Safety Data Sheet

Document Group:	45-0181-3	**Version Number:**	2.01
Issue Date:	09/22/25	**Supersedes Date:**	08/15/25

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M™ Scotch-Weld™ UV Dual Cure Adhesive 3581

Product Identification Numbers
LZ-N100-3805-2, XP-0038-5986-3, XP-0038-5989-7, XP-0038-6439-2
7100382704, 7100382685

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	3M People's Republic of China Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification
Acute Toxicity (oral): Category 4.
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.
Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Warning

Symbols
Exclamation mark |

Pictograms

Hazard Statements

Harmful if swallowed.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:
Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

Response:
IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Rinse mouth.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.
If eye irritation persists or if skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

6% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Filler 1	Trade Secret*	39 - 65
Oxetane, 3,3'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[3-ethyl-	18934-00-4	7 - 30 Trade Secret *
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	2386-87-0	3 - 20 Trade Secret *
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	9003-36-5	0.5 - 9 Trade Secret *
Filler 2	Trade Secret*	<= 5
IMPURITY	Trade Secret*	< 3
MBS POLYMER(S)	Trade Secret*	<= 3
Propylene Carbonate	108-32-7	< 2 Trade Secret *
Thermal Initiator	None	<= 2 Trade Secret *
SULFONIUM, DIPHENYL[(PHENYLTHIO)PHENYL]-, HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHATE(1-)	68156-13-8	< 1 Trade Secret *

Photoinitiator	Trade Secret*	< 1

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:
Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Fluoride	During Combustion
Irritant Vapors or Gases	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of

PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
No special storage requirements.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Filler 1	Trade Secret	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable particulates):10 mg/m3	
Filler 1	Trade Secret	ACGIH	TWA(respirable particles):3 mg/m3	
Filler 1	Trade Secret	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):50 millions of particles/cu. ft.(15 mg/m3);TWA(respirable fraction):15 millions of particles/cu. ft.(5 mg/m3)	
Filler 1	Trade Secret	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3	
Filler 2	Trade Secret	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.;TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Safety Glasses with side shields
Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator.
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer to Section 15 for additional information

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Viscous
Color	White

Odor	Epoxy
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
pH	*No Data Available*
Melting point/Freezing point	*No Data Available*
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	*No Data Available*
Flash Point	Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F) [*Test Method:*Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	*No Data Available*
Flammability	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No Data Available*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No Data Available*
Vapor Pressure	*No Data Available*
Relative Vapor Density	*No Data Available*
Density	1.6 g/ml
Relative Density	1.6 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Water solubility	*No Data Available*
Solubility- non-water	*No Data Available*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Autoignition temperature	*No Data Available*
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*
Kinematic Viscosity	8,688 mm2/sec
Volatile Organic Compounds	*No Data Available*
Percent volatile	*No Data Available*
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	*No Data Available*
Molecular weight	*No Data Available*

Particle Characteristics	*Not Applicable*

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials
None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	**Condition**
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:
Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:
Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:
Harmful if swallowed. Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >300 - =2,000 mg/kg
Filler 1	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Filler 1	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
Filler 1	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Oxetane, 3,3'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[3-ethyl-	Ingestion	Professional judgement	LD50 estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.19 mg/l
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,000 mg/kg
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Filler 2	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Filler 2	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l

	Dust/Mist (4 hours)		
Filler 2	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
Thermal Initiator	Ingestion	Professional judgement	LD50 estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
Propylene Carbonate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Propylene Carbonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Photoinitiator	Dermal	Not available	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Photoinitiator	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Filler 1	Rabbit	No significant irritation
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	Rabbit	Irritant
Filler 2	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Propylene Carbonate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Photoinitiator	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Filler 1	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Oxetane, 3,3'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[3-ethyl-	Professional judgement	Severe irritant
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Rabbit	Mild irritant
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Filler 2	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Propylene Carbonate	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Photoinitiator	Rabbit	Corrosive
SULFONIUM, DIPHENYL[(PHENYLTHIO)PHENYL]-, HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHATE(1-)	Not available	Severe irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Filler 1	Human and animal	Not classified
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	Multiple animal species	Sensitizing
Filler 2	Human and animal	Not classified
Photoinitiator	Guinea pig	Not classified
SULFONIUM, DIPHENYL[(PHENYLTHIO)PHENYL]-, HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHATE(1-)	Not available	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Filler 1	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	In vivo	Not mutagenic
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Filler 2	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Thermal Initiator	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Photoinitiator	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
SULFONIUM, DIPHENYL[(PHENYLTHIO)PHENYL]-, HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHATE(1-)	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Filler 1	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Filler 2	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Filler 1	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Filler 1	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Filler 1	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Filler 2	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Filler 2	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Filler 2	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Oxetane, 3,3'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[3-ethyl-	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL not available	
Photoinitiator	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	similar health	NOAEL Not available	

			classification	hazards		
SULFONIUM, DIPHENYL[(PHENYLTHIO)PHENYL]-, HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHATE(1-)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Filler 1	Inhalation	respiratory system | silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Ingestion	olfactory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	91 days
(3',4'-EPOXYCYCLOHEXYLMETHYL) 3,4-EPOXYCYCLOHEXANECARBOXYLATE	Ingestion	liver | kidney and/or bladder | heart | skin | endocrine system | gastrointestinal tract | hematopoietic system | immune system | nervous system | eyes | respiratory system | vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	91 days
EPICHLOROHYDRIN-PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE RESIN	Ingestion	heart | endocrine system | gastrointestinal tract | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | hematopoietic system | liver | immune system | nervous system | eyes | kidney and/or bladder | respiratory system | vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Filler 2	Inhalation	respiratory system | silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Photoinitiator	Ingestion	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 68 mg/kg/day	90 days
Photoinitiator	Ingestion	liver | kidney and/or bladder | hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 215 mg/kg/day	90 days

Aspiration Hazard
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Refer to Section 15 for additional information

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards
Not Applicable.

Health Hazards
Acute toxicity
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
Serious eye damage or eye irritation

This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:

Ingredient (Category if applicable)	C.A.S. No	Regulation	Status
Oxetane, 3,3'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[3-ethyl-	18934-00-4	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 5 SNUR or Consent Order Chemicals	Applicable

This material contains a chemical regulated by an EPA Significant New Use Rule (TSCA Section 5)

Ingredient (Category if applicable)	C.A.S. No	Reference
Oxetane, 3,3'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[3-ethyl-	18934-00-4	40CFR721.10095

Additional TSCA Information

Components	CAS No	Additional Information
Oxetane, 3,3'-[oxybis(methylene)]bis[3-ethyl-	18934-00-4	This substance may cause: Internal organ effects. Reproductive effects. When using this substance: Use skin protection.

15.2. State Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories
The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

This material is not listed on the TSCA inventory and should be used for research and development purposes only under the direct supervision of a technically qualified individual.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations
Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 2 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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