Safety Data Sheet

Document Group:	43-7738-8	**Version Number:**	1.01
Revision Date:	22/08/2025	**Supersedes Date:**	29/07/2025
Transportation version number:			

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier
Scotch® Glue Extra Strong

Product Identification Numbers
UU-0141-4850-4

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
ADDRESS: 3M Israel, 91 Medinat Ha'Yehudim Street, Herzeliya 46120
Telephone: 09-961 5000
E Mail: innovation.il@mmm.com
Website: www.3M.com/il

1.4. Emergency telephone number
09-961 5000

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

The health and environmental classifications of this material have been derived using the calculation method, except in cases where test data are available or the physical form impacts classification. Classification(s) based on test data or physical form are noted below, if applicable.

CLASSIFICATION:
Flammable Liquid, Category 2 - Flam. Liq. 2; H225
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2 - Eye Irrit. 2; H319
Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single Exposure, Category 3 - STOT SE 3; H336

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements
CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

SIGNAL WORD
Danger

Symbols:
GHS02 (Flame) |GHS07 (Exclamation mark) |

Pictograms

Ingredients:

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	EC No.	% by Wt
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	201-159-0	40 - 70

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
General:

P102	Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261A	Avoid breathing vapors.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Storage:

P405	Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable local, regional, national, and international regulations.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

Supplemental Hazard Statements:

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH205	Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

40% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity.

Contains 9% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

2.3. Other hazards

None known
This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances
Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	(CAS-No.) 78-93-3 (EC-No.) 201-159-0	40 - 70	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066
2-Butenedioic acid (2E)-, polymer with chloroethene and ethenyl acetate	(CAS-No.) 32650-26-3	15 - 40	Substance not classified as hazardous
Polyurethane Resin	None	7 - 13	Substance not classified as hazardous
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	(CAS-No.) 1675-54-3 (EC-No.) 216-823-5	< 1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

Specific Concentration Limits

Ingredient	Identifier(s)	Specific Concentration Limits
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	(CAS-No.) 1675-54-3 (EC-No.) 216-823-5	(C >= 5%) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 (C >= 5%) Eye Irrit. 2, H319

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:
Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
The most important symptoms and effects based on the CLP classification include:
Dermal defatting (localized redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin). Serious irritation to the eyes (significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and impaired vision). Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters
Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS. Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable

local/regional/national/international regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections
Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)
See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	ACGIH	TWA:75 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	Danger of cutaneous absorption

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

For prolonged or repeated contact, gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended (breakthrough times are >4 hours): Polymer laminate, Polyvinyl Alcohol (PVA)

Any glove recommended for prolonged/repeated contact is also suitable for short-term/splash contact.

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (e.g., spraying, high splash potential, etc.), then use of a protective apron may be necessary. See recommended glove material(s) for determining appropriate apron material(s). If a glove material is not available as an apron, polymer laminate is a suitable option.

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Color	Colorless
Odor	Ketones
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
Melting point/freezing point	*Not Applicable*
Boiling point/boiling range	80 ºC
Flammability	Flammable Liquid: Category 2.
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*No Data Available*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*No Data Available*
Flash Point	3 ºC [*Test Method:*Closed Cup]
Autoignition temperature	516 ºC
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*
pH	*substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)*
Kinematic Viscosity	9,677 mm2/sec
Water solubility	*No Data Available*
Solubility- non-water	*No Data Available*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Vapor Pressure	9,583 Pa [*Details:*at 20C]
Density	0.93 - 0.96 g/ml [*Details:*at 23C]
Relative Density	0.93 - 0.96 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Relative Vapor Density	*No Data Available*
Particle Characteristics	*Not Applicable*

9.2. Other information

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

EU Volatile Organic Compounds	*No Data Available*
Evaporation rate	*No Data Available*

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Heat
Direct sunlight

10.5. Incompatible materials
Strong acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from internal hazard assessments.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:
Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:
May be harmful if swallowed.
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:
Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000 mg/kg
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 8,050 mg/kg
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 34.5 mg/l
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,737 mg/kg
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Rabbit	Moderate irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Human and animal	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Human	Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 8.8 mg/l	during gestation
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not applicable
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1,080 mg/kg	not applicable

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	31 weeks
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Inhalation	liver | kidney and/or bladder | heart | endocrine system | gastrointestinal tract | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair | hematopoietic system | immune system | muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days

Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	7 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 173 mg/kg/day	90 days
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	Ingestion	auditory system | heart | endocrine system | hematopoietic system | liver | eyes | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days

Aspiration Hazard
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

11.2. Information on other hazards

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for human health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available

Material	CAS #	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test Endpoint	Test Result
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	Fathead Minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2,993 mg/l
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	ErC50	2,029 mg/l
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	308 mg/l
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	ErC10	1,289 mg/l
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	100 mg/l
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	LOEC	1,150 mg/l
2-Butenedioic acid (2E)-, polymer with chloroethene and ethenyl acetate	32650-26-3	N/A	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Activated sludge	Analogous Compound	3 hours	IC50	>100 mg/l
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Rainbow Trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	2 mg/l
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	1.8 mg/l

Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	>11 mg/l
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	4.2 mg/l
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.3 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	98 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed Bottle Test
2-Butenedioic acid (2E)-, polymer with chloroethene and ethenyl acetate	32650-26-3	Data not availbl-insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	5 %BOD/COD	OECD 301F - Manometric Respiro
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Experimental Hydrolysis		Hydrolytic half-life (pH 7)	117 hours (t 1/2)	OECD 111 Hydrolysis func of pH

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff	0.3	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method
2-Butenedioic acid (2E)-, polymer with chloroethene and ethenyl acetate	32650-26-3	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff	3.242	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method

12.4. Mobility in soil

Material	Cas No.	Test Type	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Modeled Mobility in Soil	Koc	450 l/kg	Episuite™

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be an endocrine disruptor for environmental effects

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective

regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

EU waste code (product as sold)

080409*	Waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
200127*	Paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transportation information

	Ground Transport (ADR)	Air Transport (IATA)	Marine Transport (IMDG)
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES	ADHESIVES	ADHESIVES
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Not Environmentally Hazardous	Not applicable	Not a Marine Pollutant
14.6 Special precautions for user	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.	Please refer to the other sections of the SDS for further information.
14.7 Marine Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Control Temperature	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Emergency Temperature	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
ADR Classification Code	F1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
IMDG Segregation Code	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	NONE

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional information on the transport/shipment of the material by rail (RID) or inland waterways (ADN).

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Classification	Regulation
Bisphenol A Diglycidyl Ether	1675-54-3	Gr. 3: Not classifiable	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Global inventory status
Contact 3M for more information.

DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU
Seveso hazard categories, Annex 1, Part 1

Hazard Categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS*	5000	50000

*If maintained at a temperature above its boiling point or if particular processing conditions, such as high pressure or high temperature, may create major-accident hazards, P5a or P5b FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS may apply

Seveso named dangerous substances, Annex 1, Part 2
None

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012
No chemicals listed

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information:
Section 08: Personal Protection - Skin/body information information was deleted.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

3M Israel SDSs are available at www.3M.com/il