Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Low Odor Acrylic Adhesive DP810NS Tan and Low Odor Acrylic Adhesive 810NS Tan, Part B

Product Identification Numbers

ID Number	UPC	ID Number	UPC
62-2799-8730-9	00-21200-49085-9		

7000121240

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Structural adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.
Carcinogenicity: Category 2.
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Danger

Symbols

Corrosion |Exclamation mark |Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Avoid breathing vapors.
Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection, and if needed, respiratory protection (see SDS Section 8).

Response:
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:
Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

3% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	868-77-9	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	27813-02-1	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Phenoxyethyl Methacrylate	10595-06-9	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9010-81-5	5 - 20
Methyl Methacrylate- Butadiene-Styrene Polymer	25101-28-4	5 - 20
Acrylate Oligomer	41637-38-1	5 - 10
Modified amorphous silica	68611-44-9	3 - 7
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	52628-03-2	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Talc	14807-96-6	< 1

1,3-BUTADIENE	106-99-0	< 0.1
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	< 0.1

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:
Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Chloride	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion
Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation

to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Keep away from reactive metals (eg. Aluminum, zinc etc.) to avoid the formation of hydrogen gas that could create an explosion hazard. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store away from heat. Store away from amines.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
1,3-BUTADIENE	106-99-0	ACGIH	TWA:2 ppm	A2: Suspected human carcin.
1,3-BUTADIENE	106-99-0	OSHA	TWA:1 ppm;STEL:5 ppm	29 CFR 1910.1051
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	ACGIH	TWA:2 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., Danger of cutaneous absorption
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	OSHA	TWA:2 ppm;STEL:10 ppm	29 CFR 1910.1045, SKIN
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin

Talc	14807-96-6	OSHA	TWA concentration(respirable):0.1 mg/m3(2.4 millions of particles/cu. ft.);TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.	
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	68611-44-9	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Full Face Shield
Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates
Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Color	Green
Odor	Mild Methacrylate
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
pH	*Not Applicable*
Melting point/Freezing point	*Not Applicable*
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	87 ºC
Flash Point	> 93.3 ºC [*Test Method:*Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	*No Data Available*
Flammability	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No Data Available*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No Data Available*
Vapor Pressure	<=13.3 Pa
Relative Vapor Density	*No Data Available*
Density	1.07 g/ml
Relative Density	1.07 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Water solubility	Slight (less than 10%)
Solubility- non-water	*No Data Available*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Autoignition temperature	*No Data Available*
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*
Kinematic Viscosity	84,112 mm2/sec
Volatile Organic Compounds	*No Data Available*
Percent volatile	*No Data Available*
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	3.1 g/l [*Details:*when used as intended with Part A]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	0.3 % [*Details:*when used as intended with Part A]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	319 g/l [*Details:*as supplied]
Molecular weight	*No Data Available*

Particle Characteristics	*Not Applicable*

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization may occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Heat
Sparks and/or flames
Heat is generated during cure. Do not cure a mass larger than 50 grams in a confined space to prevent a premature exothermic reaction with production of intense heat and smoke.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Amines
Reducing agents
Reactive metals

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:
Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.
Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Photosensitization: Signs/symptoms may include a sunburn-like reaction such as blistering, redness, swelling, and itching from minor exposure to sunlight.

Eye Contact:
Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens

1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
1,3-BUTADIENE	106-99-0	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
ACRYLONITRILE	107-13-1	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Talc	14807-96-6	Grp. 2A: Probable human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,564 mg/kg
Phenoxyethyl Methacrylate	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Phenoxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Methyl Methacrylate- Butadiene-Styrene Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 11,200 mg/kg
Methyl Methacrylate- Butadiene-Styrene Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylate Oligomer	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Acrylate Oligomer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 35,000 mg/kg
Modified amorphous silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Modified amorphous silica	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
Modified amorphous silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Talc	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 226 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 2 mg/l
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 93 mg/kg
1,3-BUTADIENE	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 129,000 ppm
1,3-BUTADIENE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,480 mg/kg
1,3-BUTADIENE	Dermal	similar health hazards	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Phenoxyethyl Methacrylate	similar compounds	No significant irritation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Acrylate Oligomer	Rabbit	Minimal irritation

Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Modified amorphous silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	Rabbit	Corrosive
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Acrylonitrile	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Phenoxyethyl Methacrylate	similar compounds	No significant irritation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Acrylate Oligomer	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
Modified amorphous silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	similar health hazards	Corrosive
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Acrylonitrile	Rabbit	Corrosive
1,3-BUTADIENE	Human	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Human and animal	Sensitizing
Phenoxyethyl Methacrylate	similar compounds	Sensitizing
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Human and animal	Sensitizing
Acrylate Oligomer	Guinea pig	Not classified
Modified amorphous silica	Human and animal	Not classified
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	Mouse	Sensitizing
Acrylonitrile	Human and animal	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Talc	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phenoxyethyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Acrylate Oligomer	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Modified amorphous silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Talc	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acrylonitrile	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Acrylonitrile	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
1,3-BUTADIENE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
1,3-BUTADIENE	In vivo	Mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Modified amorphous silica	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Talc	Dermal	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	Human and animal	Carcinogenic
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	Human and animal	Carcinogenic
1,3-BUTADIENE	Inhalation	Human and animal	Carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Phenoxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	similar compounds	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Phenoxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Toxic to development	similar compounds	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Modified amorphous silica	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Modified amorphous silica	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Modified amorphous silica	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000	during

				mg/kg/day	gestation
Talc	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesis
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 35 mg/kg/day	3 generation
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Mouse	LOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	60 days
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 0.09 mg/l	during organogenesis
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
1,3-BUTADIENE	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 40 ppm	during gestation
1,3-BUTADIENE	Inhalation	Toxic to female reproduction	Mouse	LOAEL 6.25 ppm	2 years
1,3-BUTADIENE	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Mouse	NOAEL 200 ppm	2 years

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Acrylonitrile	Dermal	nervous system	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	liver	May cause damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	nervous system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL Not available	
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	endocrine system	May cause damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL Not available	
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
1,3-BUTADIENE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	21 days
Hydroxypropyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system | heart | endocrine system | liver | immune system | nervous system | kidney	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	41 days

		and/or bladder				
Modified amorphous silica	Inhalation	respiratory system | silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate Phosphate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system | kidney and/or bladder | heart | liver | immune system | eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	90 days
Talc	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis | respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	respiratory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.045 mg/l	2 years
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	heart | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.18 mg/l	2 years
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acrylonitrile	Inhalation	blood | liver | immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	12 weeks
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	endocrine system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 14 mg/kg/day	60 days
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	2 years
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14 mg/kg/day	2 years
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	blood	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 14 mg/kg/day	2 years
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
Acrylonitrile	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg	2 years
1,3-BUTADIENE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 200 ppm	2 years
1,3-BUTADIENE	Inhalation	heart | gastrointestinal tract | immune system | respiratory system | vascular system | endocrine system | liver | nervous system | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 625 ppm	2 years

Aspiration Hazard
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards
Not Applicable.

Health Hazards
Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Skin Corrosion or Irritation

15.2. State Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories
The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 3 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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