



Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (1907/2006), as amended for GB.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

3M Scotch 1601 Sealer

Product Identification Numbers

DE-9999-5331-3

7000032614

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Electrical

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address:	3M United Kingdom PLC, 3M Centre, Cain Road, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 8HT.
Telephone:	+44 (0)1344 858 000
E Mail:	ner-productstewardship@mmm.com
Website:	www.3M.com/uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1344 858 000

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 as amended for Great Britain

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

Aspiration hazard classification does not apply due to the spray pattern of the product.

CLASSIFICATION:

Aerosol, Category 1 - Aerosol 1; H222, H229

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2 - Eye Irrit. 2; H319

Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Repeated Exposure, Category 2 - STOT RE 2; H373

Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single Exposure, Category 3 - STOT SE 3; H336

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements**The retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 as amended for Great Britain****SIGNAL WORD**

DANGER.

Symbols

GHS02 (Flame) | GHS07 (Exclamation mark) | GHS08 (Health Hazard) |

Pictograms

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	EC No.	% by Wt
acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	15 - 40
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	204-658-1	10 - 30

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system sensory organs.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**Prevention:**

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260E	Do not breathe vapour or spray.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
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Storage:

P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
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13% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity.
 13% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute dermal toxicity.
 47% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.
 Contains 27% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Nota P applied.

2.3. Other hazards

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP], as amended for GB
butane	(CAS-No.) 106-97-8 (EC-No.) 203-448-7	15 - 40	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Liquified gas, H280 Nota C,U
acetone	(CAS-No.) 67-64-1 (EC-No.) 200-662-2	15 - 40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066
n-butyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 123-86-4 (EC-No.) 204-658-1	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066
propane	(CAS-No.) 74-98-6 (EC-No.) 200-827-9	10 - 30	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Liquified gas, H280 Nota U
Binding agent	None	10 - 30	Substance not classified as hazardous
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	(CAS-No.) 64742-95-6 (EC-No.) 265-199-0	5 - 10	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Nota P Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
xylene	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7 (EC-No.) 215-535-7	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Nota C Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects based on the GB CLP classification include:

Irritation to the skin (localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness). Serious irritation to the eyes (significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and impaired vision). Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness). Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-

sparkling tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
butane	106-97-8	UK HSE	TWA:1450 mg/m ³ (600 ppm);STEL:1810 mg/m ³ (750 ppm)	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	UK HSE	TWA:724 mg/m ³ (150 ppm);STEL:966 mg/m ³ (200 ppm)	
xylene	1330-20-7	UK HSE	TWA:220 mg/m ³ (50 ppm);STEL:441 mg/m ³ (100 ppm)	SKIN

acetone	67-64-1	UK HSE	TWA:1210 mg/m ³ (500 ppm);STEL:3620 mg/m ³ (1500 ppm)	
propane	74-98-6	UK HSE	Limit value not established:	asphyxiant

UK HSE : UK Health and Safety Commission
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	Agency	Determinant	Biological Specimen	Sampling Time	Value	Additional comments
xylene	1330-20-7	UK EH40 BMGVs	Methyl hippuric acid	Creatinine in urine	EOS	650 mmol/mol	

UK EH40 BMGVs : UK. EH40 Biological Monitoring Guidance Values (BMGVs)
EOS: End of shift.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Provide ventilated enclosure for heat curing. Curing enclosures must be exhausted to outdoors or to a suitable emission control device. Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Indirect vented goggles.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use eye protection conforming to EN 16321

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material	Thickness (mm)	Breakthrough Time
Butyl rubber.	No data available	No data available
Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA).	No data available	No data available
Polymer laminate	No data available	No data available

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use gloves tested to EN 374

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following

respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter type A

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless
Odor	Solvent
Odour threshold	<i>No data available.</i>
Melting point/freezing point	<i>No data available.</i>
Boiling point/boiling range	<i>No data available.</i>
Flammability	Flammable Aerosol: Category 1.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	0.8 %
Flammable Limits(UEL)	<i>No data available.</i>
Flash point	approximately -30 °C
Autoignition temperature	300 °C
Decomposition temperature	<i>No data available.</i>
pH	<i>substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)</i>
Kinematic Viscosity	<i>Not applicable.</i>
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	<i>No data available.</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	<i>No data available.</i>
Vapour pressure	320,000 Pa
Relative density	0.788 [Ref Std: AIR=1]
Relative Vapour Density	<i>No data available.</i>
Particle Characteristics	<i>Not applicable.</i>

9.2. Other information

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

EU Volatile Organic Compounds	<i>No data available.</i>
Evaporation rate	<i>No data available.</i>
Percent volatile	60 - 95 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.
 High shear and high temperature conditions
 Sparks and/or flames.
 Temperatures above the boiling point.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.
 Explosive when mixed with oxidizing substances.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Hydrocarbons.	Not specified.
Carbon monoxide	Not specified.
Carbon dioxide.	Not specified.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in the retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain.**Signs and Symptoms of Exposure**

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:**Single exposure may cause target organ effects:**

Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears. Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Respiratory effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish coloured skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and respiratory failure. Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may

cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Neurological effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >20 - =50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
acetone	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
butane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 277,000 ppm
n-butyl acetate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 14,112 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 1.8 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 21 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,760 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
xylene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.2 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
xylene	Inhalation-Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 29 mg/l
xylene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,523 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
butane	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
n-butyl acetate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Rabbit	Irritant
xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
butane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
n-butyl acetate	Human	Mild irritant
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Rabbit	Mild irritant
xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
n-butyl acetate	Multiple animal species	Not classified
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Guinea pig	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
butane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
n-butyl acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
xylene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
xylene	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
acetone	Not specified.	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
xylene	Dermal	Rat	Not carcinogenic
xylene	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
xylene	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity**Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
acetone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 9.5 mg/l	2 generation
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 9.5	2 generation

				mg/l	
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 3.6 mg/l	2 generation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,500 ppm	2 generation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,500 ppm	2 generation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 500 ppm	2 generation
xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
xylene	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during organogenesis
xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	during gestation

Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
xylene	Ingestion	Mouse	Not classified for effects on or via lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
acetone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
butane	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 5,000 ppm	25 minutes
butane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
n-butyl acetate	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 6.3 mg/l	8 hours
xylene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	not available
xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg	not applicable

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
acetone	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
acetone	Inhalation	heart liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days
acetone	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks
acetone	Ingestion	skin bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
butane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver nervous system kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 9.6 mg/l	13 weeks

		bladder				
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 4.8 mg/l	13 weeks
n-butyl acetate	Inhalation	heart bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair immune system eyes vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 9.6 mg/l	13 weeks
xylene	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.4 mg/l	4 weeks
xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 7.8 mg/l	5 days
xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Inhalation	heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system muscles kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	13 weeks
xylene	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	2 weeks
xylene	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
xylene	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Ingestion	heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Aspiration hazard
xylene	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	Identifier(s)	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
acetone	67-64-1	Algae or other aquatic plants	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	11,493 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Invertebrate	Experimental	24 hours	LC50	2,100 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	1,700 mg/l
acetone	67-64-1	Redworm	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	>100
butane	106-97-8	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	ErC50	397 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	18 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	44 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEC	196 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEC	23.2 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Ciliated protozoa	Experimental	40 hours	IC50	356 mg/l
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Lettuce	Experimental	14 days	EC50	>1,000 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
propane	74-98-6	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	Fathead minnow	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	8.2 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EL50	7.9 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	3.2 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	0.22 mg/l
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEL	2.6 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	73 hours	ErC50	4.36 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LC50	2.6 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EC50	3.82 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	73 hours	NOEC	0.44 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	7 days	NOEC	0.96 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Experimental	56 days	NOEC	1.3 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Activated sludge	Analogous Compound	30 minutes	EC50	>198 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Redworm	Experimental	56 days	NOEC	42.6 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
xylene	1330-20-7	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	EC50	>1,000 mg/kg (Dry Weight)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	Identifier(s)	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	78 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	147 days (t 1/2)	
butane	106-97-8	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	12.3 days (t 1/2)	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	83 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	6.3 days (t 1/2)	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life (pH 7)	3.1 years (t 1/2)	
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	27.5 days (t 1/2)	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	78 %BOD/COD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
xylene	1330-20-7	Analogous Compound Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	94 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	1.4 days (t 1/2)	

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Identifier(s)	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulation factor	0.65	
acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-0.24	
butane	106-97-8	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.89	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.3	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method
propane	74-98-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.36	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	Estimated BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	598	OECD305-Bioconcentration
xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<=25.9	
xylene	1330-20-7	Analogous Compound Bioconcentration		Log Kow	3.2	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Identifier(s)	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
acetone	67-64-1	Modeled Mobility in Soil	Koc	9.7 l/kg	Episuite™
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Modeled Mobility in Soil	Koc	135 l/kg	Episuite™
xylene	1330-20-7	Analogous Compound Mobility in Soil	Koc	537 l/kg	

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

EU waste code (product as sold)

- 08 04 09* Waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
- 16 05 04* Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

EU waste code (product container after use)

- 15 01 04 Metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transportation information

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
14.1 - UN Number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
14.5 Environmental hazards	Not Environmentally Hazardous	Not applicable.	Not a Marine Pollutant
14.6 Special precautions for user	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.
14.7 Marine Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.

Control Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Emergency Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
ADR Classification Code	5F	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
IMDG Segregation Code	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	NONE

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>Identifier(s)</u>	<u>Classification</u>	<u>Regulation</u>
xylene	1330-20-7	Gr. 3: Not classifiable	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Regulation UK regulation 2023/63 (marketing and use of explosive precursors and poisons)

This product contains a reportable substance according to UK legislation 1972/66: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point. Please see UK Regulation 2023/63 for further details.

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information.

COMAH Regulation, SI 2015/483

Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1

None

Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2

None

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, as amended for GB

No chemicals listed

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended for GB.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system sensory organs.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Relevant Notas

Nota C	Some organic substances may be marketed either in a specific isomeric form or as a mixture of several isomers. In this case the supplier must state on the label whether the substance is a specific isomer or a mixture of isomers.
Nota P	The harmonised classification as a carcinogen or mutagen applies unless it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (Einecs No 200-753-7), in which case a classification in accordance with Title II of this Regulation shall be performed also for those hazard classes. Where the substance is not classified as a carcinogen or mutagen, at least the precautionary statements (P102-)P260-P262-P301 + P310- P331 shall apply.
Nota U	When put on the market gases have to be classified as 'Gases under pressure', in one of the groups compressed gas, liquefied gas, refrigerated liquefied gas or dissolved gas. The group depends on the physical state in which the gas is packaged and therefore has to be assigned case by case. The following codes are assigned: Press. Gas (Comp.) Press. Gas (Liq.) Press. Gas (Ref. Liq.) Press. Gas (Diss.) Aerosols shall not be classified as gases under pressure (See Annex I, Part 2, Section 2.3.2.1, Nota 2).

Revision information:

EU Section 14 - Table Data information was added.

EU Section 14 - Table Headers information was added.

GBSDS Section 14 Transport in bulk - Main Heading information was deleted.

GBSDS Section 14 UN Number information was deleted.

Section 1: E-mail address information was modified.

Label: Graphic information was modified.

Section 3: Composition/ Information of ingredients table information was modified.

Section 6: Accidental release personal information information was modified.

Section 7: Conditions safe storage information was modified.

Section 8: Occupational exposure limit table information was modified.

OEL Reg Agency Desc information was modified.

Section 9: Flammability (solid, gas) information information was deleted.

Section 09: Flammability information information was added.

Section 09: Particle Characteristics N/A information was added.

Section 9: Vapour pressure value information was added.

Section 9: Vapour pressure value information was deleted.
Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.
Section 11: Reproductive Toxicity Table information was modified.
Section 11: Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Table information was modified.
Section 11: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Table information was modified.
Section 11: Target Organs - Repeated Table information was modified.
Section 11: Target Organs - Single Table information was modified.
Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.
Section 12: Mobility in soil information information was modified.
Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.
Section 12: Biocumulative potential information information was modified.
Section 14 Classification Code – Main Heading information was deleted.
Section 14 Classification Code – Regulation Data information was deleted.
Section 14 Control Temperature – Main Heading information was deleted.
Section 14 Control Temperature – Regulation Data information was deleted.
Section 14 Emergency Temperature – Main Heading information was deleted.
Section 14 Emergency Temperature – Regulation Data information was deleted.
Section 14 Hazard Class + Sub Risk – Main Heading information was deleted.
Section 14 Hazard Class + Sub Risk – Regulation Data information was deleted.
Section 14 Other Dangerous Goods – Main Heading information was deleted.
Section 14 Other Dangerous Goods – Regulation Data information was deleted.
Section 14 Packing Group – Main Heading information was deleted.
Section 14 Packing Group – Regulation Data information was deleted.
Section 14 Proper Shipping Name information was deleted.
Section 14 Regulations – Main Headings information was deleted.
Section 14 Segregation – Regulation Data information was deleted.
Section 14 Segregation Code – Main Heading information was deleted.
Section 14 Special Precautions – Main Heading information was deleted.
Section 14 Special Precautions – Regulation Data information was deleted.
Section 14 Transport in bulk – Regulation Data information was deleted.
Section 14 UN Number Column data information was deleted.
Section 15: Seveso Substance Text information was deleted.
Section 16: Two-column table displaying the unique list of Notas for all components of the given material. information was added.

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