



Safety Data Sheet

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Product identifier

3M™ Aerospace Sealant AC-350 B-1/4

ID Number(s):

41-4901-0264-1, 70-0052-0247-1, 70-0052-0248-9, 70-0052-0249-7, 70-0052-0250-5, 70-0052-0741-3

7100094360, 7100094361, 7000123234, 7010370388

Recommended use

For industrial or professional use only., Sealant

Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division

ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Article Information Sheet (AIS), or Article Information Letter (AIL) for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component documents from this cover page. The document numbers for components of this product are:

30-3248-9, 30-3075-6

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Issue Date:	03/27/24	Supersedes Date:	05/02/23

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Aerospace Sealant AC-350 B-1/4 Catalyst

Product Identification Numbers

LC-B100-1099-4, LC-B100-1099-5, LC-B100-1099-6, LC-B100-1387-5, 41-4901-0222-9, 41-4901-0251-8, 42-0044-2036-2 4100040467

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Hardener, For industrial or professional use only.

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Reproductive Toxicity: Lactation.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms**Hazard Statements**

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

nervous system |

respiratory system |

Precautionary Statements**Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

12% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

16% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	30 - 45 Trade Secret *
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	61788-32-7	30 - 40
PARTIALLY HYDROGENATED POLYPHENYLS	68956-74-1	<= 10
DIPENTAMETHYLENETHIURAM HEXASULFIDE	971-15-3	1 - 5

TERPHENYL	26140-60-3	1 - 5
WATER	7732-18-5	1 - 5
NATURAL AMORPHOUS COMPOUNDS	Trade Secret*	<= 5
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	< 1 Trade Secret *
ACETONE	67-64-1	<= 0.99
CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	<= 0.99
HEPTANE	142-82-5	<= 0.99
POLY(OXY-1,2-ETHANEDIYL), .ALPHA.- (NONYLPHENYL)-.OMEGA.-HYDROXY-, BRANCHED, PHOSPHATES	68412-53-3	0.1 - 0.6
FERBAM	14484-64-1	<= 0.5 Trade Secret *
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	8042-47-5	<= 0.3
LEAD	7439-92-1	<= 0.10 Trade Secret *
Nickel	7440-02-0	< 0.05
Cadmium	7440-43-9	<= 0.005

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance

Carbon monoxide

Carbon dioxide

Condition

During Combustion

During Combustion

Oxides of Nitrogen
Oxides of Lead
Oxides of Sulfur

During Combustion
During Combustion
During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from heat. Store away from acids.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
CYCLOHEXANE	110-82-7	OSHA	TWA:1050 mg/m3(300 ppm)	
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	ACGIH	CEIL:2 mg/m3	
Sodium Hydroxide	1310-73-2	OSHA	TWA:2 mg/m3	
MANGANESE COMPOUNDS	1313-13-9	OSHA	CEIL(as Mn):5 mg/m3	
MANGANESE, INORGANIC COMPOUNDS	1313-13-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Mn, respirable fraction):0.02 mg/m3;TWA(as	A4: Not class. as human carcin

			Mn, inhalable fraction):0.1 mg/m3	
HEPTANE	142-82-5	ACGIH	TWA:400 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	
HEPTANE	142-82-5	OSHA	TWA:2000 mg/m3(500 ppm)	
FERBAM	14484-64-1	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
FERBAM	14484-64-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):0.025 mg/m3	A2: Suspected human carcin.
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	OSHA	TWA Table Z-1(respirable):0.05 mg/m3;TWA Table Z-3(respirable):0.1 mg/m3;TWA concentration(respirable):0.1 mg/m3(2.4 millions of particles/cu. ft.)	
TERPHENYL	26140-60-3	ACGIH	CEIL:5 mg/m3	
TERPHENYL	26140-60-3	OSHA	CEIL:9 mg/m3(1 ppm)	
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	61788-32-7	ACGIH	TWA:0.5 ppm	
ACETONE	67-64-1	ACGIH	TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcin
ACETONE	67-64-1	OSHA	TWA:2400 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
LEAD	7439-92-1	ACGIH	TWA(as Pb):0.05 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
LEAD	7439-92-1	OSHA	TWA:0.05 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1025
Nickel	7440-02-0	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):1.5 mg/m3	A5: Not suspected human carcin
Nickel	7440-02-0	OSHA	TWA(as Ni):1 mg/m3	
Cadmium	7440-43-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Cd):0.01 mg/m3	A2: Suspected human carcin.
Cadmium	7440-43-9	OSHA	TWA(as fume):0.1 mg/m3;TWA(as dust):0.2 mg/m3;TWA:0.005 mg/m3;CEIL(as fume):0.3 mg/m3;CEIL(as dust):0.6 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1027
MINERAL OILS, HIGHLY-REFINED OILS	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Paraffin oil	8042-47-5	OSHA	TWA(as mist):5 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber

Neoprene

Nitrile Rubber

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Physical state

Liquid

Color

Dark Brown

Odor

Slight Odor

Odor threshold

No Data Available

pH

Not Applicable

Melting point

Not Applicable

Boiling Point

No Data Available

Flash Point

≥ 200 °F [*Test Method*: Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate

No Data Available

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not Applicable

Flammable Limits(LEL)

No Data Available

Flammable Limits(UEL)

No Data Available

Vapor Pressure

Negligible

Vapor Density

≥ 1 [*Ref Std*: AIR=1]

Density

1.58 g/ml

Specific Gravity

≥ 1.58 [*Ref Std*: WATER=1]

Solubility in Water

Nil

Solubility- non-water

No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water

No Data Available

Autoignition temperature

No Data Available

Decomposition temperature

No Data Available

Viscosity

No Data Available

Molecular weight

Not Applicable

Volatile Organic Compounds

3.0 g/l [*Test Method*: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

VOC Less H₂O & Exempt Solvents

3.2 g/l [*Test Method*: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Reducing agents

Strong acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Contains a chemical or chemicals which may interfere with lactation or be harmful to breastfed children.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size)	14808-60-7	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Cadmium and Cadmium Compounds	7440-43-9	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Cadmium and cadmium compounds	7440-43-9	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Cadmium	7440-43-9	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
CADMIUM	7440-43-9	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Lead	7439-92-1	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEAD	7439-92-1	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Nickel (Metallic)	7440-02-0	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Nickel, metallic and alloys	7440-02-0	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Silica dust, crystalline, in the form of quartz or cristobalite	14808-60-7	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000 mg/kg
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 2,000 mg/kg
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 1.5 mg/l
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,197 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 4.7 mg/l
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
DIPENTAMETHYLENETHIURAM HEXASULFIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
TERPHENYL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
TERPHENYL	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LD50 > 3.8 mg/l
TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,304 mg/kg
HEPTANE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
HEPTANE	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 103 mg/l

HEPTANE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
ACETONE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
ACETONE	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
ACETONE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
CYCLOHEXANE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
CYCLOHEXANE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
QUARTZ SILICA	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
QUARTZ SILICA	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
POLY(OXY-1,2-ETHANEDIYL), .ALPHA.-(NONYLPHENYL)-.OMEGA.-HYDROXY-, BRANCHED, PHOSPHATES	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,450
FERBAM	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,000 mg/kg
FERBAM	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.4 mg/l
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,130 mg/kg
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
LEAD	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Nickel	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Nickel	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.55 mg/l
Nickel	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 9,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HEPTANE	Human	Mild irritant
ACETONE	Mouse	Minimal irritation
CYCLOHEXANE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Sodium Hydroxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
QUARTZ SILICA	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
POLY(OXY-1,2-ETHANEDIYL), .ALPHA.-(NONYLPHENYL)-.OMEGA.-HYDROXY-, BRANCHED, PHOSPHATES	Rabbit	Irritant
FERBAM	Rabbit	No significant irritation
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
LEAD	similar compounds	No significant irritation
Nickel	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HEPTANE	Professional judgement	Moderate irritant

	nt	
ACETONE	Rabbit	Severe irritant
CYCLOHEXANE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Sodium Hydroxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
POLY(OXY-1,2-ETHANEDIYL), .ALPHA.-(NONYLPHENYL)-.OMEGA.-HYDROXY-, BRANCHED, PHOSPHATES	Rabbit	Corrosive
FERBAM	Rabbit	Severe irritant
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
LEAD	similar compounds	Mild irritant
Nickel	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Mouse	Not classified
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Human	Not classified
Sodium Hydroxide	Human	Not classified
POLY(OXY-1,2-ETHANEDIYL), .ALPHA.-(NONYLPHENYL)-.OMEGA.-HYDROXY-, BRANCHED, PHOSPHATES	Human	Not classified
FERBAM	Guinea pig	Not classified
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Guinea pig	Not classified
Nickel	Human	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	In vivo	Not mutagenic
DIPENTAMETHYLENETHIURAM HEXASULFIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TERPHENYL	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TERPHENYL	In vivo	Not mutagenic
HEPTANE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
ACETONE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
ACETONE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
CYCLOHEXANE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
CYCLOHEXANE	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Sodium Hydroxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
QUARTZ SILICA	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
QUARTZ SILICA	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
POLY(OXY-1,2-ETHANEDIYL), .ALPHA.-(NONYLPHENYL)-.OMEGA.-HYDROXY-, BRANCHED, PHOSPHATES	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
LEAD	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
ACETONE	Not Specified	Multiple animal	Not carcinogenic

		species	
QUARTZ SILICA	Inhalation	Human and animal	Carcinogenic
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
LEAD	Not Specified	official classification	Carcinogenic
Nickel	Inhalation	similar compounds	Carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/m ³	2 generation
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rabbit	LOAEL 250 mg/kg	1 days
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 354 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 61 mg/m ³	gestation into lactation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 81 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 62 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
ACETONE	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
ACETONE	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	3 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	3 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 11 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
LEAD	Not Specified	Toxic to female reproduction	Human	LOAEL 10 ug/dl blood	
LEAD	Not Specified	Toxic to male reproduction	Human	LOAEL 37 ug/dl blood	
LEAD	Not Specified	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	

Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	Causes effects on or via lactation

Target Organ(s)**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
HEPTANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
HEPTANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
HEPTANE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ACETONE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ACETONE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
ACETONE	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
ACETONE	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
ACETONE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
CYCLOHEXANE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Sodium Hydroxide	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	
LEAD	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs	Human	LOAEL 90 ug/dl blood	poisoning and/or abuse
LEAD	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Monkey	LOAEL 1.1 mg/m ³	10 months
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Dermal	skin	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	3 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Dermal	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	3 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation	liver hematopoietic system eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	13 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	hematopoietic system kidney and/or bladder liver eyes respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	14 weeks

HEPTANE	Inhalation	liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 12 mg/l	26 weeks
ACETONE	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks
ACETONE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks
ACETONE	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days
ACETONE	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available
ACETONE	Inhalation	heart liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days
ACETONE	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks
ACETONE	Ingestion	skin bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
CYCLOHEXANE	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
QUARTZ SILICA	Inhalation	silicosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	liver immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
LEAD	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 60 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 50 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	heart endocrine system immune system vascular	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

		system				
LEAD	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 20 ug/dl blood	3 months
LEAD	Ingestion	eyes	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.5 mg/kg/day	20 days
LEAD	Ingestion	hematopoietic system kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	environmental exposure
LEAD	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 11 ug/dl blood	environmental exposure
LEAD	Ingestion	auditory system heart endocrine system vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	environmental exposure
Nickel	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.001 mg/l	13 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
HEPTANE	Aspiration hazard
CYCLOHEXANE	Aspiration hazard
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D006 (Cadmium), D008 (Lead)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards

Not applicable

Health Hazards

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Skin Corrosion or Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
MANGANESE DIOXIDE (MANGANESE COMPOUNDS)	1313-13-9	Trade Secret 30 - 45
LEAD	7439-92-1	Trade Secret <= 0.10
LEAD (Lead)	7439-92-1	Trade Secret <= 0.10

This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>Listing</u>
Lead	7439-92-1	Female reproductive toxin
Lead	7439-92-1	Male reproductive toxin
Lead	7439-92-1	Carcinogen
Lead	7439-92-1	Developmental Toxin
Nickel (metallic)	7440-02-0	Carcinogen

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document Group:	30-3075-6	Version Number:	6.03
Issue Date:	03/27/24	Supersedes Date:	05/02/23

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Safety Data Sheet

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Version Number: 3.00
Supersedes Date: 05/10/23

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Aerospace Sealant AC-350 B-1/4, B-1/2, B-2, B-4, B-6, and B-12 Base

Product Identification Numbers

LC-B100-1091-7, LC-B100-1091-8, LC-B100-1091-9, LC-B100-1092-0, LC-B100-1092-1, LC-B100-1092-2, LC-B100-1137-7, LC-B100-1137-8, LC-B100-1138-3, 42-0044-2114-7, 42-0044-2115-4, 42-0044-2116-2, 42-0044-2117-0, 42-0044-2118-8, 42-0044-2119-6, 42-0044-2222-8, 42-0044-2224-4, 42-0044-2226-9, 42-0044-2228-5, 42-0044-2230-1, 42-0044-2260-8, 42-0044-2261-6, 42-0044-2262-4, 70-0052-0965-8, 70-0052-1974-9
7010370472, 7100199199

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Sealant

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M
DIVISION: Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division
ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Warning

Symbols

Exclamation mark |

Pictograms

**Hazard Statements**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements**Prevention:**

Avoid breathing vapors.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	68611-50-7	60 - 70
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	15 - 20
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	68441-17-8	10 - 15
AMORPHOUS SILICA	67762-90-7	< 2
EPOXY RESIN	25085-99-8	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	9003-35-4	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Chloride	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA(Respirable nanoscale particles):0.2 mg/m3;TWA(Respirable finescale particles):2.5 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
Inert or Nuisance Dust, Respirable fraction	471-34-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):50 millions of particles/cu. ft.(15 mg/m3);TWA(respirable fraction):15 millions of particles/cu. ft.(5 mg/m3)	
Silica: Amorphous, including natural diatomaceous earth	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls**8.2.1. Engineering controls**

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)**Eye/face protection**

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions.

Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Color	White
Odor	Pungent Sulfuric
Odor threshold	No Data Available
pH	Not Applicable
Melting point/Freezing point	Not Applicable
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	Not Applicable
Flash Point	> 110 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	No Data Available
Flammability	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(UEL)	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure	No Data Available
Relative Vapor Density	No Data Available
Density	1.35 g/ml
Relative Density	1.35 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Kinematic Viscosity	No Data Available
Volatile Organic Compounds	2.9 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	No Data Available
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	2.9 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	Not Applicable

Particle Characteristics	Not Applicable
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Reducing agents

Strong acids

Strong bases

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Carcinogenicity:

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 7,800 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,500 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,900 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Mild irritant
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human and animal	Mild irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Moderate irritant

PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human and animal	Moderate irritant
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Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER		Not classified
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Human and animal	Not classified
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Human and animal	Not classified
EPOXY RESIN	Human and animal	Sensitizing
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human and animal	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
EPOXY RESIN	Human	Not classified
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
AMORPHOUS SILICA	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In vivo	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity**Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	prematuring & during gestation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750	2 generation

				mg/kg/day	
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
EPOXY RESIN	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation	silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

POLYMER			classification			
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Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**Physical Hazards**

Not Applicable.

Health Hazards

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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