

## **Safety Data Sheet**

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**Product identifier** 

3M<sup>TM</sup> Scotch-Weld<sup>TM</sup> Epoxy Adhesive DP420LX Off- White

**ID** Number(s):

XP-0038-5275-1

Recommended use

Adhesive

Supplier's details

**MANUFACTURER:** 3M

**DIVISION:** 3M People's Republic of China

Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA

**Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

**Emergency telephone number** 

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

This product is a kit or a multipart product which consists of multiple, independently packaged components. A Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Article Information Sheet (AIS), or Article Information Letter (AIL) for each of these components is included. Please do not separate the component documents from this cover page. The document numbers for components of this product are:

44-6223-0, 44-5853-5

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## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Scotch-Weld<sup>TM</sup> Epoxy Adhesive DP420LX, part A

## **Product Identification Numbers**

LZ-N100-3657-9

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

**DIVISION:** 3M People's Republic of China

Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA

**Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## 2.1. Hazard classification

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1B. Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.

#### 2.2. Label elements

## Signal word

Danger

### **Symbols**

Corrosion | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

### **Pictograms**







#### **Hazard Statements**

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes damage to organs: blood or blood-forming organs.

## **Precautionary statements**

#### **Prevention:**

Do not breathe vapors.

Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and face protection.

### **Response:**

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## Storage:

Store locked up.

### Disposal:

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

## **Notes to Physician:**

Overexposure to this product may result in methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia may be clinically suspected by the presence of clinical "cyanosis" in the presence of a normal PaO2 (as obtained by arterial blood gases). Routine pulse oximetry may be inaccurate for monitoring oxygen saturation in the presence of methemoglobinemia, and should not be used to make the diagnosis of this disorder. If the patient is symptomatic or if the methemoglobin level is >20%, specific therapy with methylene blue should be consider as part of the medical management

## 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

May cause chemical gastrointestinal burns.

### **Supplemental Information:**

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Modified Epoxy Resin	Trade Secret*	55 - 65

12

BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE	4246-51-9	10 - 50
GLYCOL		
Calcium salt	13477-34-4	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	90-72-2	3 - 10 Trade Secret *
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with	67762-90-7	3 - 7
silica		

<sup>\*</sup>The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

#### **Eve Contact:**

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin burns (localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, and tissue destruction). Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision). Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Overexposure to this product may result in methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia may be clinically suspected by the presence of clinical "cyanosis" in the presence of a normal PaO2 (as obtained by arterial blood gases). Routine pulse oximetry may be inaccurate for monitoring oxygen saturation in the presence of methemoglobinemia, and should not be used to make the diagnosis of this disorder. If the patient is symptomatic or if the methemoglobin level is >20%, specific therapy with methylene blue should be considered as part of the medical management.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring Combustion

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	<b>Additional Comments</b>
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.;TWA	
			concentration:0.8 mg/m3	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

## 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

**Indirect Vented Goggles** 

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

For prolonged or repeated contact, gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended (breakthrough times are >4 hours): Butyl Rubber, Neoprene

Any glove recommended for prolonged/repeated contact is also suitable for short-term/splash contact.

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

## Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Specific Physical Form:	Viscous
	"
Color	Yellow
Odor	Ероху
Odor threshold	No Data Available
рН	No Data Available
Melting point/Freezing point	No Data Available
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	>=171 °C
Flash Point	>=175 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]

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Evaporation rate	No Data Available
Flammability	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No Data Available
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No Data Available
Vapor Pressure	No Data Available
Relative Vapor Density	No Data Available
Density	1.08 - 1.13 g/cm3
Relative Density	1.08 - 1.13 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Water solubility	No Data Available
Solubility- non-water	No Data Available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	No Data Available
Autoignition temperature	No Data Available
Decomposition temperature	No Data Available
Kinematic Viscosity	No Data Available
Volatile Organic Compounds	No Data Available
Percent volatile	No Data Available
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	No Data Available
Molecular weight	No Data Available

Particle Characteristics	Not Applicable
Particle Characteristics	lNot Applicable

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance** 

**Condition** 

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

## Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

#### **Skin Contact:**

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Corrosive (Skin Burns): Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction.

Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

### **Eve Contact:**

Corrosive (Eye Burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

### **Ingestion:**

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Corrosion: Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain; nausea; vomiting; and diarrhea; blood in the feces and/or vomitus may also be seen.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

## **Additional Health Effects:**

### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Methemoglobinemia: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, nausea, difficulty breathing, and generalized weakness.

### **Additional Information:**

Persons previously sensitized to amines may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to certain other amines.

## **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

## Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000
			mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000
			mg/kg
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 2,525 mg/kg
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,850 mg/kg
Calcium salt	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 >300, <2000 mg/kg
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 1,280 mg/kg
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,000 mg/kg
Calcium salt	Dermal	similar	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
		compoun	
		ds	
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l

## **3M<sup>TM</sup>** Scotch-Weld<sup>TM</sup> Epoxy Adhesive DP420LX, part A 09/22/25

	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110  mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Rabbit	Corrosive
Calcium salt	similar	No significant irritation
	compoun	
	ds	
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Rabbit	Corrosive
Calcium salt	Rabbit	Corrosive
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation

## **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Professio	Sensitizing
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
Calcium salt	similar	Not classified
	compoun	
	ds	
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	

## **Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Germ Centificating				
Name	Route	Value		
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Calcium salt	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified		sufficient for classification

## Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation

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BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Calcium salt	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	similar compoun ds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Calcium salt	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	similar compoun ds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days
Calcium salt	Ingestion	Not classified for development	similar compoun ds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 50 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s

## Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Calcium salt	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Calcium salt	Ingestion	methemoglobinemi a	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	environmental exposure
Tris(2,4,6- dimethylaminomonomethyl )phenol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
BIS(3-AMINOPROPYL) ETHER OF DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Ingestion	gastrointestinal tract   heart   endocrine system   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   muscles   nervous system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system   vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	59 days
Calcium salt	Ingestion	heart   skin   endocrine system   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   liver	Not classified	similar compoun ds	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	28 days

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		immune system   nervous system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system   vascular system				
Tris(2,4,6- dimethylaminomonomethy l)phenol	Dermal	skin	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Dermal	liver   nervous system   auditory system   hematopoietic system   eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 125 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Tris(2,4,6-dimethylaminomonomethyl)phenol	Ingestion	heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   muscles   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system   vascular system   auditory system   skin   gastrointestinal tract   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   immune system   eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Inhalation	respiratory system   silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

## **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

#### Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the

available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

#### **EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**

Physical Hazards

Not Applicable.

#### Health Hazards

Hazard Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Skin Corrosion or Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

## Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

C.A.S. No

13477-34-4

**Ingredient** 

Calcium salt (NITRATE COMPOUNDS (WATER DISSOCIABLE; REPORTABLE ONLY WHEN IN

% by Wt
Trade Secret 5 - 10

## 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

AQUEOUS SOLUTION))

### 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

## 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

3M<sup>TM</sup> Scotch-Weld<sup>TM</sup> Epoxy Adhesive DP420LX, part A 09/22/25

### NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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 04/24/24

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## **Safety Data Sheet**

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**Document Group:** 44-6223-0 **Version Number:** 1.01 **Issue Date:** 04/07/25 **Supercedes Date:** 12/05/23

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Scotch-Weld<sup>TM</sup> Epoxy Adhesive DP420LX off-white, Part B

## **Product Identification Numbers**

LZ-N100-3563-8, LZ-N100-3658-0

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

**DIVISION:** 3M People's Republic of China

Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA

**Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## 2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

## 2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Warning

### **Symbols**

Exclamation mark |

## **Pictograms**



#### **Hazard Statements**

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## **Precautionary Statements**

### **Prevention:**

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

## **Response:**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	40 - 80 Trade Secret *
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer	25068-38-6	10 - 40 Trade Secret *
Acrylic Polymer	Trade Secret*	1 - 20 Trade Secret *
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	2530-83-8	<= 1 Trade Secret *
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with	67762-90-7	<= 1 Trade Secret *
silica		

<sup>\*</sup>The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

## Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching).

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

## **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionAldehydesDuring CombustionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring CombustionHydrogen ChlorideDuring Combustion

## **5.3.** Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice.

## **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from oxidizing agents.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	<b>Additional Comments</b>
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.;TWA	
			concentration:0.8 mg/m3	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

## 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

**Indirect Vented Goggles** 

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

## Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid Color White

Specific Physical Form: Paste

OdorNo Data AvailableOdor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNo Data AvailableMelting pointNo Data Available

Boiling Point >=260 °C

Flash Point >=250 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]

Evaporation rateNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data AvailableVapor PressureNo Data AvailableVapor DensityNo Data AvailableDensity1.11 - 1.16 g/ml

Specific Gravity 1.11 - 1.16 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

No Data Available **Solubility In Water** Solubility- non-water No Data Available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water No Data Available **Autoignition temperature** No Data Available **Decomposition temperature** No Data Available 20,000 - 50,000 mPa-s Viscosity **Volatile Organic Compounds** No Data Available Percent volatile No Data Available **VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** No Data Available **Kinematic Viscosity** No Data Available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

**Condition** 

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

### **Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

### **Eve Contact:**

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

## **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Acrylic Polymer	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000  mg/kg
Acrylic Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 7,010 mg/kg
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Rabbit	Mild irritant
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Acrylic Polymer	Professio	Minimal irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eve Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Acrylic Polymer	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Rabbit	Corrosive
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Rabbit	No significant irritation

## **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	

**Respiratory Sensitization** 

Name		Value
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether		Not classified
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer		Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Germ Cen wittagementy								
Name	Route	Value						
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	In vivo	Not mutagenic						
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification						
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer	In vivo	Not mutagenic						
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not						

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		sufficient for classification
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Not Specified	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol- epichlorohydrin polymer	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol- epichlorohydrin polymer	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol- epichlorohydrin polymer	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol- epichlorohydrin polymer	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	1 generation
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	1 generation
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s

## Target Organ(s)

## **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	2 years

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Ether					1,000 mg/kg/day	
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	auditory system   heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   eyes   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol- epichlorohydrin polymer	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol- epichlorohydrin polymer	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
4,4'- isopropylidenediphenol- epichlorohydrin polymer	Ingestion	auditory system   heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   eyes   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	heart   endocrine system   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica	Inhalation	respiratory system   silicosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

## **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

#### Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste

incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

# **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

#### **EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:**

### Physical Hazards

Not applicable

#### Health Hazards

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

## 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

## 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact 3M for more information.

### 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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