

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM MSP Sprayable Seam Sealer, PN 08374, Gray

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Intended Use

Automotive

Specific Use

Automotive Seam Sealer

Restrictions on use

Not applicable

1.3. Supplier's details

Company: 3M Canada Company **Division:** Automotive Aftermarket

Address: 1840 Oxford Street East, Post Office Box 5757, London, Ontario N6A 4T1

Telephone: (800) 364-3577 **Website:** www.3M.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Medical Emergency Telephone:1-800-3M HELPS / 1800 364 3577

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1. Carcinogenicity: Category 1A. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 2.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms





Hazard Statements

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: respiratory system.

Precautionary statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapours, dust, or spray. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and respiratory protection.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

5% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 67% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

This material is a mixture.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt | Common Name |
|----------------------------|--------------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | 15 - 40 | Limestonests primarily of calcium |
| | | | carbonate. |
| Inorganic Filler 2 | Trade Secret | 10 - 30 | Not Applicable |
| Silyl Terminated Polyether | Trade Secret | 10 - 30 | Not Applicable |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | Trade Secret | 5 - 10 | Not Applicable |

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| Calcium Carbonate | 471-34-1 | 3 - 7 | Carbonic acid calcium salt (1:1) |
|---|--------------|--------------------------|--|
| Dibutyl Phthalate | 84-74-2 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * | 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dibutyl ester |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, | 64742-48-9 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * | No Data Available |
| isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | | | |
| Inorganic Filler 1 | Trade Secret | 1 - 5 | Not Applicable |
| N-Ethyl-P-Toluenesulfonamide | 80-39-7 | 1 - 5 | No Data Available |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecan amide, 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecan amide and N,N'-1,2-alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | 484-050-2 | 1 - 5 | DISPARLON 6500 THIXOTROPIC AGENT |
| Stearic Acid | 57-11-4 | 0.1 - 3 | Octadecanoic acid |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | 1760-24-3 | 0.5 - 1.5 Trade Secret * | 1,2-Ethanediamine, N-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | 872-50-4 | 0.5 - 1.5 Trade Secret * | 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-methyl- |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | 52829-07-9 | 0.1 - 0.5 Trade Secret * | Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | 22673-19-4 | 0.1 - 0.5 Trade Secret * | Tin, dibutylbis(2,4-pentanedionato-O,O')-, (OC-6-11)- |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-Bis[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | 68845-16-9 | 0.1 - 0.3 Trade Secret * | No Data Available |
| Quartz Silica | 14808-60-7 | 0.03 - 0.3 | Quartz (SiO2) |

Inorganic Filler 2 is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

Silyl Terminated Polyether is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

Non-Phthalate Plasticizer is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

Inorganic Filler 1 is a non-hazardous material according to WHMIS criteria. Specific information has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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^{*}The concentration (exact or range) of this component has been withheld as a trade secret.

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Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. Section 11 for additional details.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

None Determined

5.3. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance

Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide

Condition

During Combustion During Combustion

5.4. Special protection actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this

product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store locked up.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|---------------------|------------|--------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Quartz Silica | 14808-60-7 | ACGIH | TWA(respirable | |
| | | | fraction):0.025 mg/m3 | |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | 84-74-2 | ACGIH | TWA:5 mg/m3 | |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | 872-50-4 | AIHA | TWA:60 mg/m3(15 | SKIN |
| • | | | ppm);STEL(15 minutes):120 | |
| | | | mg/m3(30 ppm) | |

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical state | Liquid | |
|---|--|--|
| Specific Physical Form: | Paste | |
| | | |
| Colour | Gray | |
| Odour | Mild Silicone | |
| Odour threshold | No Data Available | |
| pH | Not Applicable | |
| Melting point/Freezing point | Not Applicable | |
| Boiling point | Not Applicable | |
| Flash Point | No flash point | |
| Evaporation rate | Nil | |
| Flammability | Not Applicable | |
| | | |
| Flammable Limits(LEL) | No Data Available | |
| Flammable Limits(UEL) | No Data Available | |
| Vapour Pressure | Not Applicable | |
| Relative Vapour Density | Not Applicable | |
| Density | 1.4 - 1.6 g/cm3 | |
| Relative density | 1.4 - 1.6 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1] | |
| Water solubility | Negligible | |
| Solubility- non-water | No Data Available | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | No Data Available | |
| Autoignition temperature | No Data Available | |
| Decomposition temperature | No Data Available | |
| Kinematic Viscosity | 93,333 mm2/sec | |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | 4.5 % weight [Test Method:calculated per CARB title 2] | |
| Volatile Organic Compounds | 119 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] | |
| Percent volatile | 8 % weight | |
| VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents | 119 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] | |

| Particle Characteristics | Not Applicable |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| | |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

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Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids
Strong oxidizing agents
Strong bases

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Eye Contact:

May be harmful by eye contact. Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed. Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish coloured skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient | CAS No. | Class Description | Regulation |
|---|------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size) | 14808-60-7 | Known To Be Human Carcinogen. | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens |
| Silica dust, crystalline, in the form of quartz | 14808-60-7 | Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| or cristobalite | | | |

Additional Information:

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation- Dust/Mist(4 hr) | | No data available; calculated ATE >12.5 mg/l |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000 mg/kg |
| Limestone | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Limestone | Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 3 mg/l |
| Limestone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 6,450 mg/kg |
| Silyl Terminated Polyether | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Silyl Terminated Polyether | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Inorganic Filler 2 | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Inorganic Filler 2 | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,800 mg/kg |
| Calcium Carbonate | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Calcium Carbonate | Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 3 mg/l |
| Calcium Carbonate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 6,450 mg/kg |
| N-Ethyl-P-Toluenesulfonamide | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| N-Ethyl-P-Toluenesulfonamide | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,800 mg/kg |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 20,000 mg/kg |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 15.7 mg/l |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 6,300 mg/kg |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Dermal | similar compoun ds | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Ingestion | similar compoun ds | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Stearic Acid | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Stearic Acid | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2-alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2-alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 6.3 |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1- | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 |

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| oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1- | | | |
|---|-------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2- | | | |
| | | | |
| alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | - I | D 111 | Y D 50 . 2 000 . # |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 >1.49, <2.44 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 1,897 mg/kg |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 4,000 mg/kg |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 > 5.1 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 4,320 mg/kg |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 1,864 mg/kg |
| Quartz Silica | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Quartz Silica | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 3,170 mg/kg |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 0.5 mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 3,700 mg/kg |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-Bis[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-Bis[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 >1.49, <2.44 mg/L mg/l |
| | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | | |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-Bis[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 1,897 mg/kg |
| | | • | |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|-----------|---------------------------|
| | ~ | 27 |
| Limestone | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Inorganic Filler 2 | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Calcium Carbonate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| N-Ethyl-P-Toluenesulfonamide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | similar | Mild irritant |
| | compoun | |
| | ds | |
| Stearic Acid | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2- | | |
| alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | | |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Rat | Corrosive |
| Quartz Silica | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |
| | judgeme | |
| | nt | |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-Bis[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Rabbit | Mild irritant |

Serious Eve Damage/Irritation

| Serious Lye Damage/Irritation | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| Name | Species | Value |
| | • | |
| Limestone | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Inorganic Filler 2 | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Calcium Carbonate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| N-Ethyl-P-Toluenesulfonamide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Rabbit | Mild irritant |

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| Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | similar | No significant irritation |
|---|----------|---------------------------|
| | compoun | |
| | ds | |
| Stearic Acid | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2- | | |
| alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | | |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Rabbit | Severe irritant |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | In vitro | Corrosive |
| | data | |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-Bis[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Rabbit | Corrosive |

Skin Sensitization

| NI | C | V-1 |
|---|----------|----------------|
| Name | Species | Value |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | similar | Not classified |
| | compoun | |
| | ds | |
| N-Ethyl-P-Toluenesulfonamide | similar | Not classified |
| | compoun | |
| | ds | |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | similar | Not classified |
| | compoun | |
| | ds | |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, | Mouse | Not classified |
| 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2- | | |
| alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | | |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Multiple | Sensitizing |
| | animal | |
| | species | |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Human | Not classified |
| | and | |
| | animal | |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Guinea | Sensitizing |
| | pig | |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-Bis[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Multiple | Sensitizing |
| | animal | |
| | species | |

Photosensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|---------|-----------------|
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Guinea | Not sensitizing |
| | pig | |

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|---|----------|--|
| Inorganic Filler 2 | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| N-Ethyl-P-Toluenesulfonamide | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| N-Ethyl-P-Toluenesulfonamide | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Stearic Acid | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2- | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |

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| alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | | |
|---|----------|--|
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | In vivo | Mutagenic |
| Quartz Silica | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Quartz Silica | In vivo | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'-Bis[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Inorganic Filler 2 | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Stearic Acid | Ingestion | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Inhalation | Rat | Not carcinogenic |
| Quartz Silica | Inhalation | Human | Carcinogenic |
| | | and | |
| | | animal | |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|---|-----------|--|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| Limestone | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Calcium Carbonate | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL Not available | |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Ingestion | Toxic to male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL Not available | |
| Dibutyl Phthalate | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2-alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2-alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| Reaction mass of 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxodecyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide, 12-hydroxy-N-[2-[(1-oxooctyl)amino]alkyl]octadecanamide and N,N'-1,2-alkandiylbis[12-hydroxyoctadecanamide] | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | 28 days |

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| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
|--|------------|--------------------------------------|-----|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | LOAEL 0.68 mg/l | during gestation |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | LOAEL 50 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Ingestion | Toxic to male reproduction | Rat | LOAEL 50 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Dermal | Toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 237 mg/kg/day | during organogenesi s |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 160 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2 mg/kg/day | premating into lactation |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Ingestion | Toxic to development | Rat | NOAEL 2.5 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 430 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 130 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 130 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|---|------------|------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Limestone | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.812 mg/l | 90 minutes |
| Calcium Carbonate | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.812 mg/l | 90 minutes |
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |
| Stearic Acid | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Not classified | Human | NOAEL 0.05 mg/l | 8 hours |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Ingestion | immune system | Causes damage to organs | Rat | LOAEL 5 mg/kg | |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Dermal | photoirritation | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL not available | |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL not available | |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'- Bis[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test result | Exposure Duration |
|--------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Limestone | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Inorganic Filler 2 | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL not available | |

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| Inorganic Filler 2 | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL not available | occupational exposure |
|--|------------|---|--|-------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Non-Phthalate Plasticizer | Ingestion | heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system eyes respiratory system vascular system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Calcium Carbonate | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| N-Ethyl-P- Toluenesulfonamide | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| N-Ethyl-P- Toluenesulfonamide | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| N-Ethyl-P- Toluenesulfonamide | Ingestion | heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system eyes respiratory system vascular system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Stearic Acid | Ingestion | blood | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL Not available | 6 weeks |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Dermal | skin endocrine system hematopoietic system kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,545 mg/kg/day | 11 days |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Inhalation | respiratory system | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | NOAEL 0.015 mg/l | 90 days |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Inhalation | hematopoietic system eyes kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.044 mg/l | 90 days |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Ingestion | hematopoietic system nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Inhalation | bone marrow immune system respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | NOAEL 0.5 mg/l | 4 weeks |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Ingestion | endocrine system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 250 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 2,060 mg/kg/day | 4 weeks |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Ingestion | nervous system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,057 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| N-Me 2-Pryrrolidone | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day | 3 months |
| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Ingestion | liver | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | NOAEL 2 mg/kg/day | 2 weeks |

| Dibutyltin Bis(acetylacetonate) | Ingestion | immune system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | NOAEL 0.3 mg/kg/day | 28 days |
|---|------------|--|--|-------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Quartz Silica | Inhalation | silicosis | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Bis(2,2,6,6-Tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate | Ingestion | heart skin endocrine system gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system liver immune system muscles nervous system eyes kidney and/or bladder respiratory system vascular system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 261 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| 1,2-Ethanediamine, N,N'- Bis[3- (trimethoxysilyl)propyl]- | Inhalation | respiratory system | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Rat | NOAEL 0.015 mg/l | 90 days |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|--|-------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the

selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

SECTION 16: Other information

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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