Safety Data Sheet

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Document Group:	26-6656-8	**Version Number:**	4.04
Issue Date:	02/24/26	**Supersedes Date:**	01/09/24

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M(TM) Scotch-Weld(TM) Epoxy Adhesive 420LH Off-White, Part A

Product Identification Numbers
62-2918-8530-9
7010365971

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Structural adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1B.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Danger

Symbols
Corrosion |Exclamation mark |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:
Do not breathe vapors.
Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and face protection.

Response:
IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF IN EYES OR ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified
May cause chemical gastrointestinal burns.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Modified Epoxy Resin (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-6839)	Trade Secret*	40 - 80
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	4246-51-9	15 - 40 Trade Secret *
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	90-72-2	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Amorphous Silica	67762-90-7	1 - 5
Calcium Salt	55120-75-7	1 - 5 Trade Secret *

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact:
Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin burns (localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, and tissue destruction). Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Aldehydes	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Fluoride	During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information

regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Silica: Amorphous, including natural diatomaceous earth	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Full Face Shield
Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

For prolonged or repeated contact, gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended (breakthrough times are >4 hours): Butyl Rubber, Nitrile Rubber, Polymer laminate

Any glove recommended for prolonged/repeated contact is also suitable for short-term/splash contact.

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator.
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Color	Amber
Odor	Mild Amine, Pungent Odor
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
pH	*Not Applicable*
Melting point/Freezing point	*No Data Available*
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	>=175 ºC
Flash Point	>=171.1 ºC [*Test Method:*Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	*Not Applicable*
Flammability	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*Not Applicable*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*Not Applicable*
Vapor Pressure	*Not Applicable*

Relative Vapor Density	*Not Applicable*
Density	1.12 g/ml
Relative Density	1.12 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Water solubility	Slight (less than 10%)
Solubility- non-water	*No Data Available*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Autoignition temperature	*No Data Available*
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*
Kinematic Viscosity	8,929 mm2/sec
Volatile Organic Compounds	*No Data Available*
Percent volatile	*No Data Available*
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	0 g/l [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [*Details:*when used as intended with Part B]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	0 g/l [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [*Details:*as supplied]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	0 % [*Test Method:*calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [*Details:*when used as intended with Part B]
Molecular weight	*No Data Available*

Particle Characteristics	*Not Applicable*

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Heat is generated during cure. Do not cure a mass larger than 50 grams in a confined space to prevent a premature exothermic reaction with production of intense heat and smoke.

10.5. Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	**Condition**
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be

present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:
Corrosive (Skin Burns): Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction.

Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:
Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Corrosion: Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain; nausea; vomiting; and diarrhea; blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,525 mg/kg
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,850 mg/kg
Amorphous Silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Amorphous Silica	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 1,280 mg/kg
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,000 mg/kg
Calcium Salt	Dermal	Professional judgement	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Calcium Salt	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Rabbit	Corrosive
Amorphous Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Calcium Salt	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Rabbit	Corrosive
Amorphous Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Calcium Salt	Rabbit	Corrosive

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Professional judgement	Sensitizing
Amorphous Silica	Human and animal	Not classified
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Guinea pig	Not classified
Calcium Salt	Guinea pig	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Amorphous Silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Calcium Salt	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Amorphous Silica	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	2 generation
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	2 generation
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 15	during

				mg/kg/day	gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Calcium Salt	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
Amorphous Silica	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Amorphous Silica	Inhalation	silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Dermal	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Dermal	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Dermal	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks

2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
2,4,6-tris((Dimethylamino)Methyl)Phenol	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material

and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards
Not Applicable.

Health Hazards
Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Skin Corrosion or Irritation

15.2. State Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories
The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 3 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document Group:	26-6656-8	**Version Number:**	4.04
Issue Date:	02/24/26	**Supersedes Date:**	01/09/24

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