

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (1907/2006), as amended for GB.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

3M Process Colour 885I, Black

Product Identification Numbers

75-0301-1089-6

7000004861

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Ink

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: 3M United Kingdom PLC, 3M Centre, Cain Road, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 8HT.

Telephone: +44 (0)1344 858 000

E Mail: ner-productstewardship@mmm.com

Website: www.3M.com/uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1344 858 000

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 as amended for Great Britain

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

CLASSIFICATION:

Flammable Liquid, Category 3 - Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 1 - Eye Dam. 1; H318

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

The retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 as amended for Great Britain

SIGNAL WORD

DANGER.

Symbols

GHS02 (Flame) |GHS05 (Corrosion) |

Pictograms





 Ingredient
 CAS Nbr
 EC No.
 % by Wt

 cyclohexanone
 108-94-1
 203-631-1
 < 10</td>

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280A Wear eye/face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or

carbon dioxide to extinguish.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

Supplemental Hazard Statements:

EUH208 Contains 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-

carboxylate. | n-butyl methacrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

12% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity.

12% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

59% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

Contains 12% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP], as amended for GB
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2- methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	(CAS-No.) 88917-22-0	30 - 60	Substance not classified as hazardous
Acrylic polymers	Trade Secret	7 - 13	Substance not classified as hazardous
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate	(CAS-No.) 28262-63-7	7 - 13	Substance not classified as hazardous
cyclohexanone	(CAS-No.) 108-94-1 (EC-No.) 203-631-1	< 10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 108-65-6 (EC-No.) 203-603-9	< 10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
Vinyl polymer	Trade Secret	3 - 7	Substance not classified as hazardous
Carbon black	(CAS-No.) 1333-86-4 (EC-No.) 215-609-9	1 - 5	Substance with a national occupational exposure limit
xylene	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7 (EC-No.) 215-535-7	< 2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Nota C Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	(CAS-No.) 2386-87-0 (EC-No.) 219-207-4	< 0.5	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Muta. 2, H341 STOT RE 2, H373
n-butyl methacrylate	(CAS-No.) 97-88-1 (EC-No.) 202-615-1	< 0.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Nota D

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eve contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important symptoms and effects based on the GB CLP classification include:

Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Aldehydes.	During combustion.
Hydrocarbons.	During combustion.
Carbon monoxide	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Hydrogen Chloride	During combustion.
Hydrogen Fluoride	During combustion.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapour accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available

for 1	the	com	ponent.
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Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	UK HSE	TWA:274 mg/m3(50 ppm);STEL:548 mg/m3(100 ppm)	SKIN
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	UK HSE	TWA:41 mg/m3(10 ppm);STEL:82 mg/m3(20 ppm)	SKIN
xylene	1330-20-7	UK HSE	TWA:220 mg/m3(50 ppm);STEL:441 mg/m3(100 ppm)	SKIN
Carbon black	1333-86-4	UK HSE	TWA: 3.5 mg/m³; STEL: 7 mg/m³	

UK HSE: UK Health and Safety Commission

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Determinant	Biological Specimen	Sampling Time	Value	Additional comments
cyclohexanone	108-94- 1	UK EH40 BMGVs	Cyclohexanol	Creatinine in urine	EOS	2 mmol/mol	
xylene	1330- 20-7	UK EH40 BMGVs	Methyl hippuric acid	Creatinine in urine	EOS	650 mmol/mo	1

UK EH40 BMGVs: UK. EH40 Biological Monitoring Guidance Values (BMGVs)

EOS: End of shift.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full face shield.

Indirect vented goggles.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use eye/face protection conforming to EN 166

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

Material Polymer laminate

Thickness (mm)
No data available

Breakthrough TimeNo data available

Applicable Norms/Standards Use gloves tested to EN 374

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator.

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.	
Specific Physical Form:	Liquid.	
Colour	Black	
Odor	Moderate Solvent	
Odour threshold	No data available.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.	
Boiling point/boiling range	>=140 °C	
Flammability	Flammable liquid: Category 3.	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	1.1 % volume	
Flammable Limits(UEL)	8.6 % volume	
Flash point	42.2 °C [Test Method: Tagliabue closed cup]	
Autoignition temperature	No data available.	
Decomposition temperature	No data available.	
рН	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)	
Kinematic Viscosity	1,158 mm ² /sec	
Water solubility	No data available.	
Solubility- non-water	No data available.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.	
Vapour pressure	<=493.3 Pa [@ 20 °C]	
Density	0.95 g/ml	
Relative density	0.95 [Ref Std:WATER=1]	
Relative Vapour Density	No data available.	
Particle Characteristics	Not applicable.	

9.2. Other information

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

EU Volatile Organic Compounds

Evaporation rate Molecular weight

Percent volatile

No data available.

<=0.4 [*Ref Std*:BUOAC=1]

Not applicable.

65 - 75 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in the retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Corrosive (eye burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing,

ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.7 mg/l
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-methyl-2- propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-methyl-2- propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Inhalation- Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 28.8 mg/l
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 8,532 mg/kg
cyclohexanone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 >794, <3160 mg/kg
cyclohexanone	Inhalation- Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.2 mg/l
cyclohexanone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,296 mg/kg
Vinyl polymer	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
Vinyl polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
Carbon black	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Carbon black	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
xylene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg
xylene	Inhalation- Vapour (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 29 mg/l
xylene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,523 mg/kg
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.19 mg/l
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,000 mg/kg
n-butyl methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
n-butyl methacrylate	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 27 mg/l
n-butyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
cyclohexanone	Rabbit	Irritant
Vinyl polymer	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Carbon black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
n-butyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
cyclohexanone	In vitro	Corrosive
	data	
Vinyl polymer	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Carbon black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
n-butyl methacrylate	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
cyclohexanone	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	Guinea	Sensitising
	pig	
n-butyl methacrylate	Guinea	Sensitising
	pig	

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
cyclohexanone	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
cyclohexanone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Carbon black	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon black	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
xylene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

xylene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
n-butyl methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
n-butyl methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
cyclohexanone	Ingestion	Multiple	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		animal	sufficient for classification
		species	
Carbon black	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon black	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon black	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic.
xylene	Dermal	Rat	Not carcinogenic
xylene	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
xylene	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
n-butyl methacrylate	Inhalation	Multiple	Carcinogenic.
		animal	
		species	

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 21.6 mg/l	during organogenesis
cyclohexanone	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4 mg/l	2 generation
cyclohexanone	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	during gestation
cyclohexanone	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2 mg/l	2 generation
cyclohexanone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2.6 mg/l	during gestation
xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
xylene	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during organogenesis
xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	during gestation
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept-3-ylmethyl 7-oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane-3-carboxylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	during gestation
n-butyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	44 days
n-butyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating & during

					gestation
n-butyl methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300	during
				mg/kg/day	gestation
n-butyl methacrylate	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1.8	during
		•		mg/l	gestation

Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
xylene	Ingestion	Mouse	Not classified for effects on or via lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL not available	
cyclohexanone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Guinea pig	LOAEL 16.1 mg/l	6 hours
cyclohexanone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	
cyclohexanone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 6.3 mg/l	8 hours
xylene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	not available
xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg	not applicable
n-butyl methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation		NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Propanol, 1(or 2)-(2- methoxymethylethoxy)-, acetate	Ingestion	liver heart endocrine system hematopoietic system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 16.2 mg/l	9 days
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Inhalation	olfactory system	Not classified	Mouse	LOAEL 1.62 mg/l	9 days
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 16.2 mg/l	9 days

Dagg. 12 of 12

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	44 days
cyclohexanone	Inhalation	liver kidney and/or bladder heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles nervous system eyes respiratory system vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.5 mg/l	13 weeks
cyclohexanone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system eyes kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 407 mg/kg/day	3 months
Carbon black	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
xylene	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.4 mg/l	4 weeks
xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 7.8 mg/l	5 days
xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Inhalation	heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system muscles kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	13 weeks
xylene	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	2 weeks
xylene	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
xylene	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
xylene	Ingestion	heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept- 3-ylmethyl 7- oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane- 3-carboxylate	Ingestion	olfactory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	91 days
7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]hept- 3-ylmethyl 7- oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane- 3-carboxylate	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system immune system nervous system eyes respiratory system vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	91 days

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n-butyl methacrylate	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11 mg/l	28 days
n-butyl methacrylate	Inhalation	olfactory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.8 mg/l	28 days
n-butyl methacrylate	Inhalation	heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11 mg/l	28 days
n-butyl methacrylate	Ingestion	olfactory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 60 mg/kg/day	90 days
n-butyl methacrylate	Ingestion	endocrine system hematopoietic system liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder heart immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 360 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
xylene	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS#	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Propanol, 1(or 2)-	88917-22-0	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
(2-			-			_
methoxymethyleth						
oxy)-, acetate						
Propanol, 1(or 2)-	88917-22-0	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	>1,000 mg/l
(2-			-			_
methoxymethyleth						
oxy)-, acetate						
Propanol, 1(or 2)-	88917-22-0	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	111 mg/l
(2-						
methoxymethyleth						
oxy)-, acetate						
Propanol, 1(or 2)-	88917-22-0	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,090 mg/l
(2-						
methoxymethyleth						
oxy)-, acetate						
Propanol, 1(or 2)-	88917-22-0	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
(2-						
methoxymethyleth						
oxy)-, acetate						

2-Propenoic acid,	28262-63-7	N/A	Data not available	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-			or insufficient for classification			
methyl-2- propenoate and						
methyl 2-methyl-2- propenoate						
2-methoxy-1-	108-65-6	Activated sludge	Experimental	30 minutes	EC10	>1,000 mg/l
methylethyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-	108-65-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	>1,000 mg/l
methylethyl acetate			1			
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	134 mg/l
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	370 mg/l
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	100 mg/l
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Activated sludge	Experimental	30 minutes	EC50	>1,000 mg/l
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Algae or other aquatic plants	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	32.9 mg/l
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	527 mg/l
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Water flea	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	800 mg/l
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Algae or other aquatic plants	Experimental	72 hours	ErC10	3.56 mg/l
Vinyl polymer	Trade Secret	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	>100 mg/l
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	No tox obs at lmt of water sol	100 mg/l
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	NOEC	>800 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	73 hours	ErC50	4.36 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LC50	2.6 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EC50	3.82 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	73 hours	NOEC	0.44 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	7 days	NOEC	0.96 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Experimental	56 days	NOEC	1.3 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Activated sludge	Analogous Compound	30 minutes	EC50	>198 mg/l
xylene	1330-20-7	Redworm	Experimental	56 days	NOEC	42.6 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
xylene	1330-20-7	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	EC50	>1,000 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
7- Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h ept-3-ylmethyl 7- oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h eptane-3- carboxylate	2386-87-0	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>2,000 mg/l
7- Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h ept-3-ylmethyl 7- oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h	2386-87-0	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	>110 mg/l

eptane-3-						
carboxylate						
7-	2386-87-0	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	24 mg/l
Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h			1			
ept-3-ylmethyl 7-						
oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h						
eptane-3-						
carboxylate						
7-	2386-87-0	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	40 mg/l
Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h						
ept-3-ylmethyl 7-						
oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h						
eptane-3-						
carboxylate						
7-	2386-87-0	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	30 mg/l
Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h						
ept-3-ylmethyl 7-						
oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h						
eptane-3-						
carboxylate				0.51		1.250 #
n-butyl	97-88-1	Diatom	Experimental	96 hours	ErC50	>1,260 mg/l
methacrylate	07.00.1			50.1	F. 050	laa "
n-butyl	97-88-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	23 mg/l
methacrylate	07.00.1	26.11		0.61	7.050	15.55
n-butyl	97-88-1	Medaka	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.57 mg/l
methacrylate	07.00.1	XXX	P	40.1	F.G.50	05.4
n-butyl	97-88-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	25.4 mg/l
methacrylate	07.00.1	D		0.61	NOTO	1500 11
n-butyl	97-88-1	Diatom	Experimental	96 hours	NOEC	530 mg/l
methacrylate	07.00.1		P	72.1	NOTO	
n-butyl	97-88-1	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	7.1 mg/l
methacrylate	07.00.1	YYY	P	21.1	NOTO	1.1. 0
n-butyl	97-88-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1.1 mg/l
methacrylate	07.00.1	1 1 1 1	In	2.1	EGGO	204 //
n-butyl	97-88-1	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	204 mg/l
methacrylate	<u> </u>					

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Propanol, 1(or 2)- (2- methoxymethyleth oxy)-, acetate	88917-22-0	Analogous Compound Biodegradation	28 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	90 %removal of DOC	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2- methyl-2- propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2- propenoate	28262-63-7	Data not availblinsufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	87.2 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Experimental Aquatic Inherent Biodegrad.		Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	>100 %removal of DOC	similar to OECD 302B
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	87 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Vinyl polymer	Trade Secret	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Data not availbl- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	1330-20-7	Analogous Compound Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	94 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	1.4 days (t 1/2)	

7- Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h ept-3-ylmethyl 7- oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h eptane-3- carboxylate	2386-87-0	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days		71 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution (does not pass 10-day window)	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
7- Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h ept-3-ylmethyl 7- oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h eptane-3- carboxylate	2386-87-0	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life	\ /	OECD 111 Hydrolysis func of pH
n-butyl methacrylate	97-88-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	88 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
n-butyl methacrylate	97-88-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	5.4 hours (t 1/2)	
n-butyl methacrylate	97-88-1	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life (pH 7)	J \ /	OECD 111 Hydrolysis func of pH

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Propanol, 1(or 2)- (2- methoxymethyleth oxy)-, acetate	88917-22-0	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.61	EC A.8 Partition Coefficient
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2- methyl-2- propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2- propenoate	28262-63-7	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.36	OECD 107 log Kow shke flsk mtd
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.86	OECD 107 log Kow shke flsk mtd
Vinyl polymer	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<=25.9	
xylene	1330-20-7	Analogous Compound Bioconcentration		Log Kow	3.2	
7- Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h ept-3-ylmethyl 7- oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h eptane-3- carboxylate	2386-87-0	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	1.34	OECD 107 log Kow shke flsk mtd
n-butyl methacrylate	97-88-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	3.03	OECD 107 log Kow shke flsk mtd

12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Propanol, 1(or 2)- (2- methoxymethyletho xy)-, acetate	88917-22-0	Experimental Mobility in Soil	Koc	187 l/kg	OECD 121 Estim. of Koc by HPLC
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Experimental Mobility in Soil	Koc	4 l/kg	Episuite TM

cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Modeled Mobility in Soil	Koc	39 l/kg	Episuite TM
xylene	1330-20-7	Analogous Compound Mobility in Soil		537 l/kg	
7- Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]h ept-3-ylmethyl 7- oxabicyclo[4.1.0]he ptane-3-carboxylate		Modeled Mobility in Soil	Koc	26 l/kg	Episuite™
n-butyl methacrylate	97-88-1	Analogous Compound Mobility in Soil	Koc	1,480 l/kg	OECD 106 Adsp-Desb Batch Equil

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

EU waste code (product as sold)

080312* Waste ink containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transportation information

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
14.1 UN number	UN1210	UN1210	UN1210
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PRINTING INK	PRINTING INK	PRINTING INK
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental	Not Environmentally	Not applicable	Not a Marine Pollutant

hazards	Hazardous		
14.6 Special precautions for user	sections of the SDS for	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol 73/78 and IBC Code	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Control Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
Emergency Temperature	No data available.	No data available.	No data available.
ADR Classification Code	F1	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
IMDG Segregation Code	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	NONE

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

<u>Ingredient</u>	CAS Nbr	Classification	Regulation
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Gr. 3: Not classifiable	International Agency for Research on Cancer
n-butyl methacrylate	97-88-1	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
xylene	1330-20-7	Gr. 3: Not classifiable	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use:

The following substance(s) contained in this product is/are subject to Annex XVII of regulation (EC) 1907/2006, as amended for GB, with regard to restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use when present in certain dangerous conditions. Users of this product are required to comply with the restrictions placed upon it by the aforementioned provision.

Ingredient	<u>CAS Nbr</u>
xylene	1330-20-7

Restriction status: listed in UK REACH Annex XVII

Restricted uses: See Annex XVII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended for Great Britain for Conditions of Restriction

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

COMAH Regulation, SI 2015/483

Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1

Hazard Categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of		
	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements	
P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS*	5000	50000	

^{*}If maintained at a temperature above its boiling point or if particular processing conditions, such as high pressure or high temperature, may create major-accident hazards, P5a or P5b FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS may apply Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2

None

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, as amended for GB

No chemicals listed

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended for GB.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information:

Label: CLP Precautionary - Response information was modified.

Section 3: Composition/Information of ingredients table information was modified.

Section 6: Accidental release personal information information was modified.

Section 11: Health Effects - Inhalation information information was modified.

Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.

3M Process Colour 885I, Black

- Section 12: Mobility in soil information information was modified.
- Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.
- Section 12:Bioccumulative potential information information was modified.
- Section 15: Seveso Substance Text information was deleted.

Two-column table displaying the unique list of H Codes and statements (std phrases) for all components of the given material. information was modified.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. In addition, this SDS is being provided to convey health and safety information. If you are the importer of record of this product into the European Union, you are responsible for all regulatory requirements, including, but not limited to, product registrations/notifications, substance volume tracking, and potential substance registration.

3M SDSs for Great Britain are available at www.3M.com/uk

For Northern Ireland documents, please contact your 3M representative to obtain a copy.