



## Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia, December 2011)

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Hand Glaze, 05989, 05990, 06000, 39007

#### Product Identification Numbers

60-4550-7156-7

7000000479

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Recommended use

Automotive, Remove defects from painted surfaces.

For Industrial or Professional use only.

#### 1.3. Supplier's details

<b>Address:</b>	3M Australia - Building A, 1 Rivett Road, North Ryde NSW 2113
<b>Telephone:</b>	136 136
<b>E Mail:</b>	productinfo.au@mmm.com
<b>Website:</b>	www.3m.com.au

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY: 1800 097 146 (Australia only)

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

This product is classified as a hazardous chemical according to the Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, 2011, in accordance with applicable State and Territory legislation.

Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheets for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2.

## 2.2. Label elements

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals (Safe Work Australia, December 2011). This information may be different from the actual product label.

### Signal word

Warning

### Symbols

Exclamation mark |

### Pictograms



### Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

### Precautionary statements

#### General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P102 Keep out of reach of children.

#### Prevention:

P264 Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

#### Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## 2.3. Other assigned/identified product hazards

Aspiration does not apply - viscosity. Aspiration hazard classification does not apply due to the kinematic viscosity of the product. Aspiration classification does not apply due to the viscosity of the product.

## 2.4. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Water	7732-18-5	60 - 100
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	5 - 10
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	5 - 10
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	3 - 7
Processed Castor Oil	Trade Secret	1 - 5
Glycerin	56-81-5	< 5
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	1 - 5
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	< 0.2

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### Eye contact

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No critical symptoms or effects. See Section 11.1, information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguisher to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

#### Substance

Hydrocarbons.

Carbon monoxide.

Carbon dioxide.

Oxides of nitrogen.

#### Condition

During combustion.

During combustion.

During combustion.

During combustion.

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA(Respirable nanoscale particles):0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ;TWA(Respirable finescale particles):2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen.
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Glycerin	56-81-5	Australia OELs	TWA(Inspirable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction	8042-47-5	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	A4: Not class. as human carcin

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Australia OELs : Australia. Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Sen: Sensitiser

Sk: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

None required.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

Select and use gloves according to AS/NZ 2161.

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Select and use respirators according to AS/NZS 1715. Respirators should comply with AS/NZS 1716 performance specifications. For information about respirators, call 3M on 1800 024 464.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	Light Orange-Brown
<b>Odour</b>	Faint Solvent, Light Solvent
<b>Odour threshold</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>pH</b>	8 - 8.4
<b>Melting point/Freezing point</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range</b>	100 °C
<b>Flash point</b>	Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Flammability</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Flammable Limits(LEL)</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Flammable Limits(UEL)</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	2,399.8 Pa
<b>Relative Vapor Density</b>	<i>No data available.</i>
<b>Density</b>	0.982 - 1.006 g/ml
<b>Relative density</b>	0.982 - 1.006 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

Water solubility	No data available.
Solubility- non-water	No data available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	No data available.
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Kinematic Viscosity	No data available.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	9.1 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2]
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	91 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Percent volatile	84.1 %
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	373 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
Molecular weight	No data available.

Particle Characteristics	Not applicable.
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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Conditions to avoid

None known.

### 10.4. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

None known.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

#### Substance

None known.

#### Condition

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

#### Eye contact

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

#### Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

#### Additional Health Effects:

#### Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

#### Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation-Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation-Vapour	Professional judgement	LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 2.07 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	Dermal	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Ingestion	similar compounds	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerin	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glycerin	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Irritant
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Rabbit	Irritant
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Kaolin, calcined	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Glycerin	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Rabbit	No significant irritation
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Kaolin, calcined	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Glycerin	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

**Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Guinea pig	Not classified
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Guinea pig	Not classified
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Guinea pig	Not classified
Glycerin	Guinea pig	Not classified
Titanium dioxide	Human and animal	Not classified

**Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Name	Route	Value
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic

**Carcinogenicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	Human and animal	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Glycerin	Ingestion	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic.

**Reproductive Toxicity****Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects**

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
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Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Glycerin	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	2 generation

### Target Organ(s)

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
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Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Kaolin, calcined	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Not classified	similar compounds	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
Glycerin	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerin	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerin	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerin	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.91 mg/l	14 days
Glycerin	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Glycerin	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Glycerin	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Glycerin	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years

			data are not sufficient for classification			
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

**Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	Aspiration hazard
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

**Exposure Levels**

Refer Section 8.1 Control Parameters of this Safety Data Sheet.

**Interactive Effects**

Not Determined

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

**12.1. Toxicity****Acute aquatic hazard:**

GHS Acute 3: Harmful to aquatic life.

**Chronic aquatic hazard:**

GHS Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	1 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LL50	2 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EL50	1.4 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEL	1 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	NOEL	0.48 mg/l
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	EL50	8.3 mg/l
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	Rainbow trout	Analogous Compound	96 hours	LL50	20 mg/l
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EL50	1.4 mg/l
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEL	4 mg/l

Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	0.48 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	48 hours	EL50	>100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LL50	>100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Green algae	Analogous Compound	72 hours	NOEL	100 mg/l
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Analogous Compound	21 days	NOEL	>100 mg/l
Glycerin	56-81-5	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	54,000 mg/l
Glycerin	56-81-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	1,955 mg/l
Glycerin	56-81-5	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	10,000 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Bacteria	Estimated	16 hours	EC10	1,400 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	2,500 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Zebra Fish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC10	41 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Rainbow trout	Estimated	30 days	NOEC	100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	NOEC	>=1,000 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>10,000 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	5,600 mg/l

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not available-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	55 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Glycerin	56-81-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	63 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Data not available-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Data not available-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Medium Aliphatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	Modeled Bioconcentration		Log Kow	6	
White Mineral Oil (Petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Glycerin	56-81-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-1.75	similar to OECD 107
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Data not available or insufficient for	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

		classification				
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	9.6	

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

Please contact manufacturer for more details

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

No information available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility.

## SECTION 14: Transport Information

**Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG) - Road/Rail Transport**

**UN No.:** Not applicable.

**Proper shipping name:** Not applicable.

**Class/Division:** Not applicable.

**Sub Risk:** Not applicable.

**Packing Group:** Not applicable.

**Hazchem Code:** Not applicable

**IERG:** Not applicable.

**International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport**

**UN No.:** Not applicable.

**Proper shipping name:** Not applicable.

**Class/Division:** Not applicable.

**Sub Risk:** Not applicable.

**Packing Group:** Not applicable.

**International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)- Marine Transport**

**UN No.:** Not applicable.

**Proper shipping name:** Not applicable.

**Class/Division:** Not applicable.

**Sub Risk:** Not applicable.

**Packing Group:** Not applicable.

**Marine Pollutant:** Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****Australian Inventory Status:**

All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC). Conditions may apply prior to introduction for direct importers of this product, Please contact 3M Australia on 136 136 for further details.

**Poison Schedule:** This product is intended for Industrial or Professional Use only and therefore is not packaged and labelled in accordance with the requirements of the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Revision information:

Complete document review.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Safety Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Greenguard® is a United States based program. The 'Low VOC' reference related to United States Federal and State regulations exemptions for some solvents.

**3M Australia SDSs are available at [www.3m.com.au](http://www.3m.com.au)**