure		available	and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL 2.3	15 months
			data are not sufficient for		mg/l	
			classification			
Toluene	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3	15 weeks
					mg/l	
Toluene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3	15 weeks
					mg/l	
Toluene	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3	15 weeks
		bladder			mg/l	
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.1	4 weeks
					mg/l	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not	20 days
10140110	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	I IIIII System	1100 011100	1110400	available	20 44.75
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails,	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1	8 weeks
Total	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	and/or hair	Tion Glassified	1110400	mg/l	o weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
Total	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	system	Tion Glassified	110111011	available	exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
Total	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	vascarar system	Tion Glassified	110111011	available	exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL 11.3	15 weeks
Totache	imaaaion	Sustromestmar tract	1 tot classified	animal	mg/l	15 Weeks
				species		
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL 625	13 weeks
	11184211111		data are not sufficient for		mg/kg/day	
			classification		1119/119/4119	
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks
	8.2.1				2,500	
					mg/kg/day	
Toluene	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL	13 weeks
				animal	2,500	
				species	mg/kg/day	
Toluene	Ingestion	kidney and/or	Not classified	Multiple	NOAEL	13 weeks
	8.2.1	bladder		animal	2,500	
				species	mg/kg/day	
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 600	14 days
	5.2	system			mg/kg/day]
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105	28 days
					mg/kg/day	
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105	4 weeks
	5.2	,			mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea	NOAEL Not	3 weeks
		-9		pig	available	
Acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3	6 weeks
		system			mg/l	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19	6 days
					mg/l	,-
Acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Not classified	Guinea	NOAEL 119	not available
. 1000010	IIII alation	bladder	1.00 olubbiliou	pig	mg/l	not a variable
Acetone	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45	8 weeks
1 ICCIONE	iiiiaiatioii	iicai t	110t Classifica	Ixat	mg/l	O WCCKS
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45	8 weeks
ACCIONE	mnaiation	111001	INOU CIASSIFICU	Nat		o weeks
Agatana	Ingestion	kidnov and/or	Not classified	Dot	mg/l NOAEL 900	12 wasles
Acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or	inot classified	Rat		13 weeks
A	т	bladder	N. d. 1. C. 1	D :	mg/kg/day	12 1
Acetone	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks

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					2,500	
			27		mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL	14 days
					3,896 mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks
Accione	ingestion	Cycs	Not classified	Kat	3,400	13 WCCKS
					mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks
					2,500	
			27 . 1 . 27 . 1	n .	mg/kg/day	12 1
Acetone	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks
Acetone	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL	13 weeks
	3				11,298	
					mg/kg/day	
Acetone	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails,	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL	13 weeks
		and/or hair			11,298	
C 11	T 1 1 4	1.	N. (1 'C' 1	D 4	mg/kg/day	00.1
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.7	90 days
	Imaiation	, ,		Kat	mg/l	70 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7	10 weeks
		bladder			mg/l	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 24	14 weeks
0.11	* 1 1	system	27 . 1 . 27 . 1	D :	mg/l	20 1
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.55	4 weeks
Wiedry Friconor	Immunum	nver	Tiot classified	Tut	mg/l	1 Weeks
Methyl Alcohol	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 13.1 mg/l	6 weeks
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 days
Methyl Alcohol	ingestion	livei	Not classified	Kat	2,500	90 days
					mg/kg/day	
Methyl Alcohol	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 days
·		-			2,500	
					mg/kg/day	
Formaldehyde	Dermal	respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 80	60 weeks
T	* 1 1			n .	mg/kg/day	20 1
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.3	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	ppm NOAEL 20	13 weeks
Tomandenyde	Illiaiation	livei	Not classified	Kat	ppm	13 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 15	3 weeks
		system			ppm	
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 10	13 weeks
T	* 1 1		27 . 1 . 27 . 1	D :	ppm	20 1
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Rat	ppm NOAEL 15	28 months
1 offinaldenyde	imaanoli	minune system	110t Classifica	IXat	ppm	20 monus
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15	28 months
-					ppm	
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15	28 months
T 111 :		bladder	27 . 1 . 10 . 1		ppm	
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15	2 years
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.3	2 years
1 ormandenyue	iiiiaiatioil	Cycs	110t Classifica	IXat	ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.3	2 years
		2,000111			ppm	. ,
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 14.3	2 years
-	1	i		1	ppm	· ·

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Formaldehyde	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	24 months
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years
MIBK	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
MIBK	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.8 mg/l	2 weeks
MIBK	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.4 mg/l	90 days
MIBK	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.1 mg/l	14 weeks
MIBK	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	90 days
MIBK	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	90 days
MIBK	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
MIBK	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
MIBK	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
MIBK	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
MIBK	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
MIBK	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,040 mg/kg/day	120 days
MIBK	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,040 mg/kg/day	120 days
MIBK	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,040 mg/kg/day	120 days
MIBK	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,040	120 days

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					mg/kg/day	
MIBK	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,040	120 days
					mg/kg/dav	

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Toluene	Aspiration hazard
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
MIBK	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for
	classification

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable), D026 (Cresol), D035 (Methyl ethyl ketone)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards	
Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)	

Health Hazards	
Carcinogenicity	

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Reproductive toxicity

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Skin Corrosion or Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>		
Phenol	108-95-2	Trade Secret	1 -	5
Toluene	108-88-3	<= 1.5		
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.3		
MIBK	108-10-1	Trade Secret	0.1 -	- 1

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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