



## Safety Data Sheet

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### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Hi-Tack Composite Adh 71 Green Cylinder

#### Product Identification Numbers

62-4866-8030-9, 62-4866-8031-7  
7100178775, 7100176402

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Adhesive

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>MANUFACTURER:</b> | 3M                                      |
| <b>DIVISION:</b>     | Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division |
| <b>ADDRESS:</b>      | 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA |
| <b>Telephone:</b>    | 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)         |

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Chemicals Under Pressure: Category 1.  
 Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.  
 Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.  
 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.  
 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.  
 Simple Asphyxiants: Category 1.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Signal word

Danger

##### Symbols

Flame |Gas cylinder |Exclamation mark |Health Hazard |

**Pictograms****Hazard Statements**

Extremely flammable chemical under pressure: May explode if heated.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Causes damage to organs: cardiovascular system.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention:**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not breathe vapor or spray.

Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

**Response:**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

If eye irritation persists or if skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Stop leak if safe to do so.

In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

**Storage:**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight.

**Disposal:**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

**Notes to Physician:**

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

**Supplemental Information:**

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

4% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| Ingredient   | C.A.S. No.                            | % by Wt                |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Acetone  | 67-64-1                               | 35 - 45 Trade Secret * |
| Non-Hazardous Components (NJTS Reg No. 04499600-6849)      | Trade Secret*                         | 15 - 30                |
| Dimethyl ether   | 115-10-6                              | < 20 Trade Secret *    |
| Cyclohexane  | 110-82-7                              | < 10 Trade Secret *    |
| Isobutane  | 75-28-5                               | < 10 Trade Secret *    |
| Propane  | 74-98-6                               | < 10 Trade Secret *    |
| Polymer  | Trade Secret*<br>3M Unique ID: 848707 | 3 - 7 Trade Secret *   |
| Rosin  | Trade Secret*<br>3M Unique ID: 799291 | 1 - 5                  |
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, esters with diethylene glycol | 68153-38-8                            | 0.5 - 1.5              |

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:**

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness). Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required**

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

**SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures****5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

**Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products****Substance**

Formaldehyde  
Carbon monoxide  
Carbon dioxide

**Condition**

During Combustion  
During Combustion  
During Combustion

**5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat.

Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient          | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type                   | Additional Comments            |
|---------------------|------------|--------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cyclohexane         | 110-82-7   | ACGIH  | TWA:100 ppm                  |                                |
| Cyclohexane         | 110-82-7   | OSHA   | TWA:1050 mg/m3(300 ppm)      |                                |
| Dimethyl ether      | 115-10-6   | AIHA   | TWA:1880 mg/m3(1000 ppm)     |                                |
| Acetone             | 67-64-1    | ACGIH  | TWA:250 ppm;STEL:500 ppm     | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Acetone             | 67-64-1    | OSHA   | TWA:2400 mg/m3(1000 ppm)     |                                |
| Butane, all isomers | 74-98-6    | ACGIH  | STEL:1000 ppm                |                                |
| Propane             | 74-98-6    | ACGIH  | Limit value not established: | simple asphyxiant              |
| Propane             | 74-98-6    | OSHA   | TWA:1800 mg/m3(1000 ppm)     |                                |
| Butane, all isomers | 75-28-5    | ACGIH  | STEL:1000 ppm                |                                |

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

##### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

##### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

**Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

- Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors
- Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator
- Organic vapor cartridges may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

|   |   |
|---|---|
| Physical state                                    | Liquid  |
| Color   | Light Green   |
| Odor  | Mild Solvent  |
| Odor threshold                                    | No Data Available   |
| pH  | Not Applicable  |
| Melting point/Freezing point                      | Not Applicable  |
| Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range | -42.2 °C  |
| Flash Point                                       | -104.4 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup] [Details:Flammable Propellant] |
| Evaporation rate                                  | No Data Available   |
| Flammability                                      | Flammable Liquid: Category 1.                                     |
| Flammable Limits(LEL)                             | 1.3 % volume [Details:Cyclohexane]                                |
| Flammable Limits(UEL)                             | 12.8 % volume [Details:Acetone]                                   |
| Vapor Pressure                                    | 80 psia [@ 68 °F] [Details:cylinder pressure]                     |
| Relative Vapor Density                            | No Data Available   |
| Density   | 0.8 g/ml  |
| Relative Density                                  | 0.8 [Ref Std:WATER=1]   |
| Water solubility                                  | Nil   |
| Solubility- non-water                             | No Data Available   |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water           | No Data Available   |
| Autoignition temperature                          | No Data Available   |
| Decomposition temperature                         | Not Applicable  |
| Kinematic Viscosity                               | Not Applicable  |
| Volatile Organic Compounds                        | No Data Available   |
| Percent volatile                                  | No Data Available   |
| VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents                    | <=549 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]              |
| Molecular weight                                  | No Data Available   |
| Solids Content                                    | 20 - 30 %   |

|                          |                |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Particle Characteristics | Not Applicable |
|--------------------------|----------------|

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

Strong oxidizing agents

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products****Substance****Condition**

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

**11.1. Information on Toxicological effects****Signs and Symptoms of Exposure**

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

**Inhalation:**

Simple Asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Skin Contact:**

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

**Eye Contact:**

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

**Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

**Additional Health Effects:****Single exposure may cause target organ effects:**

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause: Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

**Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

| Name   | Route                      | Species | Value  |
|--|----------------------------|---------|--|
| Overall product  | Dermal                     |         | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product  | Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)     |         | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l     |
| Overall product  | Ingestion                  |         | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Acetone  | Dermal                     | Rabbit  | LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg                            |
| Acetone  | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat     | LC50 76 mg/l                                   |
| Acetone  | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 5,800 mg/kg                               |
| Dimethyl ether   | Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)   | Rat     | LC50 164,000 ppm                               |
| Isobutane  | Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)   | Rat     | LC50 276,000 ppm                               |
| Cyclohexane  | Dermal                     | Rat     | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                             |
| Cyclohexane  | Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours) | Rat     | LC50 > 32.9 mg/l                               |
| Cyclohexane  | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 6,200 mg/kg                               |
| Propane  | Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)   | Rat     | LC50 > 200,000 ppm                             |
| Polymer  | Dermal                     | Rat     | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                             |
| Polymer  | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg                             |
| Rosin  | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 >300, <2000 mg/kg                         |
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, esters with diethylene glycol | Ingestion                  | Rat     | LD50 >300, <2000 mg/kg                         |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

| Name   | Species                | Value                     |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Acetone  | Mouse                  | Minimal irritation        |
| Isobutane  | Professional judgement | No significant irritation |
| Cyclohexane  | Rabbit                 | Mild irritant             |
| Propane  | Rabbit                 | Minimal irritation        |
| Polymer  | Rabbit                 | No significant irritation |
| Rosin  | In vitro data          | No significant irritation |
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, esters with diethylene glycol | In vitro data          | No significant irritation |

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

| Name   | Species                | Value                     |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Acetone  | Rabbit                 | Severe irritant           |
| Isobutane  | Professional judgement | No significant irritation |
| Cyclohexane  | Rabbit                 | Mild irritant             |
| Propane  | Rabbit                 | Mild irritant             |
| Polymer  | Rabbit                 | Moderate irritant         |
| Rosin  | In vitro data          | No significant irritation |
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, esters with diethylene glycol | In vitro data          | No significant irritation |

**Skin Sensitization**

| Name   | Species       | Value          |
|--|---------------|----------------|
| Polymer  | Mouse         | Sensitizing    |
| Rosin  | In vitro data | Not classified |
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, esters with diethylene glycol | In vitro data | Not classified |

**Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

| Name   | Route    | Value  |
|--|----------|--|
| Acetone  | In vivo  | Not mutagenic  |
| Acetone  | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Dimethyl ether   | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| Dimethyl ether   | In vivo  | Not mutagenic  |
| Isobutane  | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| Cyclohexane  | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| Cyclohexane  | In vivo  | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Propane  | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| Polymer  | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| Rosin  | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, esters with diethylene glycol | In Vitro | Not mutagenic  |

**Carcinogenicity**

| Name           | Route         | Species                 | Value            |
|----------------|---------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Acetone        | Not Specified | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Dimethyl ether | Inhalation    | Rat                     | Not carcinogenic |

**Reproductive Toxicity**

**Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

| Name           | Route      | Value                                | Species | Test Result           | Exposure Duration    |
|----------------|------------|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat     | NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks             |
| Acetone        | Inhalation | Not classified for development       | Rat     | NOAEL 5.2 mg/l        | during organogenesis |
| Dimethyl ether | Inhalation | Not classified for development       | Rat     | NOAEL                 | during               |

|             |            |  |     |                              |                            |
|-------------|------------|--|-----|------------------------------|----------------------------|
|             |            |  |     | 40,000 ppm                   | organogenesis              |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 24 mg/l                | 2 generation               |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat | NOAEL 24 mg/l                | 2 generation               |
| Cyclohexane | Inhalation | Not classified for development         | Rat | NOAEL 6.9 mg/l               | 2 generation               |
| Polymer     | Ingestion  | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 15,000 ppm in the diet | prematuring into lactation |
| Polymer     | Ingestion  | Not classified for male reproduction   | Rat | NOAEL 3,000 ppm in the diet  | 42 days                    |
| Polymer     | Ingestion  | Not classified for development         | Rat | NOAEL 622 mg/kg/day          | during gestation           |

**Target Organ(s)**

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

| Name           | Route      | Target Organ(s)                   | Value  | Species                 | Test Result         | Exposure Duration      |
|----------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Acetone        | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human                   | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Acetone        | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human                   | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Acetone        | Inhalation | immune system                     | Not classified   | Human                   | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l     | 6 hours                |
| Acetone        | Inhalation | liver                             | Not classified   | Guinea pig              | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human                   | NOAEL Not available | poisoning and/or abuse |
| Dimethyl ether | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Rat                     | LOAEL 10,000 ppm    | 30 minutes             |
| Dimethyl ether | Inhalation | cardiac sensitization             | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Dog                     | NOAEL 100,000 ppm   | 5 minutes              |
| Isobutane      | Inhalation | cardiac sensitization             | Causes damage to organs  | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Isobutane      | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human and animal        | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Isobutane      | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Not classified   | Mouse                   | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Cyclohexane    | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human and animal        | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Cyclohexane    | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Human and animal        | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Cyclohexane    | Ingestion  | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Professional judgement  | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Propane        | Inhalation | cardiac sensitization             | Causes damage to organs  | Human                   | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Propane        | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness  | Human                   | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Propane        | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Not classified   | Human                   | NOAEL Not available |                        |
| Polymer        | Inhalation | respiratory irritation            | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards  | NOAEL not available |                        |

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name           | Route      | Target Organ(s)                 | Value          | Species    | Test Result            | Exposure Duration |
|----------------|------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Acetone        | Dermal     | eyes                            | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL Not available    | 3 weeks           |
| Acetone        | Inhalation | hematopoietic system            | Not classified | Human      | NOAEL 3 mg/l           | 6 weeks           |
| Acetone        | Inhalation | immune system                   | Not classified | Human      | NOAEL 1.19 mg/l        | 6 days            |
| Acetone        | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder           | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL 119 mg/l         | not available     |
| Acetone        | Inhalation | heart                           | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 45 mg/l          | 8 weeks           |
| Acetone        | Inhalation | liver                           | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 45 mg/l          | 8 weeks           |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | kidney and/or bladder           | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day    | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | heart                           | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day  | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | hematopoietic system            | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day    | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | liver                           | Not classified | Mouse      | NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day  | 14 days           |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | eyes                            | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day  | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | respiratory system              | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day  | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | muscles                         | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg      | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | skin                            | Not classified | Mouse      | NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks          |
| Acetone        | Ingestion  | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | Not classified | Mouse      | NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks          |
| Dimethyl ether | Inhalation | hematopoietic system            | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 25,000 ppm       | 2 years           |
| Dimethyl ether | Inhalation | liver                           | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 20,000 ppm       | 30 weeks          |
| Isobutane      | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder           | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 4,500 ppm        | 13 weeks          |
| Cyclohexane    | Inhalation | liver                           | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 24 mg/l          | 90 days           |
| Cyclohexane    | Inhalation | auditory system                 | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 1.7 mg/l         | 90 days           |
| Cyclohexane    | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder           | Not classified | Rabbit     | NOAEL 2.7 mg/l         | 10 weeks          |
| Cyclohexane    | Inhalation | hematopoietic system            | Not classified | Mouse      | NOAEL 24 mg/l          | 14 weeks          |
| Cyclohexane    | Inhalation | peripheral nervous system       | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 8.6 mg/l         | 30 weeks          |
| Polymer        | Ingestion  | heart                           | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 1,296 mg/kg/day  | 90 days           |
| Polymer        | Ingestion  | hematopoietic system            | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 1,296 mg/kg/day  | 90 days           |
| Polymer        | Ingestion  | liver                           | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 1,296 mg/kg/day  | 90 days           |
| Polymer        | Ingestion  | nervous system                  | Not classified | Rat        | NOAEL 1,296 mg/kg/day  | 90 days           |

|         |           |                          |                |     |                             |         |
|---------|-----------|--------------------------|----------------|-----|-----------------------------|---------|
| Polymer | Ingestion | eyes                     | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL<br>1,296<br>mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Polymer | Ingestion | kidney and/or<br>bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL<br>1,296<br>mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Polymer | Ingestion | respiratory system       | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL<br>1,296<br>mg/kg/day | 90 days |

**Aspiration Hazard**

| Name        | Value             |
|-------------|-------------------|
| Cyclohexane | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable), D018 (Benzene), D035 (Methyl ethyl ketone)

**SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

**EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**

**Physical Hazards**

Not Applicable.

**Health Hazards**

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Simple Asphyxiant

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

**Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):**

| <u>Ingredient</u> | <u>C.A.S. No</u> | <u>% by Wt</u>    |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Cyclohexane       | 110-82-7         | Trade Secret < 10 |

**15.2. State Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

**15.3. Chemical Inventories**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

**15.4. International Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

**This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.**

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**NFPA Hazard Classification**

**Health:** 2 **Flammability:** 4 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

|                        |           |                         |          |
|------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
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