



Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Structural Adhesive Film AF 131-2

Product Identification Numbers

62-3157-3905-2, 62-3157-5305-3, 62-3157-5505-8, 62-3157-5506-6, 62-3165-5105-0, 62-3165-5106-8, 62-3165-5155-5
7000000841, 7000046427

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Structural Adhesive Film

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M
DIVISION: Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division
ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Acute Toxicity (oral): Category 4.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Reproductive Toxicity: Lactation.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms**Hazard Statements**

Harmful if swallowed.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Causes damage to organs:

blood or blood-forming organs |

liver |

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

blood or blood-forming organs |

liver |

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

gastrointestinal tract |

nervous system |

Precautionary Statements**Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Wear protective gloves.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

Notes to Physician:

Overexposure to this product may result in methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia may be clinically suspected by the presence of clinical "cyanosis" in the presence of a normal PaO₂ (as obtained by arterial blood gases). Routine pulse oximetry may be inaccurate for monitoring oxygen saturation in the presence of methemoglobinemia, and should not be used to make the diagnosis of this disorder. If the patient is symptomatic or if the methemoglobin level is >20%, specific therapy with methylene blue should be considered as part of the medical management.

97% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	80-08-0	15 - 40 Trade Secret *
EPOXY RESIN B	Trade Secret*	20 - 40 Trade Secret *
EPOXY RESIN A	5026-74-4	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
EPOXY RESIN C	25068-38-6	< 10 Trade Secret *
AMORPHOUS SILICA	112945-52-5	0.5 - 3
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	67762-90-7	0.5 - 2.5
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	<= 0.9 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

If exposed, flush eyes with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details. Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Overexposure to this product may result in methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia may be clinically suspected by the presence of clinical "cyanosis" in the presence of a normal PaO₂ (as obtained by arterial blood gases). Routine pulse oximetry may be inaccurate for monitoring oxygen saturation in the presence of methemoglobinemia, and should not be used to make the diagnosis of this disorder. If the patient is symptomatic or if the methemoglobin level is >20%, specific therapy with methylene blue should be considered as part of the medical management.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish. Non-combustible. Use a fire fighting agent suitable for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance

Aldehydes
Carbon monoxide
Carbon dioxide
Hydrogen Chloride
Oxides of Nitrogen
Oxides of Sulfur

Condition

During Combustion
During Combustion
During Combustion
During Combustion
During Combustion
During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	112945-52-5	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3	

SILICA, AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	ACGIH	TWA:75 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	Danger of cutaneous absorption
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	OSHA	TWA:590 mg/m3(200 ppm)	
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	80-08-0	Manufacturer determined	TWA:0.1 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Chemical Protective glove of any material type

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for particulates

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state

Solid

Color

Tan

Specific Physical Form:

Film

Odor	Odorless
Odor threshold	No Data Available
pH	Not Applicable
Melting point	No Data Available
Boiling Point	Not Applicable
Flash Point	No flash point
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Classified
Flammable Limits(LEL)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(UEL)	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable
Vapor Density	Not Applicable
Density	.96 g/cm3 [@ 20 °C]
Specific Gravity	0.96 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not Applicable
Autoignition temperature	Not Applicable
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Viscosity	Not Applicable
Molecular weight	No Data Available
Volatile Organic Compounds	No Data Available
Percent volatile	Negligible
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	No Data Available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization may occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid curing large quantities of material to prevent a premature reaction (exotherm) with production of intense heat and smoke.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be

relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

May be harmful if inhaled. Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Eye Contact:

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:

Harmful if swallowed. Physical Blockage: Signs/symptoms may include cramping, abdominal pain, and constipation.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Methemoglobinemia: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, nausea, difficulty breathing, and generalized weakness.

Liver Effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

Blood Effects: Signs/symptoms may include generalized weakness and fatigue, skin pallor, changes in blood clotting time, internal bleeding, and/or hemoglobinemia.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Liver Effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

Gastrointestinal Effects: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Blood Effects: Signs/symptoms may include generalized weakness and fatigue, skin pallor, changes in blood clotting time, internal bleeding, and/or hemoglobinemia.

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Contains a chemical or chemicals which may interfere with lactation or be harmful to breastfed children.

Genotoxicity:

Genotoxicity and Mutagenicity: May interact with genetic material and possibly alter gene expression.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or

the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Dust/Mist(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >5 - =12.5 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >300 - =2,000 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN B	Ingestion	Not available	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN B	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	Professional judgement	LD50 250 mg/kg
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN A	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 4,000 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN A	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,037 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN C	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN C	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 8,050 mg/kg
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 34.5 mg/l
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,737 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Overall product	Multiple animal species	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN B	Professional judgement	Mild irritant
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN A	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN C	Rabbit	Mild irritant
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
EPOXY RESIN B	Professional	Moderate irritant

	judgement	
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	In vitro data	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN A	Rabbit	Mild irritant
EPOXY RESIN C	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Rabbit	Severe irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Overall product	Guinea pig	Not classified
EPOXY RESIN B	similar compounds	Not classified
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Mouse	Not classified
EPOXY RESIN A	Mouse	Sensitizing
EPOXY RESIN C	Human and animal	Sensitizing
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Human and animal	Not classified
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Human and animal	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
EPOXY RESIN C	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
EPOXY RESIN B	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
EPOXY RESIN A	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
EPOXY RESIN A	In vivo	Mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN C	In vivo	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN C	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
AMORPHOUS SILICA	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
EPOXY RESIN C	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 30 mg/kg/day	2 generation
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 7.5 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN A	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN A	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	during gestation
EPOXY RESIN A	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN C	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN C	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN C	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
EPOXY RESIN C	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 8.8 mg/l	during gestation

Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	Human	Causes effects on or via lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
EPOXY RESIN B	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not Available	
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	blood methemoglobinemia liver	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not applicable
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1,080 mg/kg	not applicable

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	blood liver	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 54 mg/kg/day	30 days
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
P,P'-DIAMINODIPHENYL SULFONE	Ingestion	endocrine system eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	90 days
EPOXY RESIN A	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	90 days
EPOXY RESIN A	Ingestion	endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system liver immune system kidney and/or bladder nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 450 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN A	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	90 days
EPOXY RESIN C	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
EPOXY RESIN C	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
EPOXY RESIN C	Ingestion	auditory system heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver eyes kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational

		silicosis			available	exposure
DIMETHYL SILOXANE, REACTION PRODUCT WITH SILICA	Inhalation	respiratory system silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	31 weeks
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	liver kidney and/or bladder heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	7 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 173 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D035 (Methyl ethyl ketone)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards

Not applicable

Health Hazards

Acute toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

This product is an article as defined by TSCA regulations, and is exempt from TSCA Inventory listing requirements.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 1 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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