

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M(TM) Scotch-Weld(TM) Structural Plastic Adhesive DP8005, Black

Product Identification Numbers

62-2779-0436-3 62-2779-0437-1 62-2779-0438-9 62-2779-0445-4 62-2779-1445-3

62-2779-1450-3 62-2779-3630-8 62-2779-3936-9

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

Company: 3M Canada Company

Division: Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division

Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

Telephone: (800) 364-3577

E Mail:

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone:1-800-3M HELPS / 1800 364 3577

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet (SDS) or Article Information Sheet (AIS) for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component documents from this cover page. The document numbers for components of this product are:

18-8243-0, 28-2531-3

Transport in accordance with applicable regulations.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. The manufacturer MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OR CONDITION OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OR CONDITION ARISING OUT OF A COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, COURSE OF DEALING, CUSTOM OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the product is fit

3M(TM) Scotch-Weld(TM) Structural Plastic Adhesive DP8005, Black

for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3M Canada SDSs are available at www.3M.ca

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Safety Data Sheet

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 28-2531-3
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 2025/01/08

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M[™] Scotch-Weld[™] Structural Plastic Adhesive DP8005 Black, Part B

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Intended Use

Adhesive

Specific Use

Part B of two part adhesive

Restrictions on use

Not applicable

1.3. Supplier's details

Company: 3M Canada Company

Division: Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division

Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

Telephone: (800) 364-3577 **Website:** www.3M.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone: 1-800-3M HELPS / 1800 364 3577

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.
Respiratory Sensitizer: Category 1.
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1A.
Carcinogenicity: Category 1B.
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Corrosion | Health Hazard |

Pictograms





Hazard Statements

Causes serious eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing vapours. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection, and respiratory protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing, Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor, If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention, If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

2% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

2% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt	Common Name
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	2455-24-5	30 - 60 Trade Secret *	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, (tetrahydro-2-
			furanyl)methyl ester
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	688-84-6	10 - 30 Trade Secret *	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-ethylhexyl
			ester
Acrylate Polymer	Trade Secret	10 - 30	Not Applicable
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-	21282-97-3	1 - 15	Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-
methyl-1-oxo-2-			2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester
propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester			

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Glass Spheres	Trade Secret	1 - 10	Not Applicable
Impact Modifier	20882-04-6	3 - 7 Trade Secret *	Butanedioic acid, mono[2-[(2-methyl-1-
			oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl] ester
Succinic Anhydride	108-30-5	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *	2,5-Furandione, dihydro-
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	97-99-4	0 - 0.24	2-Furanmethanol, tetrahydro-
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	868-77-9	0 - 0.21	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-
			hydroxyethyl ester
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	< 0.2	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.17 - 0.18	Carbon black
Styrene Monomer	100-42-5	0 - 0.13	Benzene, ethenyl-
Maleic Anhydride	108-31-6	0 - 0.01	2,5-Furandione

Acrylate Polymer is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

Glass Spheres is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic respiratory reaction (difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest). Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguisher to extinguish.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

None Determined

5.3. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

^{*}The concentration (exact or range) of this component has been withheld as a trade secret.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

SubstanceConditionAldehydesDuring CombustionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring CombustionHydrogen CyanideDuring CombustionIrritant Vapours or GasesDuring CombustionOxides of NitrogenDuring Combustion

5.4. Special protection actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store locked up.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Styrene Monomer	100-42-5	ACGIH	TWA:10 ppm;STEL:20 ppm	
Maleic Anhydride	108-31-6	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction and	Dermal/Respiratory
			vapor): 0.01 mg/m3	Sensitizer
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3	
			mg/m3	
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm;STEL:100 ppm	Dermal Sensitizer
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	97-99-4	AIHA	TWA:2 mg/m3(0.5 ppm)	SKIN

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid	
Specific Physical Form:	Paste	
Colour	Black	
Odour	Mild Acrylic	
Odour threshold	No Data Available	
рН	Not Applicable	
Melting point/Freezing point	Not Applicable	
Boiling point	>=82.2 °C	
Flash Point	103.3 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	No Data Available	
Flammability	Not Applicable	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available	
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available	
Vapour Pressure	<=13.3 Pa [@ 20 °C]	
Relative Vapour Density	No Data Available	
Density	0.984 g/ml	
Relative density	0.984 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]	
Water solubility	Slight (less than 10%)	
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available	
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available	
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available	
Kinematic Viscosity	25,407 mm2/sec	
Volatile Organic Compounds	No Data Available	
Percent volatile	No Data Available	
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	7.3 g/l [Details: when used as intended with Part A]	
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	0.8 % [Details: when used as intended with Part A]	
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	392 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]	
	[Details:as supplied]	
Molecular weight	No Data Available	

Particle Characteristics Not Applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance
None known.

Condition

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Styrene	100-42-5	Grp. 2A: Probable human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Styrene	100-42-5	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	Dermal	similar health hazards	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Professio nal judgeme nt	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Impact Modifier	Dermal	Professio nal judgeme nt	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Impact Modifier	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Succinic Anhydride	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Succinic Anhydride	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,510 mg/kg
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Dermal	Professio nal judgeme nt	LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3.1 mg/l
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,564 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
Methyl Methacrylate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 29.8 mg/l
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 7,900 mg/kg
Styrene Monomer	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 11.8 mg/l
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,000 mg/kg
Maleic Anhydride	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,620 mg/kg
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,030 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Impact Modifier	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Succinic Anhydride	In vitro	Corrosive
	data	
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Methyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Irritant
Styrene Monomer	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Maleic Anhydride	Human	Corrosive
	and	
	animal	

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Impact Modifier	In vitro	Corrosive
	data	
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Succinic Anhydride	similar	Corrosive
	health	
	hazards	
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Methyl Methacrylate	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Styrene Monomer	Professio	Moderate irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Maleic Anhydride	Rabbit	Corrosive

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	In vitro	Sensitizing
	data	
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	
Impact Modifier	Professio	Sensitizing
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester	Mouse	Not classified
Succinic Anhydride	Mouse	Sensitizing
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Mouse	Not classified
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Methyl Methacrylate	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Styrene Monomer	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Maleic Anhydride	Multiple	Sensitizing
	animal	
	species	

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Succinic Anhydride	similar compoun ds	Sensitizing
Methyl Methacrylate	Human	Not classified
Maleic Anhydride	Human	Sensitizing

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Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Impact Modifier	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Succinic Anhydride	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Carbon Black	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon Black	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methyl Methacrylate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methyl Methacrylate	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Styrene Monomer	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Styrene Monomer	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Maleic Anhydride	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Maleic Anhydride	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value	
Succinic Anhydride	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic	
		animal		
		species		
Carbon Black	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic	
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic	
Carbon Black	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic	
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic	
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic	
		and		
		animal		
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	Mouse	Carcinogenic	
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	Human	Carcinogenic	
-		and	_	
		animal		

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	29 days
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction		NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	49 days
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction		NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development		NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 500	56 days

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2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester				mg/kg/day	
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000	during
2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester				mg/kg/day	gestation
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 50	premating
				mg/kg/day	into lactation
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Dermal	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 100	13 weeks
				mg/kg/day	
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 150	47 days
				mg/kg/day	
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 0.6	90 days
T. 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1		m :	-	mg/l	
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 50	premating
277 1 1 177 1 1		27 1 27 1 2 2 1 1 2	-	mg/kg/day	into lactation
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000	premating &
				mg/kg/day	during
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000	gestation 49 days
2-riydioxyetiiyi Methaciyiate	ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Kat	mg/kg/day	49 days
2-Hydroxyethyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000	premating &
2-riydroxyetiiyi Methaciyiate	ingestion	Not classified for development	Kat	mg/kg/day	during &
				ilig/kg/day	gestation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400	2 generation
Wiediyi Wiediaci yiate	ingestion	Two classified for female reproduction	Rat	mg/kg/day	2 generation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400	2 generation
111011191 11101111019 11110	ingestion	The constitution in the constitution	1	mg/kg/day	2 generation
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 450	during
,,	8	r		mg/kg/day	gestation
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 8.3	during
		1		mg/l	organogenesi
					S
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 21	3 generation
				mg/kg/day	
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.1	2 generation
				mg/l	
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.1	2 generation
				mg/l	
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 400	60 days
				mg/kg/day	
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 400	during
	_		4	mg/kg/day	gestation
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Multiple	NOAEL 2.1	during
			animal	mg/l	gestation
Malaia Autodaida	T (*	N-4-1	species	NOAEL 55	2: -:
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 55	2 generation
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	mg/kg/day NOAEL 55	2 generation
Maiere Annyariae	ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Kai	mg/kg/day	2 generation
	1			mg/kg/day	
Malaia Anhydrida	Ingostion	Not alassified for development	Dot	NOAEL 140	during
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 140 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Impact Modifier	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Succinic Anhydride	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational

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					available	exposure
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 4.3 mg/l	not available
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	liver	Causes damage to organs	Mouse	LOAEL 2.1 mg/l	not available
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not available
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2.1 mg/l	not available
Maleic Anhydride	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Methacrylate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	29 days
2-Ethylhexyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	heart endocrine system hematopoietic system liver immune system nervous system eyes kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 360 mg/kg/day	90 days
Butanoic acid, 3-oxo-, 2- [(2-methyl-1-oxo-2- propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester	Ingestion	hematopoietic system nervous system eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Succinic Anhydride	Ingestion	heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system liver immune system nervous system kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.2 mg/l	90 days
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.1 mg/l	90 days
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 69 mg/kg/day	91 days
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	28 days
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Ingestion	endocrine system kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	28 days
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Ingestion	liver eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 781 mg/kg/day	91 days
Tetrahydrofurfuryl Alcohol	Ingestion	heart nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	28 days

Carbon Black	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Dermal	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	14 weeks
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 12.3 mg/l	14 weeks
Methyl Methacrylate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methyl Methacrylate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system liver muscles nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 90.3 mg/kg/day	2 years
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	eyes	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	liver	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Mouse	LOAEL 0.85 mg/l	13 weeks
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 1.1 mg/l	not available
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.85 mg/l	7 days
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	10 days
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 0.09 mg/l	not available
Styrene Monomer	Inhalation	heart gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair muscles kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	2 years
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	8 weeks
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 677 mg/kg/day	6 months
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	470 days
Styrene Monomer	Ingestion	heart respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 35 mg/kg/day	105 weeks
Maleic Anhydride	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.0011 mg/l	6 months
Maleic Anhydride	Inhalation	endocrine system hematopoietic system nervous system kidney and/or bladder heart liver eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.0098 mg/l	6 months
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 55 mg/kg/day	80 days

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Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	183 days
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	heart nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	183 days
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	80 days
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 60 mg/kg/day	90 days
Maleic Anhydride	Ingestion	skin endocrine system immune system eyes respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	80 days

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Styrene Monomer	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. If no other disposal options are available, waste product—that has been completely cured or polymerized may be placed in a landfill properly designed for industrial waste. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

SECTION 16: Other information

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to

address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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3M Canada SDSs are available at www.3M.ca

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Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Scotch-WeldTM Structural Plastic Adhesive 8005 Black, Part A

Product Identification Numbers

LA-D100-1659-7 LA-D100-1659-8 LA-D100-0111-7 LA-D100-0111-8 62-2879-7530-4

62-2879-8530-3

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Intended Use

Structural adhesive

Restrictions on use

Not applicable

1.3. Supplier's details

Company: 3M Canada Company

Division: Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division

Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

Telephone: (800) 364-3577 **Website:** www.3M.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone:1-800-3M HELPS / 1800 364 3577

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 4.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.

Respiratory Sensitizer: Category 1. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1A. Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Corrosion |Health Hazard







Hazard Statements

Combustible Liquid

Causes serious eye damage. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapours. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt	Common Name
Polyester Adipate	Trade Secret	40 - 70 Trade Secret *	Not Applicable
Polyfunctional Aziridine	64265-57-2	20 - 40 Trade Secret *	1-Aziridinepropanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-ethyl-2-[[3-(2-methyl-1-aziridinyl)-1-
			oxopropoxy] methyl]-1,3-propanediyl ester
Amine Borane Complex	223674-50-8	6 - 18 Trade Secret *	Boron, hexamethyl [.mu(1,6-
			hexanediaminekappa. N1:.kappa. N6)]di-
Amorphous Silica	67762-90-7	0.5 - 1.5 Trade Secret *	Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction
			products with silica

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D'. ' D' '1	10460 67 7	0.1 1.00 1.00 1.4	TE'. : 1 (TE'OA)	
Litanium Dioxide	113463-67-7	1 U.1 - 1 Trade Secret *	Titanium oxide (TiO2)	
Hianium Dioxide	113403-07-7	1 U.1 - 1 Trade Secret	Titanium oxide (1102)	

Amorphous Silica is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

Polyester Adipate is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic respiratory reaction (difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest). Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

None Determined

5.3. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	<u>Condition</u>
Aldehydes	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Irritant Vapours or Gases	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion

5.4. Special protection actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and

^{*}The concentration (exact or range) of this component has been withheld as a trade secret.

prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only nonsparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store locked up.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Structural Plastic Adhesive 8005 Black, Part A

Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA(Respirable nanoscale	
			particles):0.2	
			mg/m3;TWA(Respirable	
			finescale particles):2.5 mg/m3	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Colour	White
Odour	Mild Acrylic

Odour threshold	No Data Available	
pH	Not Applicable	
Melting point/Freezing point	Not Applicable	
Boiling point	>=82.2 °C	
Flash Point	82.2 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	No Data Available	
Flammability	Flammable Liquid: Category 4.	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available	
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available	
Vapour Pressure	<=13.3 Pa	
Relative Vapour Density	No Data Available	
Density	1.063 g/ml	
Relative density	1.063 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]	
Water solubility	Slight (less than 10%)	
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available	
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available	
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available	
Kinematic Viscosity	46,096 mm2/sec	
Volatile Organic Compounds <=65 g/l [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443		
[Details:EU VOC content]		
cent volatile 5 - 10 % weight [Test Method: ACS METHOD]		
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 7.8 g/l [Details: when used as intended with Part B]		
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 0.8 % [Details: when used as intended with Part B]		
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	65 g/l [<i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [<i>Details</i> :as supplied]	
Molecular weight	No Data Available	

|--|

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

None known.

Condition

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eve Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed. Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Additional Health Effects:

Genotoxicity:

Genotoxicity and Mutagenicity: May interact with genetic material and possibly alter gene expression.

Carcinogenicity:

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Additional Information:

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000
			mg/kg
Polyfunctional Aziridine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Polyfunctional Aziridine	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 0.252 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		-

	(4 hours)		
Polyfunctional Aziridine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,038 mg/kg
Amine Borane Complex	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 693 mg/kg
Amorphous Silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Amorphous Silica	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Polyfunctional Aziridine	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Amine Borane Complex	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Amorphous Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Polyfunctional Aziridine	Rabbit	Corrosive
Amine Borane Complex	Professio	Severe irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Amorphous Silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Polyfunctional Aziridine	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Amine Borane Complex	Guinea	Sensitizing
	pig	
Amorphous Silica	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
Titanium Dioxide	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	

Respiratory Sensitization

Tespiratory Sensitization							
Name	Species	Value					
Polyfunctional Aziridine	Human	Consitizing					
Polyfunctional Aziridine	l Human	Sensitizing					

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Polyfunctional Aziridine	In vivo	Mutagenic
Amine Borane Complex	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Amorphous Silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic

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Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Amorphous Silica	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified		sufficient for classification
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

premie ranger organi romerty single enposare						
Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure
						Duration
Polyfunctional Aziridine	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	NOAEL Not	4 hours
			data are not sufficient for		available	
			classification			

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Amorphous Silica	Inhalation	respiratory system silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel

during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory.

SECTION 16: Other information

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Health: 3 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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3M Canada SDSs are available at www.3M.ca