

## Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the SS586 Specification for Hazard Communication for Hazardous Chemicals and Dangerous Goods.

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## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>™</sup> Scotch-Weld<sup>™</sup> Fuel Resistant Coating EC-776

**Product Identification Numbers** 

LC-B100-1065-4 62-0776-5530-6 62-0776-6530-5 62-0776-8530-3

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Fuel Resistant coating

### 1.3. Supplier's details

Address: 3M Technologies (S) Pte Ltd, 10 Ang Mo Kio Street 65, Singapore 569059

**Telephone:** +65 6450 8888 **Website:** www.3m.com.sg

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+65 6591 6601 (8.15am - 5.00pm, Monday - Friday)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable Liquid: Category 2.

Acute Toxicity (inhalation): Category 4. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1. Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 1.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1. Carcinogenicity: Category 1A. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 2. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3.

#### 2.2. Label elements

SIGNAL WORD

DANGER!

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#### **Symbols**

Flame | Corrosion | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

#### **Pictograms**









#### HAZARD STATEMENTS

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H350 May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child. H360 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336

May cause damage to organs: blood or blood-forming organs | cardiovascular system | H371

kidney/urinary tract | nervous system | respiratory system.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: blood or H373

blood-forming organs | cardiovascular system | kidney/urinary tract | liver |

respiratory system.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

**Prevention:** 

Obtain special instructions before use. P201

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. P210

No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, respiratory protection, eye protection, P280J

and face protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact P305 + P351 + P338

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P310

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. P333 + P313

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry P370 + P378

chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

- May cause chemical gastrointestinal burns.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

This material is a mixture.

Ingredient CAS Nbr	% by Wt
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Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	50 - 60
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	10 - 15
Phenolic Resin	9039-25-2	10 - 15
Ethanol	64-17-5	5 - 10
Butanone	78-93-3	5 - 10
Phenol	108-95-2	1 - 5
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	<= 0.99
Toluene	108-88-3	<= 0.99
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.5
Methanol	67-56-1	< 0.5
2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroquinone	79-74-3	< 0.1

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Get immediate medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin burns (localized redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, and tissue destruction). Allergic skin reaction (redness, swelling, blistering, and itching). Serious damage to the eyes (corneal cloudiness, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, and significantly impaired or loss of vision). Central nervous system depression (headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness). Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details. Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionHydrocarbons.During combustion.FormaldehydeDuring combustion.Carbon monoxide.During combustion.Carbon dioxide.During combustion.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Use personal protective equipment based on the results of an exposure assessment. Refer to Section 8 for PPE recommendations. If anticipated exposure resulting from an accidental release exceeds the protective capabilities of the PPE listed in Section 8, or are unknown, select PPE that offers an appropriate level of protection. Consider the physical and chemical hazards of the material when doing so. Examples of PPE ensembles for emergency response could include wearing bunker gear for a release of flammable material; wearing chemical protective clothing if the spilled material is a corrosive, a sensitizer, a significant dermal irritant, or can be absorbed through the skin; or donning a positive pressure supplied-air respirator for chemicals with inhalation hazards. For information regarding physical and health hazards, refer to sections 2 and 11 of the SDS.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire extinguishing foam that is resistant to polar solvents. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids.

Store away from oxidising agents.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm;STEL:75 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):205 mg/m3(50 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):307 mg/m3(75 ppm)	
Toluene	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcin, Ototoxicant
Toluene	108-88-3	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):188 mg/m3(50 ppm)	
Phenol	108-95-2	ACGIH	TWA:5 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcin, Danger of cutaneous absorption
Phenol	108-95-2	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):19 mg/m3(5 ppm)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):1030 mg/m3(300 ppm)	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	ACGIH	TWA:0.1 ppm;STEL:0.3 ppm	A1: Confirmed human carcin., Dermal/Respiratory Sensitizer
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Singapore PELs	STEL(15 minutes):0.37 mg/m3(0.3 ppm)	
Ethanol	64-17-5	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
Ethanol	64-17-5	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):1880 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Methanol	67-56-1	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:250 ppm	Danger of cutaneous absorption
Methanol	67-56-1	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):262 mg/m3(200 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):328 mg/m3(250 ppm)	
Butanone	78-93-3	ACGIH	TWA:75 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	Danger of cutaneous absorption
Butanone	78-93-3	Singapore PELs	TWA(8 hours):590 mg/m3(200 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):885 mg/m3(300 ppm)	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

 $Sing apore\ PELs: Sing apore.\ Workplace\ Safety\ and\ Health\ (Permissible\ Exposure\ Levels\ of\ Toxic\ Substances)\ Order$ 

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full face shield.

Indirect vented goggles.

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an Apron - polymer laminate

#### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for formaldehyde

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	Yellow	
Odor	Mild Solvent	
Odour threshold	No data available.	
pH	No data available.	
Melting point/Freezing point	No data available.	
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	79.4 °C [@ 101,325 Pa ] [ <i>Test Method</i> :Estimated]	
Flash point	10 °C [@ 101,325 Pa ] [Test Method:Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	2.7 [Ref Std:ETHER=1]	
Flammability	Flammable Liquid: Category 2.	
Flammable Limits(LEL)	1.8 % volume [@ 20 °C ] [Test Method: Estimated]	
Flammable Limits(UEL)	11.5 % volume [@ 20 °C ] [Test Method: Estimated]	
Vapour pressure	10,665.8 Pa [@ 20 °C ] [ <i>Test Method</i> :Estimated]	
Relative Vapor Density	2.5 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]	
Density	0.899 g/ml [@ 20 °C ]	
Relative density	0.899 [ <i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]	
Water solubility	Moderate	

Solubility- non-water	No data available.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.	
Autoignition temperature	448.9 °C [Test Method: Estimated]	
Decomposition temperature	No data available.	
Kinematic Viscosity	1,557 mm <sup>2</sup> /sec	
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	<=690 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]	
Percent volatile	<=77 %	
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	<=695 g/l [Test Method:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]	
Molecular weight	No data available.	

Particle Characteristics	Not applicable.	
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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Strong oxidising agents.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance** 

**Condition** 

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Harmful if inhaled. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Allergic Respiratory Reaction in sensitive people: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Skin contact

Corrosive (skin burns): Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, intense pain, blistering, ulceration, and tissue destruction. Allergic skin reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Eve contact

Corrosive (eye burns): Signs/symptoms may include cloudy appearance of the cornea, chemical burns, severe pain, tearing, ulcerations, significantly impaired vision or complete loss of vision.

#### Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal corrosion: Signs/symptoms may include severe mouth, throat and abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea; blood in the faeces and/or vomitus may also be seen. May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### Additional Health Effects:

## Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Cardiac effects: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), changes in heart rate, damage to heart muscle, heart attack, and may be fatal. Hematopoietic effects: Signs/symptoms may include generalised weakness, fatigue and alterations in numbers of circulating blood cells. Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness. Neurological effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate. Respiratory effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish coloured skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and respiratory failure. Kidney/Bladder effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination.

#### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Cardiac effects: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), changes in heart rate, damage to heart muscle, heart attack, and may be fatal. Hematopoietic effects: Signs/symptoms may include generalised weakness, fatigue and alterations in numbers of circulating blood cells. Liver effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice. Neurological effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate. Respiratory effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish coloured skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and respiratory failure. Kidney/Bladder effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination.

### **Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

#### Additional information:

This product contains ethanol. Alcoholic beverages and ethanol in alcoholic beverages have been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as carcinogenic to humans. There are also data associating human consumption of alcoholic beverages with developmental toxicity and liver toxicity. Exposure to ethanol during the foreseeable use of this product is not expected to cause cancer, developmental toxicity, or liver toxicity.

## Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity** 

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >10 - =20 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000 - =5,000 mg/kg
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 16,000 mg/kg
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 11 mg/l
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,038 mg/kg
Phenolic Resin	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Phenolic Resin	Inhalation- Dust/Mist		LC50 estimated to be > 12.5 mg/l
Phenolic Resin	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 30,000 mg/kg
Butanone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 8,050 mg/kg
Butanone	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 34.5 mg/l
Butanone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,737 mg/kg
Ethanol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,800 mg/kg
Ethanol	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 124.7 mg/l
Ethanol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 17,800 mg/kg
Phenol	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 2 - 10 mg/l
Phenol	Dermal	Rat	LD50 670 mg/kg
Phenol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 340 mg/kg
Toluene	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
Toluene	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Methanol	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 1,000 - 2,000 mg/kg
Methanol	Inhalation- Vapor		LC50 estimated to be 10 - 20 mg/l
Methanol	Ingestion	İ	LD50 estimated to be 50 - 300 mg/kg
Formaldehyde	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 270 mg/kg
Formaldehyde	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 470 ppm
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 800 mg/kg
2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroquinone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroquinone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,900 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Phenolic Resin	Professio	No significant irritation

	nal judgemen t	
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Butanone	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Ethanol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Phenol	Rat	Corrosive
Toluene	Rabbit	Irritant
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Methanol	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Formaldehyde	official	Corrosive
	classificat	
	ion	
2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroquinone	Rabbit	No significant irritation

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation** 

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Phenolic Resin	Professio nal judgemen t	Mild irritant
Acrylonitrile-Butadiene Polymer	Professio nal judgemen t	No significant irritation
Butanone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Ethanol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Phenol	Rabbit	Corrosive
Toluene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Methanol	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Formaldehyde	official classificat ion	Corrosive
2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroguinone	Rabbit	Mild irritant

## **Sensitization:**

## **Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Ethanol	Human	Not classified
Phenol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Toluene	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Methanol	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Formaldehyde	Guinea	Sensitising
	pig	
2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroquinone	Mouse	Sensitising

**Respiratory Sensitisation** 

Name	Species	Value
Formaldehyde	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

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**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Butanone	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Ethanol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Ethanol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phenol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phenol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Toluene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Formaldehyde	In vivo	Mutagenic
2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroquinone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroquinone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Carcinogenic.
Butanone	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic
Ethanol	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phenol	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Phenol	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Toluene	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Methanol	Inhalation	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
Formaldehyde	Not specified.	Human and animal	Carcinogenic.

## Reproductive Toxicity

Name Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 8.2 mg/l	2 generation
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL	13 weeks

				1,000 mg/kg/day	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 8.2 mg/l	2 generation
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 12.3 mg/l	during organogenesis
Butanone	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	LOAEL 8.8 mg/l	during gestation
Ethanol	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/l	during gestation
Ethanol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5,200 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 321 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 321 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Phenol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
Toluene	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Toluene	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation
Methanol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day	21 days
Methanol	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Mouse	LOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
Methanol	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	during organogenesis
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg	not applicable
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 10 ppm	during gestation
2,5-Di-tert-pentylhydroquinone	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 70 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

## Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	2 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	vascular system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL Not available	not available
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 900 mg/kg	not applicable
Butanone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	official classifica tion	NOAEL Not available	

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Butanone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Butanone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Butanone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not applicable
Butanone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1,080 mg/kg	not applicable
Ethanol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	LOAEL 9.4 mg/l	not available
Ethanol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	Not classified	Human and animal	NOAEL not available	
Ethanol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL not available	
Ethanol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg	
Phenol	Dermal	hematoppoitic system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 108 mg/kg	not available
Phenol	Dermal	heart   nervous system   kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 107 mg/kg	24 hours
Phenol	Dermal	liver	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
Phenol	Inhalation respiratory irritation May c		May cause respiratory irritation	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
Phenol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs	Rat	NOAEL 120 mg/kg/day	not applicable
Phenol	Ingestion	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Phenol	Ingestion	endocrine system   liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 224 mg/kg	not applicable
Phenol	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
Toluene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Methanol	Inhalation	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methanol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	not available
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 hours
Methanol	Ingestion	blindness	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse

Methanol	Ingestion	central nervous May cause drowsiness or system depression dizziness		Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory system			LOAEL 128	6 hours
					ppm	
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the	Human	NOAEL Not	
			data are not sufficient for		available	
			classification			

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.8 mg/l	2 weeks
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.4 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.1 mg/l	14 weeks
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	endocrine system   hematopoietic system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	90 days
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.41 mg/l	13 weeks
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Ingestion	heart   immune system   muscles   nervous system   respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,040 mg/kg/day	120 days
Butanone	Dermal	nervous system	Not classified	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	31 weeks
Butanone	Inhalation	liver   kidney and/or bladder   heart   endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   immune system   muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
Butanone	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL Not available	7 days
Butanone	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 173 mg/kg/day	90 days
Ethanol	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	LOAEL 124 mg/l	365 days
Ethanol	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/l	14 days
Ethanol	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 8,000 mg/kg/day	4 months
Ethanol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg/day	7 days
Phenol	Dermal	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rabbit	LOAEL 260 mg/kg/day	18 days

Phenol	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Guinea pig	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	41 days
		respiratory system	_			
Phenol	Inhalation	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Multiple animal species	LOAEL 0.1 mg/l	14 days
Phenol	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Phenol	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.1 mg/l	2 weeks
Phenol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 12 mg/kg/day	14 days
Phenol	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Mouse	LOAEL 1.8 mg/kg/day	28 days
Phenol	Ingestion	nervous system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 308 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Phenol	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 40 mg/kg/day	14 days
Phenol	Ingestion	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 40 mg/kg/day	14 days
Phenol	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.8	28 days
Phenol	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	mg/kg/day NOAEL 120	14 days
Phenol	Ingestion	skin   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Multiple animal species	mg/kg/day NOAEL 1,204 mg/kg/day	103 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	auditory system   nervous system   eyes   olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Toluene	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
Toluene	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
Toluene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
Toluene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   vascular system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Toluene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	heart	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
Toluene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
Toluene	Ingestion	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
Toluene	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1.7	90 days

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Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks
Methanol	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 6.55 mg/l	4 weeks
Methanol	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 13.1 mg/l	6 weeks
Methanol	Ingestion	liver   nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Formaldehyde	Dermal	respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 80 mg/kg/day	60 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	NOAEL 0.3	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20 ppm	13 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	hematopoietic	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 15	3 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	system nervous system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 10	13 weeks
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	endocrine system   immune system   muscles   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	ppm NOAEL 15 ppm	28 months
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	eyes   vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 14.3 ppm	2 years
Formaldehyde	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 14.3	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	24 months
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   respiratory system   vascular system	Not classified	Rat	mg/kg/day NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	2 years
Formaldehyde	Ingestion	skin   muscles   eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 109 mg/kg/day	2 years
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinone	Ingestion	endocrine system   gastrointestinal tract   liver   kidney and/or bladder   heart   skin   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   immune system   nervous system   eyes   respiratory system   vascular system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day	90 days

## **Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value		
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for		
	classification		
Toluene	Aspiration hazard		

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Cyclohexane Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

### 12.1. Toxicity

### Acute aquatic hazard:

GHS Acute 3: Harmful to aquatic life.

#### Chronic aquatic hazard:

GHS Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Nbr	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Methyl Isobutyl	108-10-1	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	400 mg/l
Ketone			1			
Methyl Isobutyl	108-10-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>200 mg/l
Ketone			1			
Methyl Isobutyl	108-10-1	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>179 mg/l
Ketone						
Methyl Isobutyl	108-10-1	Fathead minnow	Experimental	32 days	NOEC	56.2 mg/l
Ketone						
Methyl Isobutyl	108-10-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	78 mg/l
Ketone	ļ					
Methyl Isobutyl	108-10-1	Activated sludge	Experimental	30 minutes	EC50	>1,000
Ketone		27/1			27/1	
Acrylonitrile-	9003-18-3	N/A	Data not available	N/A	N/A	N/A
Butadiene Polymer			or insufficient for classification			
Phenolic Resin	9039-25-2	N/A	Data not available	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenone Resin	9039-23-2	IN/A	or insufficient for	N/A	IN/A	IN/A
			classification			
Ethanol	64-17-5	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	14,200 mg/l
Ethanol	64-17-5	Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	11,000 mg/l
Ethanol	64-17-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	275 mg/l
Ethanol	64-17-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	5,012 mg/l
Ethanol	64-17-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC10	11.5 mg/l
Ethanol	64-17-5	Water flea	Experimental	10 days	NOEC	9.6 mg/l
Butanone	78-93-3	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2,993 mg/l
Butanone	78-93-3	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	ErC50	2,029 mg/l
Butanone	78-93-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	308 mg/l
Butanone	78-93-3	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	ErC10	1,289 mg/l
Butanone	78-93-3	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	100 mg/l
Butanone	78-93-3	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	LOEC	1,150 mg/l
Phenol	108-95-2	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	IC50	21 mg/l
Phenol	108-95-2	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	61.1 mg/l
Phenol	108-95-2	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	8.9 mg/l
Phenol	108-95-2	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.1 mg/l
Phenol	108-95-2	Fish	Experimental	60 days	NOEC	0.077 mg/l
Phenol	108-95-2	Water flea	Experimental	16 days	NOEC	0.16 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l

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Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	IC50	97 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.5 mg/l
		<del>-</del>				
Toluene	108-88-3	Grass Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	9.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	12.5 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Leopard frog	Experimental	9 days	LC50	0.39 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Pink Salmon	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	6.41 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	3.78 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Coho Salmon	Experimental	40 days	NOEC	1.39 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	10 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	NOEC	0.74 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Activated sludge	Experimental	12 hours	IC50	292 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	16 hours	NOEC	29 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Bacteria	Experimental	24 hours	EC50	84 mg/l
Toluene	108-88-3	Redworm	Experimental	28 days	LC50	>150 mg per kg of bodyweight
Toluene	108-88-3	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	<26 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	4.89 mg/l
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Striped bass	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	6.7 mg/l
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	5.8 mg/l
	50-00-0	-	<del>-</del>	28 days		5.8 mg/l  >=48 mg/l
Formaldehyde		Medaka	Experimental		NOEC	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	>=6.4 mg/l
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	19
Methanol	67-56-1	Algae or other aquatic plants	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	16.9 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Bay mussel	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	15,900 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	15,400 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	ErC50	22,000 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Sediment organism		96 hours	LC50	54,890 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	3,289 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Green algae	Experimental	96 hours	NOEC	9.96 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Medaka	Experimental	8.33 days	NOEC	158,000 mg/l
Methanol		Water flea		21 days		
	67-56-1		Experimental		NOEC	122 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	IC50	>1,000 mg/l
Methanol	67-56-1	Barley	Experimental	14 days	EC50	15,492 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
Methanol	67-56-1	Redworm	Experimental	63 days	EC50	26,646 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
Methanol	67-56-1	Springtail	Experimental	28 days	EC50	5,683 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon	79-74-3	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	0.013 mg/l
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon	79-74-3	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	ErC50	0.246 mg/l
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	LC50	0.91 mg/l
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Fathead minnow	Experimental	28 days	NOEC	0.0032 mg/l
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.049 mg/l
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	0.011 mg/l
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Activated sludge	Experimental	3 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Onion	Experimental	21 days	EC50	7.95 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Redworm	Experimental	56 days	NOEC	1.7 mg/kg (Dry Weight)
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon	79-74-3	Soil microbes	Experimental	28 days	EC50	>1,000 mg/kg (Dry Weight)

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## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	83 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	2.3 days (t 1/2)	
Acrylonitrile- Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenolic Resin	9039-25-2	Data not available- insufficient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol	64-17-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	89 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Butanone	78-93-3	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	98 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Phenol	108-95-2	Experimental Biodegradation	100 hours	BOD	62 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	77 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	4.3 days (t 1/2)	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Biodegradation	20 days	BOD	80 %BOD/ThOD	APHA Std Meth Water/Wastewater
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Photolysis		(in air)	5.2 days (t 1/2)	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Dissolv. Organic Carbon Deplet	99 %removal of DOC	OECD 301A - DOC Die Away Test
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Experimental Biodegradation	160 days	BOD	99.5 %BOD/COD	OECD 303A - Simulated Aerobic
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Biodegradation	3 days	Percent degraded	91 %degraded	
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	BOD	92 %BOD/ThOD	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	35 days (t 1/2)	
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Soil Metabolism Aerobic	5 days	CO2 evolution	53.4 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Experimental Aquatic Inherent Biodegrad.	38 days	CO2 evolution	1 %CO2 evolution/THCO2 evolution	similar to OECD 301B
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Experimental Biodegradation		Half-life (t 1/2)	4 days (t 1/2)	

## 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	1.9	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method
Acrylonitrile- Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phenolic Resin	9039-25-2	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol	64-17-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-0.35	

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Butanone	78-93-3	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.3	OECD 117 log Kow HPLC method
Phenol	108-95-2	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	1.47	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental BCF - Fish	56 days	Bioaccumulation factor	129	OECD305-Bioconcentration
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	3.44	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental BCF - Other	72 hours	Bioaccumulation factor	90	
Toluene	108-88-3	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	2.73	
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	0.35	
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental BCF - Fish	3 days	Bioaccumulation factor	<4.5	
Methanol	67-56-1	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	-0.77	
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Modeled Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	44	Catalogic <sup>TM</sup>
2,5-Di-tert- pentylhydroquinon e	79-74-3	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log Kow	5.1	EC A.23 Part. Coeff Slow- Stir

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

#### **International Regulations**

**UN No.:** UN1263

**UN Proper shipping name: PAINTS** 

**Transportation Class (IMO):** 3-3 Flammable liquid **Transportation Class (IATA):** 3-3 Flammable liquid

Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions (IMO): None assigned Other Dangerous Goods Descriptions (IATA): None assigned

Packing Group: II

Marine pollutant: None assigned

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korea Chemical Control Act. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Japan Chemical Substance Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

### This product may contain component(s) that are regulated by the following:

Workplace Safety and Health Act & Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: this product is subject to SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Regulations: This product is subject to the requirements in the Regulations Sewerage & Drainage Act and Sewerage and Drainage (Trade Effluent) Regulations: This product is subject to the requirements in the act/regulation.

Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations: This product is subject to the requirements in the Regulations

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

3M Singapore SDSs are available at www.3m.com.sg

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