



## Safety Data Sheet

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### Product identifier

3M™ Aerospace Sealant AC-770 B-1

### ID Number(s):

41-4901-0265-8, 70-0052-0441-0, 70-0052-0442-8, 70-0052-0446-9, 70-0052-2271-9, 70-0052-2272-7, 70-0052-2273-5

7000048241, 7000048242, 7000048243, 7000048368, 7010372046, 7010311644

### Recommended use

Sealant

### Supplier's details

**MANUFACTURER:** 3M  
**DIVISION:** Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division

**ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA  
**Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

### Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

**This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Article Information Sheet (AIS), or Article Information Letter (AIL) for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component documents from this cover page. The document numbers for components of this product are:**

30-2815-6, 30-2816-4

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<b>Issue Date:</b>	12/04/25	<b>Supersedes Date:</b>	01/04/24

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Aerospace Sealant AC-770 B-1 Base

#### Product Identification Numbers

ID Number	UPC	ID Number	UPC
LC-B100-1141-4		LC-B100-1141-5	
LC-B100-1141-6		LC-B100-1141-7	
41-4901-0210-4		42-0044-2165-9	
42-0044-2216-0		70-0052-1982-2	

7010333034

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

For industrial or professional use only., Sealant

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

<b>MANUFACTURER:</b>	3M
<b>DIVISION:</b>	Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division
<b>ADDRESS:</b>	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
<b>Telephone:</b>	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

#### 2.2. Label elements

**Signal word**

Warning

**Symbols**

Exclamation mark |

**Pictograms****Hazard Statements**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention:**

Avoid breathing vapors.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves.

**Response:**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Disposal:**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	68611-50-7	70 - 75
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	15 - 20
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
AMORPHOUS SILICA	67762-90-7	< 1
EPOXY RESIN	25085-99-8	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	9003-35-4	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.05

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:**

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:**

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required**

Not applicable

**SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures****5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

None inherent in this product.

**Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products****Substance**

Formaldehyde

Carbon monoxide

Carbon dioxide

Hydrogen Chloride

**Condition**

During Combustion

During Combustion

During Combustion

During Combustion

**5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions

on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA(Respirable nanoscale particles):0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ;TWA(Respirable finescale particles):2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Inert or Nuisance Dust, Respirable fraction	471-34-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):50 millions of particles/cu. ft.(15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> );TWA(respirable fraction):15 millions of particles/cu. ft.(5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	ACGIH	TWA:0.1 ppm;STEL:0.3 ppm	A1: Confirmed human carcin.,Dermal/Respiratory Sensitizer
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	OSHA	TWA:0.75 ppm;STEL:2 ppm	29 CFR 1910.1048
Silica: Amorphous, including natural diatomaceous earth	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

##### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid
<b>Specific Physical Form:</b>	Thixotropic Paste
<b>Color</b>	White
<b>Odor</b>	Pungent Sulfuric
<b>Odor threshold</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>pH</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Melting point/Freezing point</b>	<i>Not Applicable</i>
<b>Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Flash Point</b>	$\geq 93.3$ °C [Test Method: Closed Cup]
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Flammability</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Flammable Limits(LEL)</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Flammable Limits(UEL)</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Vapor Pressure</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Relative Vapor Density</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Density</b>	1.1 g/ml
<b>Relative Density</b>	1.1 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
<b>Water solubility</b>	Nil
<b>Solubility- non-water</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Autoignition temperature</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>

<b>Kinematic Viscosity</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>	3.4 g/l [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
<b>Percent volatile</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>
<b>VOC Less H2O &amp; Exempt Solvents</b>	3.4 g/l [ <i>Test Method</i> :calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
<b>Molecular weight</b>	<i>No Data Available</i>

<b>Particle Characteristics</b>	<i>Not Applicable</i>
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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Reducing agents  
Strong bases  
Strong acids

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

#### Skin Contact:

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

**Eye Contact:**

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

**Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

**Carcinogenicity:**

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
FORMALDEHYDE	50-00-0	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

**Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 7,800 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,900 mg/kg
Formaldehyde	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 270 mg/kg
Formaldehyde	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 470 ppm
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 800 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Mild irritant
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human and animal	Mild irritant

Formaldehyde	official classification	Corrosive
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**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human and animal	Moderate irritant
Formaldehyde	official classification	Corrosive

**Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER		Not classified
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Human and animal	Not classified
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Human and animal	Not classified
EPOXY RESIN	Human and animal	Sensitizing
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human and animal	Sensitizing
Formaldehyde	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

**Respiratory Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
EPOXY RESIN	Human	Not classified
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Not classified
Formaldehyde	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name	Route	Value
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
AMORPHOUS SILICA	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In vivo	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	In vivo	Mutagenic

**Carcinogenicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic

TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	Not Specified	Human and animal	Carcinogenic

## Reproductive Toxicity

### Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	prematuring & during gestation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg	not applicable
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 10 ppm	during gestation

## Target Organ(s)

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
EPOXY RESIN	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 128 ppm	6 hours
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years

			classification			
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation	silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Formaldehyde	Dermal	respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 80 mg/kg/day	60 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.3 ppm	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20 ppm	13 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 15 ppm	3 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 10 ppm	13 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 ppm	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 ppm	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 ppm	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 ppm	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.3 ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.3 ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 14.3 ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/kg/day	4 weeks

Formaldehyde	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	24 months
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years

### Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

## SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

#### EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

##### Physical Hazards

Not Applicable.

##### Health Hazards

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

### 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

**This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.**

## SECTION 16: Other information

#### NFPA Hazard Classification

**Health:** 2 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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## Safety Data Sheet

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<b>Issue Date:</b>	04/27/26	<b>Supersedes Date:</b>	06/06/22

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Aerospace Sealant AC-770 B-1 Catalyst

#### Product Identification Numbers

LC-B100-1106-0, LC-B100-1106-1, LC-B100-1106-2, LC-B100-1106-3, 41-4901-0213-8, 41-4901-0242-7, 42-0044-2083-4, 42-0044-2217-8, 70-0052-1998-8  
7010333038, 4100040475

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Hardener, For industrial or professional use only.

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

<b>MANUFACTURER:</b>	3M
<b>DIVISION:</b>	Automotive and Aerospace Solutions Division
<b>ADDRESS:</b>	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
<b>Telephone:</b>	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.  
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.  
Carcinogenicity: Category 2.  
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.  
Reproductive Toxicity: Lactation.  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Signal word

Danger

##### Symbols

Corrosion |Health Hazard|

**Pictograms****Hazard Statements**

Causes skin irritation.  
 Causes serious eye damage.  
 Suspected of causing cancer.  
 May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
 May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system | respiratory system.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use.  
 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
 Do not breathe vapors.  
 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.  
 Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.  
 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
 Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection, and if needed, respiratory protection (see SDS Section 8).

**Response:**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
 Get medical attention if you feel unwell.  
 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice.  
 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Storage:**

Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

18% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.  
 22% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	61788-32-7	20 - 60
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	23 - 55
PARTIALLY HYDROGENATED POLYPHENYLS	68956-74-1	< 15
WATER	7732-18-5	< 10

NATURAL AMORPHOUS COMPOUNDS	Trade Secret*	< 10
DIPENTAMETHYLENETHIURAM HEXASULFIDE	971-15-3	< 5
TERPHENYL	26140-60-3	< 5
Zeolites	1318-02-1	< 5
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	0.1 - 1.5 Trade Secret *
FERBAM	14484-64-1	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	8042-47-5	< 0.5
LEAD	7439-92-1	<= 0.1
CADMIUM	7440-43-9	< 0.01

\*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

**Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

**If Swallowed:**

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision). Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

**Substance**

Carbon monoxide  
 Carbon dioxide  
 Oxides of Nitrogen  
 Oxides of Lead  
 Oxides of Sulfur

**Condition**

During Combustion  
 During Combustion  
 During Combustion  
 During Combustion  
 During Combustion

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from heat. Store away from acids.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	ACGIH	CEIL:2 mg/m3	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	OSHA	TWA:2 mg/m3	
MANGANESE COMPOUNDS, AS /MN/	1313-13-9	OSHA	CEIL(as Mn):5 mg/m3	
Manganese elemental and inorganic compounds, as Mn,	1313-13-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Mn, respirable fraction):0.02 mg/m3;TWA(as	A4: Not class. as human carcin

inhalable fraction			Mn, inhalable fraction):0.1 mg/m3	
FERBAM	14484-64-1	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
FERBAM	14484-64-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
TERPHENYL	26140-60-3	ACGIH	CEIL:5 mg/m3	
TERPHENYL	26140-60-3	OSHA	CEIL:9 mg/m3(1 ppm)	
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	61788-32-7	ACGIH	TWA:0.5 ppm	
LEAD	7439-92-1	OSHA	TWA:0.05 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1025
Lead and inorganic compounds, as Pb	7439-92-1	ACGIH	TWA(as Pb):0.05 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
CADMIUM	7440-43-9	OSHA	TWA(as fume):0.1 mg/m3;TWA(as dust):0.2 mg/m3;TWA:0.005 mg/m3;CEIL(as fume):0.3 mg/m3;CEIL(as dust):0.6 mg/m3	29 CFR 1910.1027
Cadmium and compounds, as Cd	7440-43-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Cd, respirable):0.002 mg/m3;TWA(as Cd):0.01 mg/m3	A2: Suspected human carcin.
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
OIL MIST (MINERAL)	8042-47-5	OSHA	TWA(as mist):5 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

For prolonged or repeated contact, gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended (breakthrough times are >4 hours): Butyl Rubber, Neoprene, Nitrile Rubber

Any glove recommended for prolonged/repeated contact is also suitable for short-term/splash contact.

### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Color	Dark Brown
Odor	Slight Earthy
Odor threshold	No Data Available
pH	Not Applicable
Melting point/Freezing point	Not Applicable
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	No Data Available
Flash Point	>=93.3 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable
Flammability	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available
Vapor Pressure	No Data Available
Relative Vapor Density	>=1 [Ref Std: AIR=1]
Density	1.58 g/ml
Relative Density	1.58 [Ref Std: WATER=1]
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Kinematic Viscosity	No Data Available
Volatile Organic Compounds	0.9 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	No Data Available
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	1 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	No Data Available

Particle Characteristics	Not Applicable
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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Reducing agents

Strong acids

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin Contact:

May be harmful in contact with skin. Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

#### Eye Contact:

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

#### Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed. Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Additional Health Effects:

#### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate. Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

**Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Contains a chemical or chemicals which may interfere with lactation or be harmful to breastfed children.

**Carcinogenicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Cadmium and Cadmium Compounds	7440-43-9	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Cadmium and cadmium compounds	7440-43-9	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
CADMIUM	7440-43-9	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
CADMIUM	7440-43-9	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
Lead	7439-92-1	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEAD	7439-92-1	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens

**Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000 mg/kg
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 2,000 mg/kg
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 1.5 mg/l
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,197 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 4.7 mg/l
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
TERPHENYL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
TERPHENYL	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LD50 > 3.8 mg/l
TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,304 mg/kg
DIPENTAMETHYLENETHIURAM HEXASULFIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Zeolites	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Zeolites	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 4.57 mg/l
Zeolites	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
FERBAM	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,000 mg/kg
FERBAM	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 0.4 mg/l
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,130 mg/kg
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
LEAD	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation

TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Zeolites	Rabbit	No significant irritation
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Rabbit	Corrosive
FERBAM	Rabbit	No significant irritation
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
LEAD	similar compounds	No significant irritation

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Zeolites	Rabbit	Mild irritant
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Rabbit	Corrosive
FERBAM	Rabbit	Severe irritant
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
LEAD	similar compounds	Mild irritant

**Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Mouse	Not classified
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Human	Not classified
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Human	Not classified
FERBAM	Guinea pig	Not classified
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Guinea pig	Not classified

**Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name	Route	Value
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	In vivo	Not mutagenic
TERPHENYL	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TERPHENYL	In vivo	Not mutagenic
DIPENTAMETHYLENETHIURAM HEXASULFIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
LEAD	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

**Carcinogenicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
LEAD	Not Specified	official classifica	Carcinogenic

tion

**Reproductive Toxicity****Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 generation
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rabbit	LOAEL 250 mg/kg	1 days
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 354 mg/kg/day	prematuring into lactation
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 61 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	gestation into lactation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 81 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 62 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	3 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	3 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 11 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
LEAD	Not Specified	Toxic to female reproduction	Human	LOAEL 10 ug/dl blood	
LEAD	Not Specified	Toxic to male reproduction	Human	LOAEL 37 ug/dl blood	
LEAD	Not Specified	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	

**Lactation**

Name	Route	Species	Value
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	Causes effects on or via lactation
LEAD	Not Specified	Human	Causes effects on or via lactation

**Target Organ(s)****Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	
LEAD	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs	Human	LOAEL 90 ug/dl blood	poisoning and/or abuse
LEAD	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure**

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure
------	-------	-----------------	-------	---------	-------------	----------

						<b>Duration</b>
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Monkey	LOAEL 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 months
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Dermal	skin	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	3 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Dermal	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	3 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	13 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	13 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	13 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
LEAD	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 60 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 50 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
LEAD	Inhalation	vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
LEAD	Ingestion	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 20 ug/dl blood	3 months
LEAD	Ingestion	eyes	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.5 mg/kg/day	20 days
LEAD	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 60 ug/dl blood	environmental exposure
LEAD	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	environmental exposure

LEAD	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 40 ug/dl blood	environmental exposure
LEAD	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	LOAEL 11 ug/dl blood	environmental exposure
LEAD	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	environmental exposure
LEAD	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	environmental exposure
LEAD	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	environmental exposure
LEAD	Ingestion	vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	environmental exposure

**Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

**Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D006 (Cadmium), D008 (Lead)

**SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

**Physical Hazards**

Not Applicable.

**Health Hazards**

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Skin Corrosion or Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

**Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):**

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	23 - 55
LEAD	7439-92-1	<= 0.1

**15.2. State Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

**15.3. Chemical Inventories**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

**15.4. International Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

**This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.**

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**NFPA Hazard Classification**

**Health:** 3 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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