



## Safety Data Sheet

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**Document Group:** 44-9500-8  
**Issue Date:** 01/27/26

**Version Number:** 1.02  
**Supersedes Date:** 02/22/24

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Scotch-Weld™ Epoxy Adhesive 405 Black, Part A

#### Product Identification Numbers

62-2914-8531-6, 62-2914-9530-7  
7100330390, 7100409357

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Structural adhesive

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

**MANUFACTURER:** 3M  
**DIVISION:** Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division  
**ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA  
**Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Acute Toxicity (dermal): Category 4.  
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1B.  
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.  
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.  
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2.  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Signal word

Danger

##### Symbols

Corrosion | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

**Pictograms****Hazard Statements**

Harmful in contact with skin.  
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
Causes damage to organs: blood or blood-forming organs.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Do not breathe vapors.  
Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and face protection.

**Response:**

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.  
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.  
Continue rinsing.  
IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).  
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.  
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Storage:**

Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

**Notes to Physician:**

Overexposure to this product may result in methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia may be clinically suspected by the presence of clinical "cyanosis" in the presence of a normal PaO<sub>2</sub> (as obtained by arterial blood gases). Routine pulse oximetry may be inaccurate for monitoring oxygen saturation in the presence of methemoglobinemia, and should not be used to make the diagnosis of this disorder. If the patient is symptomatic or if the methemoglobin level is >20%, specific therapy with methylene blue should be considered as part of the medical management.

**2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified**

May cause chemical gastrointestinal burns.

**Supplemental Information:**

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Modified Epoxy Resin (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-6841)	Trade Secret*	40 - 60
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	4246-51-9	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Amine Curing Agent	10563-26-5	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Nepheline Syenite	37244-96-5	1 - 10
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	13477-34-4	1 - 9
Amorphous Silica	92797-60-9	0.1 - 5
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	90-72-2	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Salicylic Acid	69-72-7	0.1 - 1.5 Trade Secret *

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

#### Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin burns (localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, and tissue destruction). Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision). Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Overexposure to this product may result in methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia may be clinically suspected by the presence of clinical "cyanosis" in the presence of a normal PaO<sub>2</sub> (as obtained by arterial blood gases). Routine pulse oximetry may be inaccurate for monitoring oxygen saturation in the presence of methemoglobinemia, and should not be used to make the diagnosis of this disorder. If the patient is symptomatic or if the methemoglobin level is >20%, specific therapy with methylene blue should be considered as part of the medical management.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

**Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Aldehydes	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion

**5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities**

Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Silica: Amorphous, including natural diatomaceous earth	92797-60-9	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

For prolonged or repeated contact, gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended (breakthrough times are >4 hours): Butyl Rubber

Any glove recommended for prolonged/repeated contact is also suitable for short-term/splash contact.

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Color	Colorless
Odor	Slight Amine
Odor threshold	No Data Available
pH	Not Applicable
Melting point/Freezing point	Not Applicable
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	>=121.1 °C
Flash Point	>=121.1 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	Nil
Flammability	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available
Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable
Relative Vapor Density	Not Applicable
Density	1.1 g/ml
Relative Density	1.1 [Ref Std:WATER=1]
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Kinematic Viscosity	8,200 mm <sup>2</sup> /sec
Volatile Organic Compounds	No Data Available
Percent volatile	No Data Available
VOC Less H <sub>2</sub> O & Exempt Solvents	0 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [Details:when used as intended with Part B]
VOC Less H <sub>2</sub> O & Exempt Solvents	165 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [Details:as supplied]
VOC Less H <sub>2</sub> O & Exempt Solvents	0 % [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] [Details:when used as intended with Part B]
Molecular weight	No Data Available

Particle Characteristics	Not Applicable
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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat is generated during cure. Do not cure a mass larger than 50 grams in a confined space to prevent a premature exothermic reaction with production of intense heat and smoke.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

##### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

**Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:**

##### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

##### Skin Contact:

Harmful in contact with skin. Corrosive (Skin Burns): Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction.

Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

##### Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

##### Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Corrosion: Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain; nausea; vomiting; and diarrhea; blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

##### Additional Health Effects:

##### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Methemoglobinemia: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, nausea, difficulty breathing, and generalized weakness.

##### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**Additional Information:**

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

**Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >1,000 - =2,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000 mg/kg
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,525 mg/kg
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,850 mg/kg
Amine Curing Agent	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be 200 - 1,000 mg/kg
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,140 mg/kg
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 >300, <2000 mg/kg
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Nepheline Syenite	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Nepheline Syenite	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 1,280 mg/kg
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,000 mg/kg
Amorphous Silica	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Amorphous Silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,340 mg/kg
Salicylic Acid	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Salicylic Acid	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 891 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Rabbit	Corrosive
Amine Curing Agent	Rabbit	Corrosive
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	similar compounds	No significant irritation
Nepheline Syenite	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Salicylic Acid	Rabbit	No significant irritation

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Rabbit	Corrosive
Amine Curing Agent	Rabbit	Corrosive
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Rabbit	Corrosive
Nepheline Syenite	Professional judgement	Mild irritant
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Salicylic Acid	Rabbit	Corrosive

**Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Professional judgement	Sensitizing
Amine Curing Agent	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	similar compounds	Not classified
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Guinea pig	Not classified
Salicylic Acid	Mouse	Not classified

## Photosensitization

Name	Species	Value
Salicylic Acid	Mouse	Not sensitizing

## Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

## Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Amine Curing Agent	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Salicylic Acid	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Salicylic Acid	In vivo	Not mutagenic

## Carcinogenicity

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

## Reproductive Toxicity

### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	prematuring into lactation
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	prematuring into lactation
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	prematuring into lactation
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	prematuring into lactation
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	prematuring into lactation
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	prematuring into lactation
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	2 generation

tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	2 generation
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Salicylic Acid	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 75 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

## Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Amine Curing Agent	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	Irritation positive	
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	methemoglobinemia	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	environmental exposure
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
4,7,10-Trioxatridecane-1,13-Diamine	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days

Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Amine Curing Agent	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	29 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Dermal	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Dermal	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks

I)Phenol						
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Dermal	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Dermal	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
tris(2,4,6-Dimethylaminomonomethyl)Phenol	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
Salicylic Acid	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	3 days

### Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.**

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

## SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

#### EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

##### Physical Hazards

Not Applicable.

##### Health Hazards

Acute toxicity

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Reproductive toxicity

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Skin Corrosion or Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

#### Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

##### Ingredient

Nitric acid, calcium salt, tetrahydrate

##### C.A.S. No

13477-34-4

##### % by Wt

1 - 9

### 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

**This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.**

## SECTION 16: Other information

### NFPA Hazard Classification

**Health:** 3 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

**Document Group:** 44-9500-8  
**Issue Date:** 01/27/26

**Version Number:** 1.02  
**Supersedes Date:** 02/22/24

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